The New-York Times.

VOL. XV.....NO. 4445. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1865. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

HOOFLAND'S BITTERS.

THE GREAT STRENGTHENING TONIC,

(Not a Whisky Preparation,)

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS,

WILL CURE

DEBILITY! DEBILITY!

Resulting from any cause whatever.

PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM,

INDUCED BY

SEVERE HARDSHIPS,

EXPOSURE,

FEVERS,

OR

DISEASES OF CAMP LIFE.

SOLDIERS, CITIZENS,

MALE OR FEMALE,

ADULT OR YOUTH,

WILL FIND IN THIS BITTERS

A Pure Tonic, not dependent on bad liquors for their almost miraculous effects.

DYSPEPSIA.

AND DISEASES RESULTING FROM DISORDERS

OF THE LIVER AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS,

ARE CURED BY

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

This Bitters has

PERFORMED MORE CURES,

GIVES BETTER SATISFACTION,

HAS MORE TESTIMONY,

than any other three more respectable people to vouch for it, than any other article in the market.

We defy any one to contradict this assertion, and

WILL PAY $1,000

for any one who will produce a certificate published by us that is not genuine.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

WILL CURE EVERY CASE OF

CHRONIC OR NERVOUS DEBILITY,

DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS,

AND DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED

STOMACH.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from disorder of the digestive organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imagings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

REMEMBER

THAT THIS BITTERS IS NOT ALCOHOLIC.

CONTAINS NO RUM OR WHISKY,

AND CANNOT MAKE DRUNKARDS,

BUT IS THE BEST TONIC IN THE WORLD.

READ WHO SAYS SO.

From Rev. Levi G. Beck, Pastor of the Baptist Church, Cornerton, N. J., formerly of the North Baptist Church, Philadelphia, at present Pastor of the Baptist Church, Chester, Penn.:

* * * * * * *

I have known Hoofland's German Bitters favorably for a number of years. I have used them in my own family, and have been so pleased with the result, that I was induced to recommend them to many others, and knew that they have operated in a strikingly beneficial manner. I take great pleasure in thus publicly proclaiming the fact, and calling the attention of those afflicted with the diseases for which they are recommended, to these bitters, knowing from experience that my recommendation will be sustained. I do this cheerfully, as Hoofland's Bitters is intended to benefit the afflicted, and is "not a rum drink."

Yours, truly, LEVI G. BECK.

From Rev. W. D. Senffried, Pastor of Twelfth Baptist Church, Philadelphia:

GENTLEMEN: I have recently been laboring under the distressing effects of indigestion, accompanied by a prostration of the nervous system. Numerous remedies were recommended by friends, and some tested, but all without relief. Your Hoofland's German Bitters were recommended by persons who had tried them, and whose favorable mention induced me to try them. I must confess that I had an aversion to Patent Medicines, from the "thousand and one" quack "bitters," whose only aim seems to be to palm off sweetened drugged liquor upon the community in a sly way, and the tendency of which, I fear, is to make many a confirmed drunkard. Upon learning that yours was really a medicinal preparation, I took it, with happy effects. Its action, not only upon the stomach, but upon the nervous system, was prompt and gratifying. I feel that I have derived great and permanent benefit from the use of a few bottles. I am very respectfully yours,

W. D. SEIGFRIED, No. 254 Shackamaxon-st.

From A. M. Spangler, Editor of the Cultivator, No. 26 North 6th-st.:

PHILADELPHIA, July 15, 1865.

Some eighteen months since I was a severe sufferer from dyspepsia. I was not only unable to take plain food without suffering great distress, but had become so debilitated as to be almost unfitted for active business of any kind.

After trying a variety of so-called remedies, all of which proved worthless, I was induced, at the suggestion of a medical friend, to give Hoofland's German Bitters a trial. Accordingly I purchased six bottles, which were taken in accordance with your directions.

The result was complete removal of all distressing symptoms, after eating or drinking, and a full restoration of strength, so that I now eat all ordinary kinds of food with impunity, and am able to attend to all the active duties of a large and arduous business as well as at any period of my life. The good effects of the bitters were manifested before I had taken the first bottle.

I have also used it in my family with the happiest results, and take great pleasure in adding my testimony to that of the many others who have been benefited by them. I find great benefit from the use of a bottle in the Spring and Fall. They not only create a vigorous appetite, but give a healthy tone to the stomach, by strengthening its digestive powers.

If the above testimony will be the means of inducing any who suffer from dyspepsia to give your bitters a trial, such as I feel confident, will give them relief, it is at your service. Yours truly,

A. M. SPANGLER.

From Rev. E. D. Fendall, Assistant Editor of the Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a safe and valuable tonic to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver.

Yours truly, E. D. FENDALL.

From Rev. D. Merrige, Pastor of the Pennypack Baptist Church, Philadelphia.

From the many respectable recommendations given to Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I was induced to give them a trial. After using several bottles I found them to be a good remedy for debility, and a most excellent tonic for the stomach. D. MERRIGE.

From Rev. Wm. Smith, formerly Pastor of the Throntown and Millerstown, Pa., Baptist Church, and now of Philadelphia.

Having used in my family a number of bottles of your Hoofland's German Bitters, I have to say that I regard them as an excellent medicine, especially adapted to remove the diseases they are recommended for. They strengthen and invigorate the system when debilitated, and are useful in disorders of the liver, loss of appetite, &c. I have also recommended them to several of my friends, who have tried them and found them greatly beneficial in the restoration of health.

WILLIAM SMITH,

No. 50 Hutchinson-st.

From Rev. Thos. Winter, D. D., Pastor of Roxborough Baptist Church:

DEAR SIR: I feel it due to your excellent preparation, Hoofland's German Bitters, to add my testimony to the deserved reputation it has obtained. I have for years at times, been troubled with great disorder in my head and nervous system. I was advised by a friend to try a bottle of your German Bitters. I did so, and have experienced great and unexpected relief; my health has been very materially benefited. I confidently recommend the article where I meet with cases similar to my own, and have been assured by many of their good effects.

Respectfully yours,

T. WINTER, Roxborough, Penn.

From Rev. J. S. Herman, of the German Reformed Church, Kutztown, Berks County, Penn.

RESPECTED SIR: I have been troubled with dyspepsia nearly twenty years, and have never used any medicine that did me so much good as Hoofland's Bitters. I am very much improved in health after having taken five bottles. Yours with respect, J. S. HERMAN.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle.

PRICE.

Single bottle $1, or a half-dozen for $5.

Should your nearest druggists not have the article do not be put off by any of the intoxicating preparations that may be offered in its place, but send to us and we will forward, securely packed by express.

Principal Office and Manufactory,

NO. 631 ARCH-ST.,

Philadelphia, Penn.

JONES & EVANS,

(Successors to C. M. Jackson & Co.)

Proprietors.

For sale by druggists and dealers in every town in the United States.

H. T. HELMBOLD'S

DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 BROADWAY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEPOT, NEW-YORK.

AFFAIRS IN THE SOUTH

Doings of the Virginia Legislature.

Propositions with Regard to Negro Testimony.

Search After Extra Billy Smith's Gold.

THE ADOPTION OF A NEW STAY LAW.

A Demand for the Restoration of Habeas Corpus.

Strong Desire in the South for War with Europe.

From Our Own Correspondent.

RICHMOND, Va., Tuesday, Dec. 19, 1865.

In the Senate to-day the usual business hours were consumed by debate on the proposition to repeal all the statutes enacted relative to the blacks in the State, some of which impose restrictions not only on slaves, but on free colored men. An amendment was introduced allowing negroes to testify only in cases wherein they are interested, and finally the whole subject was referred to the Committee on Courts of Justice.

The House of Delegates had under consideration the Stay Law. The bill originally presented is sweeping in its provisions, and will attract considerable attention and draw forth lengthy debates, consuming considerable time. It was thought proper, therefore, to pass a law on the subject of a temporary nature, as the demand for the act is immediate. Accordingly an act was introduced and passed, summarily staying all proceedings in the courts of the State against debtors, to take effect on and after the first of January next. The original bill was then referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A proposition for a State Convention to amend the present Constitution of this State is being agitated here, and seems to find favor with quite a number of the members of the Legislature. The friends of the movement urge that the constitution is defective in its present form, and has been rendered so by the radical changes effected during the past year. While those who oppose it admit the force of this argument, they maintain that in the present anomalous condition of the State, with military power reigning almost supreme, and no representation in Congress, a convention could not act free from outside influences, and would not fairly express the wishes of the people. For this reason they hope that no convention will be called until after the convening of the next (fortieth) Congress, or at least until after the admission of Virginia's Congressmen to their respective seats in Congress.

I find that a growing sentiment exists here in favor of new franchise laws, from which the State convention proposition probably originated. It is the theory of many Virginia statesmen that the war has demonstrated the fact that we have had too many voters, and it is therefore proposed to restrict the privilege by adding to the present qualifications of voters those of reading and writing the English language, and the possession of a certain amount of property. There are a few of the friends of this proposition who are willing to include the blacks, and they argue that by so doing they will assume a position to disarm "Northern fanaticism," while only a few freedmen can qualify themselves, and those who can will, from their very nature, be "the most conservative of conservatives."

The question of negro testimony is being pressed on the public here by the newspapers of this city, and of course it attracts great attention. The fact that other Southern States have already acted on this subject, and thus placed themselves ahead of "the Old Dominion" in complying with this important part of the President's reconstruction requirements, has undoubtedly something to do with the reviving of this matter at this time, as well as the non-admission of the Virginia members. It is argued that to make the negroes competent as witnesses, is merely to give them the privilege of being heard, and that the jury must decide as to credibility; but the most effective reason for admitting negro testimony in the courts of the State is the fact that President JOHNSON has so warmly approved of similar action in other States. There is no doubt but that the Legislature will move in the premises, soon after the holidays, if not before.

Newspapers abound in Richmond, or rather, Richmond abounds in newspapers, and it is a mystery to a stranger how they are supported, for there are seven dailies and several weeklies. There does not seem to be much diversity of opinion expressed by them at present, but on the contrary, they harmoniously accord on subjects of importance, and on the whole, are more conservative in their tone than they were a few months since. The *Examiner*, *Whig*, *Enquirer*, *Dispatch* and *Sentinel* have been revived from the débris of the Confederacy, and the first-mentioned promises to take a position as important now as that it occupied during the Davis *regime*. The *Whig* has departed from its old cumbersome style, editorially, and is now a sprightly and energetic news sheet; very bitter against radicalism, however. The *Republic*, which has had the patronage of the General Government, is of recent growth, but has undoubtedly got a firm stand, as it deserves, being a sound loyal sheet.

The political reconstruction of this section, although tardy, does not delay the physical rebuilding of the City of Richmond. The "burnt district" is fast disappearing, its ruins being cleared away and replaced by new structures, some of which compare favorably with the finest buildings on Broadway. Adopting the economy of New-York City, many of these new buildings are being constructed with two or three stories under ground, and all of them are of a more substantial and costly style than originally. Quite a number of temporary wooden buildings have been erected; but these intended for permanent use are nearly all fire-proof. So urgent is the demand for the completion of these buildings that the workmen are engaged on some of them constantly, without regard to the weather, even when it is cold enough to freeze, instead of drying, the mortar. This, of course, will render the edifice a little shaky, but the force of circumstances seems to warrant it. The great fire will, in the future, be acknowledged as one of JEFF. DAVIS' few truthful "blessings in disguise;" for, although it has ruined some, and nearly ruined others, it has knocked old business connections in the head, and established many new commercial relations, based on energy and activity, which, of course, are bound to succeed; and thereby a new impetus has been given to every branch of trade.

The operations of the Freedmen's Bureau here, are, perhaps, more extensive than in any other of the Southern States, for its officers have a larger amount of abandoned property on hand. I am told that although 40,000 acres have been restored to the original owners, nearly 60,000 yet remain in the possession of the bureau. This statement does not include city property, a great deal of which fell into the temporary custody of the government in Norfolk and Portsmouth. In Richmond, however, the bureau has but little property, for the reason that but few families abandoned their homes at the capture of the place. A large number of Veteran Reserve Corps officers, recently assigned to the Freedmen's Bureau, have reported here and been sent to take charge of counties in different sections of the State. I believe that it is intended to have one officer in each county, whose duty it is to adjudicate in the cases of complaints in which freedmen are interested parties. The distribution of these officers is, very naturally, not favorably received by the inhabitants, and is said to be conducive to alteration of opinions on the subject of admitting negroes to the witness-stand. E. P. B.

Extra Billy Smith's Distribution of Gold—The Virginia Legislature Denounces him as a Usurper—Passage of a New Stay Law—Demand for the Release of Davis and Restoration of Habeas Corpus—The Election of State Officers—Organization of a New Union Party—Desire for a Foreign War.

From Our Own Correspondent.

RICHMOND, Va., Wednesday, Dec. 20, 1865.

The readers of the TIMES will recollect that a short time since an account was published of the distribution, by Extra Billy SMITH, of $21,000 in gold and silver coin. It was stated, and has since been proven to be true, that, anticipating the evacuation of Richmond, and the entire occupation of the State by the national forces, the rebel Gov. SMITH drew from the Exchange Bank of Richmond the above-mentioned sum, and parceled it out among his friends, staunch and true. The House of Delegates appointed a committee to investigate the affair, and to-day a report on the subject was received. The committee were instructed by resolution to report whether the funds were in the hands of the proper authorities, and whether, if they were not, if any legislation was necessary to legalize any distribution that might have been made. From the report it seems that the money was originally borrowed by "the usurped and pretended government at Richmond," as the Alexandria Constitution of the State calls the rebel organization, from the Bank of the Commonwealth, in March, 1865. The loan was apparently voluntary, but in reality was "compulsory." This bank not being an authorized depository of the State, the money was transferred to the Exchange Bank, from which it was drawn on an order dated April 1. (Query—Did Extra Billy then know that Richmond was gone up?) As the money belonged to the usurping organization, the committee argue that by right of conquest it belongs properly to the United States. To use their own words, "the present government, representing the State of Virginia, cannot assert any claim to this money by right of conquest, for all the rights of conquest, whatever they be, belong to the United States. This government is the continuation of the rightful government which existed prior to the ordinance of secession," and does not succeed the usurping power. Its constitution provides that it shall not provide by law for the payment of debts contracted by the assumed organization of rebellious power, and, therefore, it cannot take charge of money obtained by such debts, unless perhaps by estoppel, which would only prove effective in case the funds were found in the State Treasury at the time the rightful government took possession of the capitol and offices at Richmond. The committee find, however, that the distribution was "not justified by law nor excused by the circumstances," and recommend that no action be taken in the premises by the Legislature, although, in their opinion, the Exchange Bank has a right to sue the parties to whom the money was given, and declare the whole subject as one fit for judicial action.

The report of the committee is lengthy and verbose, but the gist of it is given above, and will be seen to assert in a new form the demands of this State to be recognized as a legal organization under the Constitution of the United States. The report is considered by many as a masterly argument in this particular.

The Senate repealed the Stay Law which was passed yesterday in the following form:

A BILL STAYING THE COLLECTION OF DEBTS FOR A LIMITED PERIOD.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia, That no execution, *venditioni exponas*, attachment or other process to compel the payment of money, or the sale of property for that purpose shall be issued, or if heretofore issued, shall be proceeded with, and that no judgment, decree or order for the payment of money, rendered or made during the period that this act is in force shall operate as a lien upon any estate held or owned, or any interest on such estate by the person or persons against whom such judgment, decree or order may be rendered or made. Nor shall there be any sale under a deed of trust, mortgage, pledge, or other security, nor under any judgment, decree or order for the payment of any money, while this act remains in force, unless by consent of parties; provided, that no part of this act shall apply to the Cities of Norfolk and Portsmouth, nor the Counties of Accomac, Northampton, Norfolk and Princess Anne; but this act, entitled "an act staying the collection of debts," passed Jan. 23, 1864, and the amendment thereof, passed June 23, 1865, shall remain in force so far as the said cities and counties are concerned, with the exception that sales of property may take place, under the judgment and decree of court, in cases where the collection of debts is not the object of such sales.

2. If any execution shall have been levied before the passage of this act, the property levied on shall be restored to the defendant, but shall remain subject to the lien of the execution aforesaid.

3. This act shall be in force from its passage, and shall so continue during the present session of this General Assembly, unless sooner altered, amended or repealed.

After its repeal it was amended, passed, and sent to the House for concurrent action. The amendment merely provides that the operations of the law shall not affect debts or obligations contracted since the 2d of April. I have thought proper to give it in full, because a large number of New-Yorkers are particularly interested in this subject, as they have debtors scattered throughout the whole State. It should be understood, from the third section of the act, that the law is temporary in its provisions, and merely intended as a relief against the demands of creditors for the present. After the holidays another and more complete law on the subject will be passed.

The Senate concurred in the House resolution authorizing the purchase of arms for the "Public Guard," which is stationed at the State Penitentiary.

Senator DULANY, from the special committee on the subject, presented the following report, which was adopted by the Senate and at the same time by the House:

The joint committee to whom was referred the joint resolution in reference to the pardon of JEFFERSON DAVIS and all other political prisoners, and the restoration of the writ of *habeas corpus*, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to submit the following preamble and resolutions as the result of their labors:

Whereas, It is desired that the Union of these States should be speedily consummated, and as a peace now prevails within our entire limits and with all foreign Powers, it should be the great object of the American people to restore good will and public confidence in the full restoration of the State and Federal Governments to a recognized constitutional basis of reciprocal dependence under legal guarantees; and believing, as we do, that the only legitimate object of war is peace; and *whereas*, the recent civil war, so unfortunate in its conception and so disastrous in its results, was the consequence of our evil passions and sectional strife, yet we rejoice that the constitution of our fathers still remains intact, and is now our sure security against sectional strifes and passions; and believing that a reunion upon any other basis than the constitution would be productive of like consequences and results with them through which we have just passed, and as Virginia now recognizes in good faith all her constitutional obligations and submits to all the results of the late conflict; and believing, as she does, that the surest guarantee of public quiet and national stability is mutual confidence between the people, State and Federal Governments, and that the most reliable guarantee of future harmony will be the generous forbearance of the conquering party to those States and individuals lately in opposition to them; therefore,

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of Virginia, That, as a means of restoring public confidence and reinstating a proper feeling of amity between the several States and the people thereof, we most respectfully recommend to His Excellency, ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, to release from confinement JEFFERSON DAVIS, and to restore to him his civil rights, as a testimonial to the world of the magnanimity, forbearance and sagacious wisdom of a great republic based on the enlightened freedom of independent States and cemented by the compact of its illustrious founders. That we further recommend the release of all political prisoners, the restoration of the writ of *habeas corpus*, not only as a solid guarantee of restored peace, but as permitting the States to stand reunited, looking to the constitution created by our fathers for their protection and safety, with the renewed assurance that Virginia will enter with mutual confidence and reciprocal good faith with her sister States upon her duties under the constitution enacted and sustained by the spirit and teachings of her illustrious son, GEORGE WASHINGTON.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Gov. PEIRPOINT some time since appointed officers to fill vacancies which had occurred by the resignation of three of the commonwealth officers, and now, in compliance with the law provided in such cases, the Legislature has set apart the 15th of January as the day on which these appointments shall be ratified by regular election, or new men chosen to fill their places. As the Legislature itself is the elective body, the canvass is confined mostly to its members; and as the day approaches, the interest manifested by the public materially increases. The contest will be between the Conservatives and the Disloyalists, the former seeking for the election of the present incumbents, or other men equally pure as to their Union sentiments, and the latter striving for the reinstatement of the men who were elected with LETCHER, and were in office at the time of the fall of the rebellion. Early in the session it was thought that the *Le(t)cherous* rebels were in the ascendancy, but from recent indications it is quite probable that they will be defeated. The election of Gov. PEIRPOINT'S appointees is greatly desired by his friends, as an indorsement of his conservative policy, and would most assuredly be conducive to the strengthening of the germ Unionism which clearly shows itself even in "pride-driven Virginia;" but the great object to be obtained is the defeat of the candidates of the rebel war party. To this end all of the Conservatives will combine, and it may therefore become necessary to take up new men.

The gentlemen whose political heads are in danger are WM. F. TAYLOR, Auditor of Public Accounts; CHAS. F. LEWIS, Secretary of the Commonwealth, and FRANCIS F. SMITH, Treasurer. No fault is found with any of them on account of their policy in conducting the affairs of their respective offices, and they are considered competent and worthy gentlemen. Secretary LEWIS was, I believe, once elected by the Alexandria Legislature.

It is the generally accepted opinion of Northerners that but one party exists in the South of any formidable size; and that that party is, if not disloyal, very near it. The apparent unanimity with which the Southern people act in matters pertaining to the rebellion undoubtedly justify this opinion; but when one comes to close investigation in the premises, it is readily perceived that two parties are assuming outward form and shape, and will soon place themselves in earnest rivalry for the ascendancy; and I do not hesitate to predict that a thorough, uncompromising Union party will eventually rule the "Old Dominion." The facts in the case are, that the original Union men in Virginia are slowly, but surely, and perhaps unwittingly, organizing then selves into opposition against the original Secessionists who led them with hot haste into the rebellion. It is merely human nature that they should do so, and under careful guidance and fostering care, they can be led to take a stand in our national politics which would astonish them if bluntly proposed now.

It is not necessary to recite the circumstances which led Union men of the South into the war. Suffice it to say that the surroundings were of such a nature that but few of them, high or low, could withstand the influence. Many yielded reluctantly, and others were forced by the enthusiasm of the original Secessionists into a half belief that the Southern cause was a righteous one, and fought, as men have fought before, against their honest convictions. These men are, of course, fully aware that they have committed the crime of treason, and very naturally, although earnestly repentant, they are sore when it is charged upon them, and are most anxious to cover it up. With this object in view, they have, in many instances, acted with the thoroughly disloyalists in their efforts to make the rebellion and rebels comparatively respectable.

However, they are gradually weaning themselves from such associations, and will soon be open in their dislike to the apparently dominant party now. When we consider the fact that to the mind of every thinking man the failure of the Confederacy was apparent two years before its armies were whipped, and that the semblance of a government was merely kept up by the "bomb proof" rebel leaders during that time, it is natural to infer that some one will be held responsible, and that when the responsibility is fixed on any class of men, they will be effectually killed. Maimed-legged and disabled soldiers will eventually learn to lay their physical afflictions at the door of the original Secessionists, and they will array themselves with the Union party. It is only necessary that the government should deal honestly and justly with the leading criminals, and nurse this bud of revolution in sentiment, to have it bloom in unquestionable Republicanism.

The Virginia Legislature, now in session, furnishes conclusive proof of this theory, and the rebels, knowing it, denounce the majority of its members as "weak-backed." They may privately mourn honesty and fear for the release of JEFF. DAVIS, yet I do not think they will be actuated by disloyal motives, but merely with a selfish desire to make their own participancy in the rebellion less odious, and some will give their voice to the petition hoping that it will be disregarded.

Notwithstanding the distressed condition of this section financially, there is a generally expressed wish that our government should become embroiled in a foreign war. This wish finds its origin with a certain class, in the heartfelt longing for an opportunity to vent out the disgrace now attached to them on account of their treason. They are most of them civil and high offices in the Confederate army who would willingly enlist as privates under the "old flag," in case of a war with France or England. While hesitating to acknowledge it publicly, a majority of the people of the South feel the disgrace which attaches itself to the name of rebel, or bitterly regret their folly in winning for themselves that of traitor. To free themselves from this imputation and to put themselves again on a level with their Northern brethren, they are willing to do almost anything. "If we get up a Mexican war," said a prominent official to me last evening, Gen. LEE will almost be willing to go as a Lieutenant, and Jo. JOHNSTON would serve under him as a Sergeant." E. P. B.

ACCIDENT ON THE HUDSON AND BOSTON RAILROAD.

A Car Tumbles Thirty-three Feet Down an Embankment—One Man Killed—Several Severely Injured.

On Monday, last as the passenger train on the Hudson and Boston Railroad, which left Hudson at 2:45 P. M. on that day, reached Blue Hill, one mile east of Chatham Four Corners, it met with an accident by which EDWARD BLINN, the baggage-master, was killed, and several others severely injured. At the time the accident occurred the train was crossing an embankment where there is a declivity on one side of 100 feet and on the other of 35 feet. The rear passenger car of the train, from some unknown cause, became detached and was thrown from the track down the 35 feet embankment. The baggage-master was at the brakes at the time the car went over. Among those severely injured were WM. RUSSEL, road master; Mr. FLINT, conductor; a lady, and several others. Coroner VOSBURGH, of Hudson, held an inquest on the body of BLINN on Tuesday, the jury rendering a verdict in accordance with the above facts.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Proceedings of the California Legislature—Pacific Railroad Excursion.

SAN FRANCISCO, Thursday, Dec. 21.

The Pacific Railroad Land Grant Bill passed the Senate to-day.

The Legislative excursion to Colfax, on the Pacific Railroad, took place to-day. The road was found in splendid condition.

FRANK PIXLEY has bought for the Yuba Railroad the California Central Railroad and its rolling stock for $78,560.

Legal-tenders are quoted at 66@. Mining Stocks firm; Savage, $880; Ophir, $1088; Chollar Potosi, $141 50; Yellow Jacket, $455; Imperial, $108.

Arrived, ship *Ladoga*, WILLAY, New-York.

Spoken Dec. 8, latitude 38 20 north, longitude 184 28 west, bark *Hallett*, from New-York for this port, 146 days out.

Cases Before the Court of Appeals.

ALBANY, Friday, Dec. 22.

In the case of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad Company against ROBERT SCHUYLER and others, the Court of Appeals has rendered the following decision: Judgments in all cases against plaintiffs affirmed, with costs, and general judgments in favor of plaintiffs affirmed, with costs; judgments in favor of plaintiffs against KETCHUM & BENNETT reversed and new trial ordered, the costs to abide the event. In the case of GEORGE E. GORDON, convicted of the murder of OWEN THOMPSON, a New-York cattle-dealer, a new trial has been ordered.

Schuyler Colfax at Newark.

NEWARK, N. J., Friday, Dec. 22.

The Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX delivered his lecture, "Across the Continent," to a brilliant audience, in the Central Presbyterian Church, this evening. He was introduced by Hon. MARCUS L. WARD, the Governor-elect. The lecture was greeted with great applause. After the lecture, quite a number of our prominent citizens were introduced to him at the residence of Mr. WARD.

Robbery of the Sanitary Commission Safe.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, Dec. 22.

The safe at the Sanitary Commission was found robbed this morning of $6,450 in United States bonds, the property of JOHN W. WILSON, Chief Clerk. The following are the numbers of the 5-20 bonds: Of $500 each, Nos. 22,960, 3,558, 3,559, 3,560, 3,561, 3,562, 3,563 and 3,564; of $100, Nos. 6,914, 32,771, 56,818, 56,819; and of $50 No. 8,389; 7.30s, each for $500, Nos. 35,903, 35,906, 125,433 and 127,476.

THE DISASTERS BY THE GALE.

Later Reports from Sandy Hook.

SANDY HOOK, Friday, Dec. 22—8 o'clock A. M.

The vessels ashore here are in the same position that they were yesterday. Wreckers are alongside of them.

Wind west-northwest, and moderate. Weather clear.

SANDY HOOK, Friday, Dec. 22—10:5 A. M.

The brig *John Airles*, that was ashore on the Horseshoe, has been got off, and is now in tow of the Coast Wrecking Company's steamer *Columbian*, going up to the city.

SANDY HOOK, Friday, Dec. 22—10:15 A. M.

There are no further tidings from the brig *Prosper* as yet. The wreckers are at work upon her.

QUARANTINE, Friday, Dec. 22.

The bark *Enrique*, before reported ashore on Fort Lafayette, is now going up to the city in tow.

MASSACHUSETTS AND THE WAR.

Formal Reception of Battle-Flags Captured by Massachusetts Troops—Speech in Reply by Gov. Andrew.

BOSTON, Friday, Dec. 22.

The formal reception of the battle-flags of Massachusetts regiments to-day was the occasion of a very imposing and interesting military display. There were about 3,000 veteran officers and men in the marching column, representing sixty regiments and batties, and displaying some 250 battle-torn flags. All along the route of the procession these veterans and their banners were greeted in the most enthusiastic manner.

On reaching the State-house, the color-bearers advanced in front, forming on the steps of the Capitol, while the regiments filed into the grounds on either side. The whole space was filled up, and with the crowd outside the grounds and in the streets, and the spectators on the balcony and at the windows of the State-house and the neighboring dwellings, formed one of the most striking scenes ever exhibited in this city. After the artillery salute, the waving of all the banners and the cheers having subsided, prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. LATHROP. Major-Gen. COUCH, on behalf of the Massachusetts Volunteers, then presented the colors to the keeping of the Commonwealth in a brief and appropriate address, to which Gov. ANDREW responded, as follows:

GENERAL: This pageant, so full of pathos and of glory, forms the concluding scene in the long series of visible actions and events, in which Massachusetts has borne a part, for the overthrow of the rebellion and the vindication of the Union. The banners return to the government of the Commonwealth through welcoming hands. Borne one by one out of this capital during more than four years of civil war, as the symbols of the nation and the Commonwealth, under which the battalions of Massachusetts departed to the field, they come back again, borne hither by surviving representatives of the same heroic regiments and companies to which they were intrusted. At the hands, General, of yourself, the ranking officer of the volunteers of the Commonwealth, one of the earliest who accepted a regimental command under the appointment of Governor of Massachusetts, and of th s grand column or scarred and heroic veterans who guard them home, they are returned with honors, becoming relics so venerable, soldiers so brave, and citizens so beloved—proud memories of many a field; sweet memories alike of valor and friendship; sad memories of fraternal strife; tender memories of our fallen brothers and sons, whose dying eyes looked last upon their flaming folds; grand memories of heroic virtues; sublime sorrow; exultant memories of the great and final victory of our country, our Union and the righteous cause; thankful memories of a deliverance wrought out for human nature itself, unexampled by any former achievement of arms. Immortal memories, with immortal honors linked, in a round these splinter staves, weave themselves along the warp and woof of these familiar flags, war-worn, begrimed and baptized with blood. Let the brave heart, the trusty heart, the deep, unfathomable heart, in words of more than mortal eloquence uttered, though unexpressed, speak the emotions of grateful veneration for which these lips of mine are mute to feeble and unworthy. General, I accept these relics in behalf of the people and the government. They will be preserved and cherished amid all the vicissitudes of the future, as mementoes of brave men and noble actions.

Upon the conclusion of the address of Gov. ANDREW, the exercises closed.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Apprehension of Difficulties with Negroes—Organization of the Home Guard.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Dec. 22.

The people are sensitive about negroes as the holidays approach. It is observed that the number of negroes in town has diminished perceptibly during the last two days, and is a matter of remark. It is said they have gone to rendezvous in the country, but it is all speculation.

The authorities entertain no apprehension for the safety of this community, but admit the possibility of trouble in the sparsely settled portions of the country in the interior. It is reported that suspicious characters have been seen lurking about for weeks, who, it is imagined, are inciting a negro outbreak. Much allowance should be made for the timidity of the people. The apprehension may be well founded, but the best informed anticipate nothing serious. Should anything occur, the military force is sufficient for the emergency.

The organization of the Home Guard, under the ordinance of the Constitutional Convention, is proceeding rapidly. Fifteen or eighteen full companies have been organized in this county and officers appointed. No arms have yet been received. Gen. RUGER'S order forbids the issue of arms to them by the government. They can be quickly armed, however, if necessary.

Cleared—steamer *Washington*, New-York; brig *Logan*, Havana.

FORTRESS MONROE.

Vessels Recently Spoken off Cape Henry—Sale of the Cargo of a Wrecked Bark—Marine Disasters.

FORTRESS MONROE, Thursday, Dec. 21.

The following-named vessels were spoken off Cape Henry by the revenue cutter *Kankakee*: English barks *Queen Victoria* and *Weekin*, from Liverpool for City Point, with salt; bark *Potosi*, from Carrarabuo, Chili, for Baltimore, with copper and copper ore. The bark *Weekin* reported having passed at sea the wreck of an unknown steamer.

A portion of the cargo of the bark *Victoria*, which was wrecked near Cape Henry on the 20th, was sold at Norfolk yesterday by the Board of Underwriters. Good prices were realized. Among the lot sold was an assortment of brandy, the duties on which amounted to $18,000.

Fourteen government buildings will be sold at Portsmouth on the 26th inst.

The steamer *George Leary* ran over an unknown oyster vessel in the bay, last night, and, it is presumed, sunk her with all hands, as afterward boats were lowered, and no trace of the vessel could be discerned.

Three companies of the Twelfth United States Infantry arrived here yesterday, and will form part of the garrison of the fortress. A portion of them left for Williamsburgh this morning.

The Remains of the Late President.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Friday, Dec. 22.

The remains of President LINCOLN were removed yesterday from the receptacle vault at Oak Ridge Cemetery, Springfield, to the new vault erected near the site of the proposed monument. The remains of Mr. LINCOLN'S two children were placed in the same vault.

ROBERT LINCOLN, and the Directors of the National Monument Association, were present at the removal.

Heavy snows have fallen on the plains. Over twenty trains are snow-bound at different points, and a large number of animals are dying from starvation and cold weather.

Trial of Gen. Mercer at Savannah—Wreck of a Steamer on the Florida Coast.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Friday, Dec. 22.

The trial of Gen. H. W. MERCER, charged with murder, in shooting seven Union prisoners at Savannah, last December, has been temporarily suspended, awaiting orders from Washington.

The steamer *Indian River*, belonging to a New-York Fishing Company, went ashore at the mouth of Indian River, Fla., Dec. 3. Vessel and cargo a total loss. All hands saved.

THE NEW-ENGLAND SOCIETY.

Anniversary Dinner at Delmonico's Last Evening.

Speeches by Senator Lane of Indiana, Recorder Hoffman, Major-General W. S. Hancock, Admiral Farragut, Rev. Henry W. Bellows, Rev. J. P. Thompson, E. C. Cowdin, and Others.

The New-England Society of the City of New-York and their guests, to the number of more than two hundred persons, sat to a superb dinner at DELMONICO'S last evening, the occasion being the Society's sixtieth anniversary. DELMONICO'S large dining-room was tastefully decorated with flags of the United States, and on the dining tables were a variety of ornaments illustrative of New-England industry. Here was a railway bridge bearing a locomotive; yonder a sugar model of the Newport skeleton tower, with a windmill thereon; on another table the traditional temple of liberty, and near by a cornucopia. On the invited guests' table there were several castles and forts, which are supposed to have been erected to suggest themes for the orators of the evening. The card of admission, from the press of the American Bank Note Company, having the seals of the six New-England States in fine steel work on its face, was a triumph of the engraver's art.

Among the gentlemen who took seats at the tables were Major-Gen. W. S. Hancock, Vice-Admiral D. G. Farragut, Rev. Henry W. Bellows, Rev. Joseph P. Thompson, Recorder John T. Hoffman, Hugh McCulloch, Secretary of the Treasury; Senator Lane, of Indiana; William M. Evarts, Col. Frank E. Howe, Gov. Frederick A. Smyth, of New-Hampshire; Theodore Tilton, S. B. Chittenden, Clarence Seward, Henry C. Murphy, Judge B. W. Bonney, Edward Walker, representative of St. George's Society; Col. Roome, representative of the St. Nicholas Society; Charles P. Kirkland, Luther B. Wyman, Albion P. Mann, Elliott C. Cowdin, Isaac Greene Pierson, Solon Humphreys, partner of Senator E. D. Morgan; Henry L. Pearson, Dr. Wm. M. Blakeman, William H. Lee, Josiah M. Fisk, William T. Blodgett, John W. Quincy, B. L. Hardon, of St. Louis; George C. Richardson, of Boston; Alfred de Bary, of France; Jackson S. Schultz, Le Grand Lockwood, Levi M. Bates, Nathaniel Hayden, Albion P. Mann, Charles A. Stetson, Courtland D. Moss, George P. Putnam, William H. Fogg, and others.

The company having been seated, Mr. JOSEPH H. CHOATE, Vice-President of the New-England Society, in the absence of President EDWIN D. MORGAN, rapped to order, and grace was said by Rev. HENRY W. BELLOWS.

The supper, which was in DELMONICO'S best style, with New-England pumpkin pies and brown bread added, occupied an hour, and on the withdrawal of the cloth thanks were offered by Rev. Dr. THOMPSON.

In introducing the literary feast of the evening Mr. CHOATE, presiding, eulogized the society's late President, WILLIAM CURTIS NOYES, and said that if he were with the New-Englanders on this festive occasion he would speak in glowing terms of the triumphant close of the war which had declared

STRONG DIVORCE CASE.

Conclusion of Plaintiff's Rebutting Evidence.

ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE FOR THE DEFENCE

TESTIMONY ON BOTH SIDES CLOSED.

The Case to be Summed Up on Tuesday.

CROSS-EXAMINATION OF VERNON POTTER CONTINUED.

The name of Mr. Disney who visited me is Robert; I never have had trouble of any description on account of any woman.

Q.—Do you know anything about the $2,500 that was lodged as bail for your wife's appearance? A.—I never raised any part of that sum; I don't know who did; I took interest in it and tried to get bail for her, but did not succeed; I did not avoid knowing where that $2,500 was raised, in order that I might be able to swear I did not know; I employed counsel, Mr. CLINTON, for my wife; I don't know of Mr. Strong's employing or paying him; I don't know of Judge Hoffman's doing so; I never spoke to Judge Hoffman about it or he to me—never spoke to him at all.

Q.—How long have you known Dr. Dennis? A.—About four years; at the time of Mrs. Potter's illness in 1863; we had no regular family physician; I had previously gone to Dr. Dennis for medicine myself before we moved down to No. 104 Waverly-place; we had previously had another physician, Mrs. Baker; that was in 1859, I think; I can't remember whether we had other physicians or not.

Q.—Who introduced you to Dr. Dennis, Mrs. Potter? A.—No, Sir; his son made different kinds of extracts, and I was sent there for some; previous to the indictment I had never heard nor suspected anything against the reputation of Dr. Dennis; I can't state whether there was any amount of rent specified on the bill at No. 124 Waverley-place when I saw it; when we lived at No. 104 Waverley-place we did not occupy the whole of the house; a family rented the second floor, and boarded themselves; we did not mean to occupy the whole of the house No. 124 Waverley-place; we had not the means of doing so, without business; I did not return any taxable income in 1863 or 1862, neither did my wife; I think my income was over $600 a year, but I think they allowed something for store rent, or something of that kind, which reduced it to $600; I paid the rent for the first three or four months out of my own means; I don't know, otherwise than by the receipts, that more than those three or four months' rent were paid; I don't know that I paid any or saw it paid; I will swear that three months' rent was paid in money; it was delivered at Mr. Strong's office.

Q.—Can you tell to whom one month's rent was paid? A.—Yes, to Mr. Daly.

Q.—How long had you been in the house when you paid that month's rent? A.—I think a little over a month; I sent it by my son, I think, sometimes; how it went every time I can't remember, but I know it went and I got my receipts.

Q.—Was it agreed the afternoon you saw Mr. Strong first that if your reference, Mr. Gray, was satisfactory, he would bring a lease next day? A.—I can't remember; I had made up my mind to take the house if he was satisfied with the reference; I had told him so; I don't recollect distinctly whether Mr. Strong said he would come back with the lease; I was at home when he did come; it was in the afternoon; I am not certain that he asked about my personal responsibility, or that he did not, but I am always very frank to tell my circumstances when I take a house; the reference to Mr. Gray was merely in reference to my being a man of honesty—not that some one responsible for the rent; Mr. Strong took Mr. Cozinski as surety; he inquired of me as to his responsibility.

Q.—How long have you known Mrs. Walsh? A.—I first saw her in the Summer of 1862, at the house; she came there to board; I had never heard of her before.

Q.—Have you ever heard anything against Mrs. Walsh? A.—I have; I heard it that Summer that the piece came out in the *Police Gazette*; just before it came out; I heard it from another person; Mrs. Walsh continued to be the proprietor of that house until 1864; we boarded with her part of the time; I never heard, until I heard it in court, that there was a necessity for pawning articles at the time they were pawned; I did not know of Mrs. Hillaker's necessity for pawning her husband's coat to get a dollar; I had the means of relieving the wants of the women at that time; they did ask me for money about January, February and March, 1863; I think both Mrs. Potter and Mrs. Hillaker did; I have no doubt that the reason they did not ask me for money was because they thought I would refuse; I think I have refused it sometimes; I have known Mrs. Hillaker twelve years; I never objected to her being in the house, except sometimes to her being in our room there with the children, noisy; that was all; I think I heard of Mrs. Hillaker's having been in the Bellevue Hospital before I heard of it here; I don't know that she went there in a state of pregnancy; I don't know of any child being born of her after the Fall of 1864; Mrs. Potter, my wife, is still residing since I married her, and before I knew anything about her also; her brother was a physician, and she said she had been to his works; I know Dr. Hungerford; never heard that he was an abortionist; know him only from having been told he was Dr. Hungerford, by my wife and Mrs. Walsh; my son promised to write to me as soon as he got settled; he has not done so yet; I don't know where he is now.

Q.—Don't you know that the evidence that Mrs. Hillaker has given here is evidence that was intended to be used to defend your wife against the charge of killing Mrs. Adams? A.—No, Sir; I never heard it said that that was the evidence that was necessary to defend her against that charge; I never heard it said that the only way of saving my wife was to prove that at the time stated there was in such a condition that she could not have produced that abortion.

Q.—Didn't you know that Mrs. Hillaker was to be a witness to prove that? A.—I thought she might be; I do not know that she was selected originally for the purpose of proving that my wife could not have produced the abortion on Mrs. Adams; I know she could give some testimony about my wife's condition during that time; I did not know just what she would say; I have spoken with her about it; I know that my wife swore off the indictment last March on the ground of the absence of a witness; I don't know who the witness was.

Q.—Have you not spoken with Mrs. Hillaker about what she could prove as to your wife's condition? A.—There has been talks to that effect; it was some time after the indictment; I have taken an interest in the defence against the indictment; I have talked with Mrs. Hillaker about it; we did speak of showing that my wife was so ill at the time the offence was charged that she could not have committed it.

Q.—Where were you when Mr. Strong told you that he was charged with adultery with your wife? A.—Down near Washington market, in one of the saloons there; he was not alone; there was a gentleman with him—some one from the office; I don't know him, would not if I saw him; Mr. Strong did not tell me that he would defend my wife from the charge, or that it would not cost me anything, or that he "would see her throughit."

Q.—Do you know a man named Edsall? A.—I do not; I have never seen him.

Q.—When did Mrs. Hillaker come to the house in Sixth-avenue? A.—In the fore part of November; I did know at that time of a misunderstanding between her and my wife; it commenced at the time she left No. 124 Waverley-place; I don't know how long it continued; to the house in Sixth-avenue, in the middle room, there were two looking-glasses, I think; one hung over the window, I think.

Mr. Graham produced a small four-paned window-sash, the glass painted so as to be difficult to see through, which the witness said was like the one between the middle-room and the back-room in the house in Sixth-avenue.

Q.—Did you ever have any words with Mrs. Potter about her coming home late at any time during your residence at No. 124 Waverley-place? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—State the condition in which she came home? (Excluded.)

Q.—Was there any conversation between you and Mrs. Potter on that occasion in reference to Mr. Strong? A.—No, Sir.

Q.—Did you charge her with impropriety with any man? A.—No, Sir; I never charged Mrs. Potter, during our residence at No. 124 Waverley-place, with impropriety with any man.

REDIRECT EXAMINATION.

Mrs. Potter is about 40 years old, I think; when she told about Mr. Strong's calling at the Sixth-avenue house, she told me what he called about—the rent; when I tried to get bail for Mrs. Potter, the difficulty was that I could not find persons who held real estate in this county; I got persons who were rejected on that account; I don't know where Mr. Gray is now; I don't know that he has gone to Minnesota.

Q.—In your conversation with Mrs. Hillaker about what she could prove as to your wife's illness, and the impossibility of her having produced the abortion on Mrs. Adams, did she tell you that she knew who did produce it—in that same conversation? A.—She said she knew who did; she told me it was Mrs. Walsh.

Q.—When Mr. Strong told you of the charge of adultery against him, what did he say?

(Excluded.)

Q.—How large was the looking-glass you spoke of, in the house in Sixth-avenue? A.—The looking-glass was as big as that four-paned window, I think; it belonged to Mrs. Kelley; it was not hung up all the time; sometimes it would be taken down in order to air the room by opening the window; it was, as a general thing, open every day; I have seen it open, and have slept there in the back room with it open; I can't tell where it was in January last; whether it was taken away before that or not, I don't remember; I don't know where it is now; it belonged to Mrs. Dr. Kelley; I don't know where she is now; she resided in the neighborhood of Bleecker-street; she left the glass there in Sixth-avenue, with some other things—some in a bundle, I believe.

Re-cross-examined—In our parlor in the house in Sixth-avenue there was a sofa; it was opposite the mantel-piece.

Q.—Did you know of Mrs. Adams sleeping in the same bed with your wife? A.—I did, for three or four nights; I knew of her being in the house before she occupied my wife's bed; I think she had been three or four nights in the house before she occupied that bed; I had seen her twice before at the dinner-table; my son spoke first of going to the oil regions some time this Summer; he decided to do so just before he went.

To a Juror—I had been sleeping in my wife's bed just before Mrs. Adams occupied it; I left No. 386 Sixth-avenue on the 2d or 3d of May; Mrs. Hillaker went with us up to No. 800; I can't tell you my wife's brother's name; it was Daly; I don't know his first name.

To Mr. Graham—I think his name is J. Warren Daly; I don't know whether he is the witness on account of whose absence the trial of the indictment was postponed.

EVIDENCE OF JOSEPH F. DALY.

I reside at No. 72 Horatio-street; I am a lawyer; my office is No. 76 William-street; I am not in Mr. Roosevelt's employ since May last; I have known Mrs. Potter since the Summer and Fall of 1862; I remember receiving some money from her, among which Mr. Strong said there were some counterfeits—a $5 bill and some currency; I often received the rent of No. 124 Waverley-place for Mr. Strong.

Q.—Look at these receipts and say if you gave them and received the money. A.—I did; some are in my handwriting and some are in the writing of Mr. Strong, except the dates and amounts, which he left blank for me to fill up.

Mr. Cram read in evidence receipts for rent received from Mrs. Potter, dated in the months of April and December, 1863, and January, February and March, 1864.

Q.—Have you been at the house No. 124 Waverley-place? A.—I have been at No. 124 Waverley-place to see Mrs. Potter—always on law business; she received me in the back parlor on the first floor; the doors between that and the front room were always closed and fastened; I have had interviews with Mrs. Walsh and Mrs. Potter about the rent.

Q.—State what occurred at any of those interviews with Mrs. Potter.

Mr. Graham—We object.

Mr. Cram—We desire to show that Mrs. Potter asked Mr. Daly to intercede for her with Mr. Strong, for time to pay the rent.

Excluded.

Witness—Very often during the first year I knew her she complained that she could not pay the rent—had not the money; she called at the office repeatedly, and invariably when Mr. Strong was not there; I received the rent as Mr. Strong's agent, merely as a matter of accommodation.

EVIDENCE OF GEO. D. NICHOLS.

I was the Secretary of the Grand Jury last Spring. Those records are in my handwriting.

Mr. Cram offered to read in evidence the records of the proceedings of the Grand Jury in the obtaining of the indictments against *Electa M. Potter and Peter R. Strong* and against *E. M. Potter and John B. Dennis.* Excluded.

EVIDENCE OF JOSEPH F. DALY CONTINUED.

The clause in the lease of the house from Peter R. Strong to Mrs. Walsh and Mrs. Potter, providing that the rent should be paid at the office of the landlord, was inserted in order to obviate the necessity of Mr. Strong's calling at the house, which he said he found very troublesome.

Q.—Did you go to the house to see Mrs. Potter? A.—In the Spring of 1863 I went to see her on one occasion, when she was sitting up in a chair; she said she had rheumatism: on another occasion I received a note from Mrs. Walsh, asking me to call there; I went; Mrs. Walsh admitted me, and said she had written down because Mrs. Potter wanted to see me; she took me into the front parlor, and said that Mrs. Potter was sick in bed; she then pushed to the sliding doors, placed a chair for me beside Mrs. Potter's bed, and then went into the front room and walked up and down there during my interview with Mrs. Potter; it was a business visit, relating to Mr. Strong's and Mrs. Potter's business; she was lying in bed, covered up; as far as I could see by the imperfect light, she was very ill and feeble; she made an application to me in reference to the rent on that occasion; she wanted to borrow some money from me to pay the rent; I called upon her at other times; she always received me in the same room; I had charge of the Purdy matter for Mrs. Potter; she employed me; on three occasions I commenced summary proceedings for the purpose of ejecting them; on one occasion I commenced proceedings using the name of Strong, to get them all out together, with an understanding that the Potters could resume under another lease; subsequently I commenced proceedings on behalf of the Potters against the Purdys, but the court held that the relation of landlord and tenant did not exist between them; and I afterward commenced another proceeding on the original plan; I have not been paid for those services; I was promised payment of the profits of the Metropolitan Medical Institute; Mrs. Potter promised to pay me; I never saw any of those profits; the Potters paid me the disbursements though.

Q.—Do you recollect what sort of a hat Mr. Strong wore in January, 1863? A.—I don't recollect his wearing a high hat until this year; he always wore a fur collar in Winter.

[Mr. Strong here stood up and put on his hat and collar.]

Witness—That recalls his appearance very vividly; that is the way he always looked in Winter; I do not recollect what kind of a month as to temperature January was; Mr. Strong had one inveterate habit which I never knew him to change: reaching his office about half-past ten and leaving it for good about half-past three in the afternoon; the intermediate time he spent in and about the office; I don't recollect his being away on any day about that time for two or three hours at a time; if he had been away I don't know that I would have taken sufficient notice of it to be able to testify to it now.

The witness identified the entries in Mr. Strong's book of rent accounts, relating to the rent of No. 124 Waverley-place.

Mr. Cram offered them in evidence—they were excluded.

CROSS-EXAMINED.

Q.—Have you had any interest in any of these cases arising out of the Strong case? A.—Only the professional interest which a lawyer naturally takes in an important case; I have not acted as attorney in the case; I have not got any of the witnesses; I have not intimated who should be examined, neither directly nor indirectly; I was not consulted on the subject, and I would not proffer any advice.

Q.—Have you not felt a deep interest in the case? A.—Well, I suppose I have; I have known Mrs. Potter since September, 1862; born in North Carolina; came here September, 1849; I became acquainted with Mrs. Potter by her calling at the office; she came alone; it was in relation to the property of Mrs. Purdy; I don't know of any rent being paid for that house, No. 124 Waverley-place, from May 1 to September, 1862; I don't recollect that I received any; I became acquainted with Mr. Potter a few days afterward; Mrs. Potter came to see if Mr. Strong would assist her to get rid of her husband's influence; after that she came generally in the afternoon about four or five o'clock; she would stay about fifteen or twenty minutes with me; sometimes Mr. Roosevelt would go while she was there; sometimes he would be gone before she came; she came to see me in reference to the business I was attending to for her; she got me to draw up an act of incorporation for the Medical Institute of Mrs. Potter's, and we had a good deal of consultation about that matter; I don't recollect that I prepared any advertisement for her in reference to the incorporation; I prepared a bill, I think, at three or four sections; the object was to incorporate an institute for the purpose of taking care of orphans; to be sustained by voluntary contributions, to be controlled by a management, who was to be Mrs. Potter; I think one of the corporators was to be Wittenberg; I prepared a petition to go into the Clerk's office, in reference to the incorporation, under the general act; I suppose she called on me in reference to that a dozen times; it lasted for about a year—seven months after I became acquainted with her; I went to her house often in the daytime, when any proceedings were going on about twice a week; I never saw her in any other room; I have seen there a part of the day; about half an hour at a time; I never took my dinner there; I have taken up stairs with her; From January to May she called about once a month, I think.

Q.—Where was that receipt written, Dec. 20, 1863? A.—At No. 76 William-street; I don't recollect who brought the money; I suppose Mrs. Potter; I know I signed it, and would not have given it if I had not received the money; that is all I know about it; I delivered it so; that receipt dated in April was written before-hand, all but the date and the words fifty dollars; I was not Mr. Strong's agent, that is, I was not paid for it; Mr. Strong generally left the receipts, written out all but the date and the amount, and I generally used them; sometimes when the rent was paid I could not find his receipt, and I had to write one off myself; I suppose Mr. Strong wrote those receipts himself, because I never saw them; I had authorized his tenants to make certain repairs which were to be deducted. On the occasion of that receipt making a deduction for plumbing, which is in my writing, I think I made the deduction on Mrs. Potter's and Mrs. Walsh's statement, telling them that Mr. Strong was not to be bound by it, that they must settle with him; I will swear that I got the money from Mrs. Potter on every occasion that I gave a receipt; I don't recollect what occurred on those occasions, but upon seeing the receipts I recognize my handwriting, and I know I received the money; I don't recollect receiving money from Mrs. Walsh; she and Mrs. Potter came there to pay money once or twice together; I have no doubt that I received the money mentioned in the receipt in which the deduction is made for plumbing, from Mrs. Potter herself, at the office; I can't say whether I saw her during March; I don't know whether the rent of March, 1863, was paid; she called to see me about twelve times during that year—about once a month; I received all the rent mentioned in these receipts, and none other; I have frequently seen Mr. Strong without his fur collar—in Summer; never in Winter; I recognize his collar as a part of his invariable Winter dress; I have known him for ten years; I don't think I have ever seen him with a high hat on until this Summer.

Q.—When did the low hats come in? A.—I recollect very well—the time Kossuth was here; I have seen him in the Summer in a strange, Chinese-looking hat; I have never seen him in a cloak; I have never gone out for him to collect rents; he has premises up town and down town, and I suppose he collects the rents; I have a brother named Augustus Daly—not J. Warren Daly; I never heard of him until to-day; I used to get to the office, when I was a clerk, at nine o'clock, and go away at five; I once saw a small, sallow-faced woman at the house No. 124 Waverley-place, who, I was told, was Mrs. Adams; I have been there when Mrs. Potter was in bed; I never saw anybody—such woman—occupy the bed with her.

Mr. Cram offered in evidence Mr. Strong's hotel bill at Lennox, showing the date at which he left there.

Excluded.

EVIDENCE OF WM. H. ASPINWALL.

I know Mr. Strong: I have never conversed with him about this case or my testimony in it; I have known him ten years; I know his mother's family; I have been at their place at Flushing Bay.

Q.—I wish you to describe it, with reference to its being the fit residence for a lady. Excluded, as cumulative.

Witness—I met Mr. Strong in Europe in 1856 and 1857; we traveled over the same route at the same time; we met first at Nice, and traveled to Genoa together; we went to Turin together, and I met him at Florence and at Rome; at Florence my married daughter lived in the same house with him; his wife was with him during all that time.

Q.—What was his treatment of his wife? (Excluded.)

Q.—Did you ever hear him use any harsh or gross language to her? (Excluded.)

EVIDENCE OF HORACE A. MASSEY.

I am stopping at Earle's Hotel; went there last Winter or Spring; my wife has lived there with me.

Q.—What have you been waiting there for? A.—To eat, sleep and drink.

Q.—Did you not go there for her to be a witness in this case? A.—I don't remember.

Q.—Who has paid your expenses there? A.—I don't know.

Q.—How much have your expenses been there? A.—I don't know.

Q.—Do you know Jno. Austin Stevens? A.—I do.

Q.—Did you ever see a letter of which that is a copy? (handing witness a letter.) A.—I think I have.

Mr. Cram—We have given you notice to produce that letter, gentlemen.

Q.—Don't you know that that letter has been given back to the defence by your wife? A.—I can't swear to it.

Q.—Was it not the letter that you took to Mr. Earl? (Excluded.)

Q.—Did Jno. Austin Stevens, Jr., give you that letter? A.—I don't think he did; I don't remember who did; Mr. McKeon did not.

Q.—When you went to Earle's Hotel, did you not take a letter to Mr. Earle or one of the proprietors? A.—Yes, Sir; I had a letter; I don't know who gave it to me; I think it was my wife; I don't know who gave it to her; she knows best.

Q.—Where did you come from last December? A.—From a tour over the country; I had no occupation then; I had plenty of money; my luggage was with me part of the time in December, 1864; part of the time with Adams Express, and also at Willards', Washington.

Q.—When you left Willards', did you leave your bill unpaid? (Excluded.)

Q.—Why didn't you bring your baggage from Willards'? (Excluded.)

Q.—How much money did you have when you went to Earle's Hotel? A.—I had a bad fifty cent stamp. [Laughter.]

EVIDENCE OF GOUVERNEUR LANSING.

I am cashier of Earle's Hotel; have been so since April, 1863; I recollect very well when the last witness came there.

Q.—Did he bring a letter? (Excluded.)

Q.—Under what name has he passed? (Excluded.)

Mr. Cram—I offer to show that he has been concealed there under the name of Jones. (Excluded.)

Q.—What have been their expenses—witness and wife—from January to the present time? (Excluded.)

Mr. Cram—We offer to prove that in the month of December last a nameless vagabond was picked up—his trunks pledged at Willard's Hotel, he being unable to pay his bill—and brought to Earle's Hotel, in this city, he and his wife, there to remain for the purpose of being a witness in this case. They made the first charge of adultery against Mr. Strong. We offer to prove that they have been kept there for that purpose ever since; that there has been paid to them between three thousand and four thousand dollars; that their bill at the hotel for the period I have mentioned amounted to about that sum; that the counsel for the defence have paid on account of that about $2,500, and that the balance is assumed and will be paid by the defence in this suit. There is no room for the pretence that this sum was necessary for their maintenance; for they have indulged in luxuries—carriages, liquors, theatres—at the expense of these parties, and we claim that they have been paid these sums as a consideration for becoming witnesses in this case.

The Court—If these witnesses, or either of them, had been put on the stand on the part of the defence, there might be some question about this evidence; but as the case stands now, I hold it is incompetent, and I must exclude it.

Mr. Cram read some omitted portions of Mrs. Hecksher's deposition, and then rested the case for the plaintiff.

SUR.-REBUTTAL.

EVIDENCE OF SAMUEL KRAMER.

I am a pawnbroker; have been since May, '62; my place of business is in Carmine-street; I know a female by the name of Hillaker.

Mr. Gerry offered to prove that Mrs. Hillaker had made misstatements as to the character and number of articles she pawned, the dates at which she pawned them, and her places of residence at some of the times she pawned them. Also, that on one occasion she gave as her residence 104 Monroe in Wooster-street, which was a house of ill-fame.

EVIDENCE OF JAS. W. SMITH.

This witness was called by the defence to prove the date of Mrs. Hillaker's entrance into Bellevue Hospital, and the circumstances attending it; but the evidence was excluded by the court.

EVIDENCE OF BAILEY DOANE.

I am a physician at No. 795 Broadway, with Dr. Lewis A. Sayre; I was in Bellevue Hospital from April, 1864, to March, 1865, in charge of the First Surgical Division; I kept memoranda of my patients there; the name of Mary Eliza Hillaker is among them; I don't remember her otherwise; she was sent to the lying-in ward.

Mr. Cram—We object.

Mr. Gerry—I offer to show that the witness, Mrs. Hillaker, was admitted into the Hospital, pregnant, and that she made declarations to the attending physician in reference to the paternity of the child. (Excluded.)

EVIDENCE OF HESTER WALKER.

I reside at No. 162 West Nineteenth-street; have resided there two years this next May; know Mary Eliza Hillaker; became acquainted with her in the Fall of 1862 in Staten Island; I think she was living up town then; called afterward on her at Mrs. Potter's, in November, I think, to see if she had heard from her husband, as my son was in the same company; she came down stairs and saw me; it was a short interview; I went over again to see her.

Q.—Do you remember her calling on you in the month of March, relative to her children? A.—Yes; they were not with her at that time; she wanted to know if I would take them; she brought them to me in the middle of March, 1864; there was an agreement as to what she was to pay me; she was to contribute to their support; they were with me 14 or 15 months.

Q.—Was any money paid to you from the Soldiers' Relief Fund? A.—Yes, Sir; $5 every two weeks; I saw her in June, 1864; I saw her in Broome-street.

Objected to.

Mr. Gerry offered to show that on several occasions the witness went to see Mrs. Hillaker in reference to her children, and saw her at houses of ill-fame.

(Rejected.)

Witness—I know nothing about the general character of Mrs. Hillaker except what I have heard, that she was a woman of bad character, and I have seen her in bad places; I saw her in a house in Broome-street, between Laurens and Wooster; I don't know the character of the house; I have seen her in a house in Fifth-street, between Mercer and Greene streets; she came to the door; there was a bar in the first floor, back room; also in Wooster-street, near Amity; I was admitted by the lady of the house; it was a bad house; I called again after she had moved; I called at the Bellevue Hospital in October, 1864, and had a conversation with Mrs. Hillaker.

Conversation excluded.

CROSS-EXAMINED.

I am married; my husband is an upholsterer; have lived there two years; lived in Forty-third-street before that; before that in Washington-street, in '62 and '63; before that in Greenwich-street.

Q.—Who have you ever heard speak of Mrs. Hillaker's character? A.—I can't say any person very particular; I heard her husband's sister speak of her last Winter,—Mrs. Shumeyer, a widow; I don't know anybody else; I never went to Shumeyer's; they know her; I did not know any one else that lived at No. 124 Waverley-place; I got acquainted with her on Staten Island through my son and her husband, who were both in the same regiment; I have not seen her since April; she came down then to get one of her children; the first time I saw her in a bad house was July, '64; it was between Mercer and Greene streets, in Prince; I saw only her there that day, and a man going up and down stairs; I used her well when I saw her again; I don't know how the inside of a bad house looks; I know that she is living with her husband now.

EVIDENCE OF JOHN W. HAGGERTY.

I am a journeyman carpenter; have examined the second-story front room of No. 386 Sixth-avenue; I made the measurements desired by the gentleman who accompanied me; the window is 4 feet 10 inches above the bottom of the casing: from floor to sill, the height is 5 feet 3½ inches; 5 feet 2¾ inches from the floor to the bottom of the glass; the passage-way, from the front to the rear room, is 11 feet; the rear room has no light except from the window; it is entered from the back room; a person lying on the bed in the middle room, or seated there, could not see into the back room.

EVIDENCE OF THOS. RYAN.

I am chief officer of the Superior Court, attached to this branch; I took this window from the room in the house No. 386 Sixth-avenue, already spoken of.

JOHN S. WYLIE.

I am a painter; have been such twenty years; that is paint on the window; I should judge it had not been on over a year.

EVIDENCE OF FRANCES STRAITOFF.

I occupy the front room on the second floor, No. 386 Sixth-avenue; there was a nail over the window between that and the little dark room at the time I went there.

After an offer to prove by members of the detective force that the wages paid to Detective Arthur and Jones were not unreasonable, the defence rested.

Judge Garvin reiterated his charge to the jury to keep their minds unbiased in the case, and announced that he would limit the summing up to three days, dividing the time equally between the counsel. The court then adjourned until Tuesday next at 11 A. M.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

ATTEMPTED MURDER BY A BOY.

A Colored Errand Boy Attempts to Kill His Late Employer with a Hatchet While Asleep.

A most determined attempt at murder was made by a colored errand boy named EDWARD BROWN, 16 years of age, on Wednesday morning last, who endeavored to kill his late employer, Mr. W. W. BROOM, while asleep in his room at No. 863 Broadway. It appears that Mr. BROOM had discharged young BROWN for some petty thefts, and the boy, actuated by a desire for revenge, and to prevent his threatened arrest, determined to make an attempt upon his late employer's life, to secure both these ends. The youngster having made up his mind regarding the mode of operation and the weapon to be used, went to Mr. BROOM's rooms on Monday morning to make the desired attempt. Finding the gentleman awake and up, he withdrew, and on the following morning again went to the apartments occupied by Mr. BROOME, with no better success. On Wednesday he found his victim quietly asleep, and at once struck him with a hatchet on the left temple, but was so nervous and hurried in his movements that the blow was not sufficient to kill, although it inflicted a very severe wound.

The cries of the injured man brought aid from the other inmates of the house, and, on further examination, the fact was revealed that the would-be assassin had stolen from the pockets of Mr. BROOM's clothing, lying on a chair, a check for $100 and $85 in greenbacks.

Capt. JOHN S. YOUNG of the Detective Force, on learning the facts, immediately detailed Detectives GILMORE and MCDOUGAL to make the arrest of the suspected person. Late on Thursday night those officers arrested the boy, upon whom suspicion had fallen, and the prisoner was examined at headquarters. BROWN at first stoutly denied any participation in the crime, but was finally induced to confess to the facts enumerated above. In addition he stated that after committing the act he went to Dobbs' Ferry to a sister's, where he remained until arrested. While going home he tore up the stolen check to avoid pursuit and detection. He stated also that the idea of adding robbery to the greater crime did not occur until after he had entered the room, but before he had struck the blow, and after escaping, was about reëntering the house to replace the money, but was prevented by the alarm given by Mr. BROOM. At the time of his arrest he had only $16 left of the $35.

The boy obtained an entrance to the room by passing through the entry way to the bath-room, thence through a window on to a shed. By opening another window he gained access to an apartment adjoinng the one in which Mr. BROOM was sleeping. A pair of folding doors, between the rooms, were open, but the cautious boy preferred going through another door, the key of which he found in the lock of the entry door.

The weapon employed by young BROWN is a common hatchet, used for domestic purposes, and had a steady aim been made, and a little more force used, there can be but little doubt that the blow would have caused instant death. The prisoner states that his courage failed him at the decisive moment, so that he did not inflict the deadly blow he acknowledges to have contemplated.

Yesterday morning the prisoner was brought before Justice DOWLING, at the Tombs Police Court, for examination, when he was committed for trial without bail. When asked the usual questions, the prisoner said his name was EDWARD BROWN, he was 15 years of age, and that he resided with his father at No. 45 William-street. Before being remanded, he made the following statement:

"On Saturday night, when I came back from doing an errand, Mr. BROME accused me of stealing some of his papers. I told him I did not take them, when he said he did not want me any more. When I went home on Saturday night, I made up my mind that I would do something to him so that he would not make a complaint against me. On Monday morning I went to his place and found the door open, and went back home again. On Tuesday morning I went there again and found the door the same way. On Wednesday morning I found the door closed; went into the bathroom and out on the shed; opened the window, then got into his office, and so got into his room. I went up to the bed where BROME was lying and struck him on the head with the hatchet, then the ax fell on the floor and I ran out. Before I struck him with the ax I took the money from the table."

This last statement of young BROWN varies in many particulars from the one which he first made to the detectives who arrested him, although the main points remain the same.

The injured gentleman, Mr. BROME, is under medical treatment, and will recover in time, although the wound is a very painful and severe one.

The Lease of Rooms for the Corporation Counsel.

The following correspondence has passed between Comptroller BRENNAN and the Corporation Counsel elect, relative to the lease of rooms for the use of the latter in the buildings Nos. 115 and 117 Nassau-street:

CITY OF NEW-YORK, DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, } Dec. 19, 1865. }

Hon. Richard O'Gorman:

MY DEAR SIR: I inclose you copies of the two communications received from His Honor, Mayor GUNTHER, in regard to the proposed lease of the premises Nos. 115 and 117 Nassau-street, for the term of ten years, for the use of the Law Department of the city. You will observe that his Honor in His former communication states that on examination of the resolution subsequent to approving it, he is "convinced that the same is a fraud against the city," and asks that the resolution may be returned to him.

Immediately on receiving the resolution on the 15th instant, I returned it to His Honor for further examination. On the 18th instant I received a second communication, which he concludes by stating that he considers it expedient to withdraw his objections, and to recommend me to execute the lease. Mayor GUNTHER places his final conclusion in favor of carrying the measure into operation upon you. He states that the opposition in the first instance came from a gentleman in your office, and that he has since seen you and that you desire to place no obstacle in the way of the consummation of the lease.

His Honor the Mayor does not agree with himself in regard to the motives for stigmatizing the measure as a fraud. In his first letter he says that amid the great hurry of business he was imposed upon in several resolutions, among which was that in question; and that having since seen the same in print, he was convinced the same was a fraud; while in his second letter he states that he "based his conviction on representations made by a gentleman from your office."

This apparent inaccuracy, as well as having heard that you desired to be communicated with before final action is taken, induce me to ask you whether you have been placed right in the matter by His Honor the Mayor?

Will you favor me with an early reply; and also oblige me by examining the premises in question, and expressing your views of their suitableness for occupation by the department, of which you are to assume charge?

I desire to act advised y, and wish to meet your views in reference to this matter, as well as others affecting the operations of your department. Respectfully yours,

MATTHEW T. BRENNAN,
Comptroller.

MR. O'GORMAN TO MR. BRENNAN.

No. 8 PINE-STREET, Dec. 20, 1865.

MY DEAR SIR: I received last evening your favor of yesterday concerning the proposed lease of the premises Nos. 115 and 117 Nassau-street, for the term of ten years, for the use of the Law Department of the city.

I have delayed in your behalf the reply to letters received by you from His Honor the Mayor on the same subject, dated respectively Dec. 15 and Dec. 18.

In reply, I beg to state that I have not been placed right in the matter by His Honor the Mayor.

The moment my attention was called to the resolution of the Common Council, I sent a coachman from my office to inquire of the lessee to inform me that I had learned that the offices Nos. 115 and 117 Nassau-street were not suitable for the occupation of the Corporation Counsel and his staff; that these defects had been so apparent to Mr. JOHN E. DEVELIN, the present Corporation Counsel, that he had six other rooms in the building which he now occupied. I added the request that His Honor should not act hastily in the matter. His reply to this communication was, as my messenger informed me, that he had already signed the resolution. On Dec. 16, 1865, I received a letter from His Honor the Mayor, asking me to call on him at 3 o'clock P. M. on that day. I did so; and in the conversation which then took place, he gave substantially the same explanation as to his signing the resolution of the Common Council as he has given you in his letter of Dec. 15. I understood him to say that the affair was then out of his hands, and that the lease had been actually signed by you. Mayor GUNTHER has fallen into a grave misapprehension, if he gathered from anything then said by me that I desired to place no obstacle in the way of the lease. I informed him in substance that, as far as the interests of the city were affected by the lease, I had then no responsibility and no official right to interfere, and did not wish to assume any such right or responsibility; but that if, on my entrance into office, I found that the apartments were not suitable, or that the location was otherwise important, I would then take the matter in hand and make public protest against it. The general impression left on my mind was, that the thing was done, and my general desire was to abstain from assuming any official rights or responsibilities in connection with the matter which did not then properly belong to me, and which, in fact, belonged to the official responsibilities of others. As a private citizen, however, I gave him my opinion of the nature of the transaction in the strongest and plainest language. Your letter has placed me in a position where it becomes my duty to act. I have, in compliance with your request, examined the premises in question, and find none of them suitable, in my judgment, for occupation by the department of which I am to assume the charge. There are two suites of rooms—one on the second, the other on the third floor. That on the second is now occupied by the Corporation Attorney, and it is proposed to remove him and his bureau to another part of the building, and to give this suite to the Corporation Counsel. If these rooms are to be occupied by the Corporation Counsel, I see no suitable place in the building to remove the Corporation Attorney and his bureau to. The suite of rooms on the third floor, now occupied by the Public Administrator, is worse in all respects than that on the second. The access to it is by narrow stairs, and the rooms are small. On the whole, I find no place in that building in which the city can, with due regard to its own interests, put the Corporation Counsel and his bureau. The rooms now occupied by Mr. DEVELIN, in No. 82 Nassau-street, are suitable enough. The stock, furniture, and fine library attached to the bureau are now and have been for six years there. A sudden change of location would involve the incoming official and his bureau in great confusion; and I think it will be found to the interest of the city that the business of the bureau should continue to be transacted there.

I am, very respectfully, RICHARD O'GORMAN.

To Hon. MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller of the City of New-York.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

THE NEW COUNTY COURT-HOUSE.—At a meeting of the Kings County Board of Supervisors yesterday afternoon, the final report of the Committee on the New Court-house, which is conceded to be one of the finest public buildings in the country—both exteriorly and in its interior arrangements—was presented and accepted. The document is of considerable length, and gives every detail from the purchase of the ground to the final fitting up of offices in the edifice. The entire cost of land, building, contracts, extra awards to contracts, furniture and fixtures amounts to the total sum of $1,751,766 28. Among the other business transacted was the passage of a resolution increasing the salary of the County Treasurer from $1,500 to $2,500 a year.

THE KINGS COUNTY COURT OF SESSIONS.—It is expected that at the session of this court to-day, Dr. JOSEPH S. WALTERS, convicted of malpractice, in which the sufferer was MISS LUCY S. JONES, will be arraigned for sentence.....Justice SEAMAN, of New Lots, convicted of malpractice by holding his court in a liquor-store, owned by himself; and also for trying and convicting a man who had previously been tried and acquitted by another Justice—for assault and battery—will also be brought up; besides some twenty other cases of minor importance.

CHURCH DEBT LIQUIDATED.—At a fair now being held in Elm-place Congregational Church, (Rev. WM. ALVIN BARTLETT,) subscriptions, amounting to about $25,000, were collected on Thursday evening toward paying off the debt of the church. This amount liquidates the debt within a fraction, which, it is expected, will be realized by the fair. The principal donors were Messrs. Henry Elliott, $5,000; J. L. Whitehouse, $2,500; S. B. Chittenden, $1,000; H. B. Claflin, $1,000. The remaining subscriptions are less in amount.

THE PATENT SAFE GAME.—A gentleman from Kingston, Canada, named GEORGE MCCREADY, was inveigled to Brooklyn on Thursday by sharpers, and, being conducted to the vicinity of Greenwood Cemetery, was defrauded out of $160 by means of the patent safe game. Mr. MCCREADY was a guest at Lovejoy's Hotel in New-York, where he made the acquaintance of his friends, who, like himself, represented that they expected to sail for California by the next steamer.

SLIGHT FIRE.—About four o'clock yesterday morning, a fire was discovered in the basement saloon under the Park Theatre, caused by the placing of a basket of hot ashes near some inflammable material. The flames were speedily extinguished; damage trifling.

THE EXHIBITION OF THE BROOKLYN ART ASSOCIATION.—This fine exhibition of paintings, in the Academy of Music, was again visited last evening by, perhaps, thousands of persons. It will continue open to-morrow and Christmas evenings.

BURGLARY.—The residence of Dr. PLUNKETT, No. 59 Luqueer-street, was feloniously entered on Wednesday night, by abstracting a pane of glass from a basement window. The thieves secured articles of clothing valued at $100.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—DEC. 22, 1865.

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and shipping brands, at $8 60@$9 ₱ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine and Western	$7 15 @$7 65
Extra State	8 20 @ 8 75
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	8 25 @11 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	8 60 @ 9 00
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	8 80 @11 50
Extra Genesee	8 80 @11 50
Poor to very choice extra Missouri	9 40 @15 50

Southern Flour is again firmer to-day; sales since our last 1,500 bbls. in lots at $8 80@$10 for poor to good, and $10 10@$15 25 for good to very choice Canadian brands, ₱ bbl. Canadian Flour is dearer; sales 460 bbls. Extra at $8 20@$11 25 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour continues dull, including Superfine at $5 50@$6 50 ₱ bbl. Corn Meal is in fair demand at $4 20@$4 30 for Western, $4 25 for Jersey, $4 50 for Marsh's Caloric, and $4 65 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.; sales 500 bbls. Brandywine Meal in puncheons is worth $24 50@$26 ₱ puncheon.

GRAIN—Wheat has been in good request, but the increased firmness of holders has tended to check operations. Sales since our last 61,000 bushels, including new White Western at $2 50; new Red do. (Winter) at $1 90; old Amber Spring at $1 85; Chicago Spring and Milwaukee Club at $1 63@$1 84 ₱ bushel. Corn has been in active demand at advancing prices. Sales since our last 75,000 bushels at 95c.@95c. for unsound, and 96c.@98c. for poor to very handsome sound mixed Western, ₱ bushel. Rye has been more sought after, and sales have been made of 15,000 bushels at $1 11 for Canada and $1 08 for State, ₱ bushel. Barley has been in moderate request; sales 9,000 bushels choice Canada Wheat at $1 ₱ bushel. Nothing new in Barley Malt. Oats have been in fair demand and tending upward. We quote: State at 62c.@62½c.; Old Western at 60c.@62c.; Old unsound at 48c.@53c., ₱ bushel.

HAY—North River bale continues in request and buoyant at 70c.@90c. for poor to choice, ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Have been in good demand at 25c.@65c. for new, and 10c.@45c. for one year old, ₱ lb.

HIDES—Have been held firmly but have been lightly dealt in.

LATHS—Eastern are in demand at $5 ₱ thousand.

LEATHER—A moderate business has been reported in Sole, within our former range.

LIME—Rockland has been in request and steady at $1 35 for Common, and $2 10 for Lump, ₱ bbl.

LUMBER—Has been lightly dealt in at unaltered prices.

METALS—Copper has been held above the views of buyers and has been quiet. Iron, Lead and Tin have been inactive, but quoted buoyant. Spelter has been in more demand. We quote: Ingot Copper at 41c.@43c. ₱ lb.; No. 1 American Pig Iron, $71@$84 for No. 1; $64 50@$66 for No. 2; $61@$63 for Scotch Pig; $61@$63 for English Bar Iron; refined, $97 50@$112 50, ₱ ton; Lead at equal to $10 12½@$10 50 ₱ 100 lbs.; Spelter at 8½c.@9c. in gold, ₱ lb.; Straits Tin at 42c.@43c. in gold, and Banca Tin at 38½c.@39c. in gold, ₱ lb.; Sheet Zinc, 15½c.@16c. ₱ lb.

MOLASSES—Has been quiet and steady. At auction new crop New-Orleans sold at $1 15@$1 16, and Porto Rico at 48c.

NAVAL STORES—Continue quiet and depressed, including Spirits Turpentine at $1 05@$1 06 ₱ gallon. Crude do. at $8@$8 25. Resin at $6 87½@$10 ₱ 280 lbs.

OILS—Have been in very limited demand and quite heavy, including Crude Whale at $1 68@$1 70; Bleached do. at $1 80@$1 75; Crude Sperm at $3 10@$3 80; Bleached do. at $3 20@$3 60; Lard Oil at $1 60@$1 70; Linseed Oil at $1 44@$1 46; Crude Petroleum at $1 10@$1 85, ₱ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Has been in less demand at 41½c.@42c. for Crude; 66c.@67c. for Refined in bond; and 85c.@86c. for do. free, ₱ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in moderate demand and quoted rather firmer. Sales since our last 3,500 bbls., including Prime Mess at $28 37½@$28 50; closing at $28 31½ regular, for Mess; $24@$24 50 for Prime Mess; $30@$30 50 for new Mess; and $23 50@$24 (nominally) for new Prime, ₱ bbl. Sales were also made of 2,350 bbls. New Mess, January and February delivery, sellers' option, at $27 50@$28 25 ₱ bbl. Cut Meats continue in limited demand at 11c.@13c. for Shoulders, and 13c.@16c. for Hams; sales 190 pkgs. Bacon rules quiet and heavy. Dressed Hogs have been in demand at 13½c.@14c. ₱ lb. Lard is improving. Sales 830 tcs. and bbls. at 15¾c.@19¼c.; also 500 tcs. January delivery, sellers' option, on private terms. Beef is in less demand at $14@$15 for Extra Mess, and $11@$14 for Plain Mess; also, $17@$20 for New Plain Mess, and $20@$24 for New Extra do. Sales 600 bbls. have been reported at $6 for Trade Beef has been very quiet to-day at $35@$38 for Prime Mess, and $40@$43 for India Mess. Beef Hams are inactive; 225 bbls. State and Western were sold at $32 25@$34 75 ₱ bbl. Butter is dull and heavy at 30c.@42c. for poor to prime, and 43c.@55c. for fancy to extra State, and 20c.@25c. for Western, ₱ lb. Cheese continues dull at 14c.@19c. for poor to choice ₱ lb. We quote:

Butter.

Oranges and Sussex—fresh pails, ₱ lb.	35 @38
Pennsylvania and River—fresh pails, ₱ lb.	33 @35
Half-firkins tubs—first quality, ₱ lb.	41 @42
Half-firkin tubs—second quality, ₱ lb.	36 @38
Orange and Sussex Dairies—firkins, ₱ lb.	41 @42
New-York State Dairies—firkins—extra, ₱ lb.	38 @40
N. Y. State Dairies—firkins—good to fine, ₱ lb.	38 @40
N. Y. State Dairies—Welch tubs—extra, ₱ lb.	33 @40
N. Y. State Dairies—Welch tubs—good to fine, ₱ lb.	30 @33
Ordinary State—Welch tubs, ₱ lb.	32 @35
Pennsylvania Dairies—firkins—good to fine, ₱ lb.	34 @36
Western Reserve—firkins—fair to good, ₱ lb.	28 @32
Michigan and Indiana—firkins—good, ₱ lb.	28 @32
Ill. and Wisconsin—firkins—fair to good, ₱ lb.	28 @32
Common Western—firkins, ₱ lb.	22 @24
Canada Butter—good to fine, ₱ lb.	28 @27
Roll Butter—good to fine, ₱ lb.	30 @33

Cheese.

Factory-made Dairies—first quality	18¼@19
Factory-made Dairies—second quality	17½@18
Farm Dairies—first quality	17½@18
Farm Dairies—second quality	16 @17
Farm Dairies—common	15 @16
Orange County—fine to fancy	14 @18

SEEDS—Quiet at former rates.

SUGARS—Have been in more demand at uniform prices. Sales since our last 480 hhds., including Cuba, &c., at 11½c.@14¼c. ₱ lb., and 150 boxes Havana, part at 13¾c.@14c. ₱ lb. We quoted fair to good grocers' Sugars 14¼c.@13¾c.; fair to good refining do. at 13¼c.@12c. ₱ lb. Refined Sugars are in rather more request at 14¾c.@13¾c. ₱ lb.

STEARINE—Sales since our last 11,500 lbs. at 16c.@17c. ₱ lb.

TALLOW—Sales to-day reach 325,000 lbs. at 13¾c.@14¼c. ₱ lb.

TEAS—Are firm but not active.

WHISKY—Has receded to $2 28 ₱ gallon, with sales of 65 bbls.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool, the engagements include 1,150 bales Cotton at ⅝d.@7-16d. by sailing vessel, and ¾d. by steamer; and 28,000 bushels Corn at 4¾d.@5d. ₱ bushel. For London, 400 tcs. Beef, at 4s. @ 4s. 3d.; 30,000 bushels Oats, at 4¾d. For Constantinople, a brig, with Rum, at 4½c. ₱ gallon.

THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

STATED SESSION.

FRIDAY, Dec. 22, 1865.

Present, Morgan Jones, Esq., President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Ryer, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—11.

The minutes of December eighteen were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

Bill of C. Miller for erecting platform and stand at Union-square for military review on the fourth of July, amounting to one hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS.

Alderman Farley moved that when this board adjourns it do so to meet to-morrow, the twenty-third instant, at three o'clock P. M.

Which was carried.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Flynn—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Van Rensselaer Richards for the sum of ninety-five dollars for carriages and wagons for the use of the Sergeant-at-Arms during the city canvass.

Which was laid over.

By the President—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to the owners of property in One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, between the Third and Fourth avenues, to regulate and grade, set curb and gutter stones, and flag the sidewalk, the same to be done at their own cost and expense, under direction of the Commissioner of Streets.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Alderman Ottiwell—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Charles Balch for the sum of one hundred dollars, for services rendered to the joint committee appointed to celebrate the Fourth of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, as Sergeant-at-Arms, and charge the same to the account of City Contingencies.

Which was laid over.

And the paper was laid over.

RESOLUTIONS RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Sewers of Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be laid in Fifty-third-street, between First and Second avenues, to within twenty feet of the First-avenue, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote, viz:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—11.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Eighteenth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Ryers, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—11.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Twenty-first-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Twenty-second-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Twenty-third-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Twenty-fourth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Twenty-sixth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Twenty-seventh-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Twenty-ninth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Thirtieth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Thirty-first-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Thirty-second-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Thirty-third-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Thirty-fourth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Thirty-fifth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Thirty-sixth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Thirty-seventh-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Thirty-eighth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Thirty-ninth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Fortieth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Forty-first-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Forty-second-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Forty-third-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Forty-fourth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Forty-fifth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Forty-sixth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Forty-seventh-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Forty-eighth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Forty-ninth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Fiftieth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Fifty-first-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Fifty-second-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Fifty-third-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Fifty-fourth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Fifty-fifth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Fifty-sixth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Fifty-seventh-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Fifty-eighth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Fifty-ninth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Sixtieth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Sixty-first-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Sixty-second-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Sixty-third-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Sixty-fourth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Sixty-fifth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Sixty-sixth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Sixty-seventh-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Sixty-eighth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Sixty-ninth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving-basins and culverts, be built, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, in One Hundred and Seventieth-street, from terminus of present sewer to Fourth-avenue, and that the accompany ng ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Councilmen, with resolution as follows:

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Which was concurred in by the following vote:

Affirmative—The President, Aldermen Gedney, McKnight, Jeremiah, Brice, Masterson, Ottiwell, O'Brien, Farley, Van Voorhis—10.

Report of Committee on Sewers of the Board of Counc

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, DEC. 23, 1865.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

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☞ The SEMI-WEEKLY and WEEKLY TIMES will be enlarged about the first of January.

☞ Subscriptions in clubs to the WEEKLY and SEMI-WEEKLY, sent before Jan. 1, 1866, will be received at the old club rates.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

Amusements this Evening.

LUCY RUSHTON'S NEW-YORK THEATRE, Nos. 728 and 730 Broadway.
THIS EVENING, Dec. 23, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL. Characters by Messrs. C. M. Walcot, Mr. Harry Pearson, Mr. J. K. Mortimer; Mr. D. W. Waller, Mr. T. Placido, Mr. J. Moore, Mr. W. A. Mestayer, Mr. H. Cunningham, Mr. W. S. Higgins, Mr. T. C. Gourlay; Mr. Davies, Mr. Jones, Mr. Thompson, Miss Lucy Rushton, Mrs. Clara Maeder, Mrs. Mark Smith, Mrs. A. W. Young.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS EVENING, Dec. 23, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, ARAH-NA-POGUE. Characters by Messrs. J. G. Burnett, W. Scallan, D. E. Ralton, Geo. Becks, J. Noonan, E. B. Holmes, W. H. Danvers, Neal, Rendle, &c., Mrs. Agnes Perry, Maria Maeder, Mary Wells, &c., &c., in the cast.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, Dec. 23, commencing at 8 o'clock, DREAMS OF DELUSION and A WONDERFUL WOMAN. Characters by almost every member of the company.

WINTER GARDEN.
Broadway, between Bleecker and Amity sts.
THIS EVENING, Dec. 23, commencing at 8 o'clock, LOVE IN LIVERY. Characters by Messrs. J. S. Clarke, Chas. Walcot, Jr., John Gilbert, G. Stanley, Andrews, Bland, Miss Rose Eytinge, Mrs. C. Walcot, Kate Morton, Miss Andrews and others.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Canal and Hester sts.
THIS EVENING, Dec. 23, commencing at 7½ o'clock, MOLL PITCHER, THE YANKEE TARS IN CHINA, and A GLANCE AT GOTHAM. Characters by Messrs. Walter Grisdale, George Brookes, Mrs. W. G. Jones, Mrs. C. W. Thompson, Miss Hyatt, Mrs. Brookes.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS EVENING, Dec. 23, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, MONTE CRISTO: Characters by Messrs. E. L. Davenport, Morrison, Hind, Garrison, Lewis, Goddard, Selwyn, Rockwell, Scott, Stanley; Misses Eliza Newton, Louisa Myers and Kate Newton.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.
THIS EVENING, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, SAM: Principal characters by Messrs. Chanfrau, Farnlee and others; and Miss Olive Logan.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.
THIS EVENING, Dec. 23, commencing at 7 o'clock, THE WOMAN OF THE WORLD; OR CLEVELAND HALL. Characters by Messrs. H. Whalley, Mestayer, Marden, Miss Fanny Herring.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
THIS EVENING, Dec. 23, at 7½ o'clock, DISRAELI, THE REPROBATE. Characters by Messrs. Daly, Hadaway, Jamieson, Wilton, Anderson, Mrs. Prior and Mrs. Jamieson. CIRCUS and the Living Curiosities.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS AND HIPPOTHEATRON.
14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
THIS AFTERNOON, Dec. 23, MATINEE, commencing at 2½ o'clock. EVENING, at 8 o'clock, JAMES ROBINSON and a complete troupe of Equestrian and Gymnastic Performers.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.
Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.
THIS EVENING, Dec. 23, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, 101 PARLE FRANCAIS, BLACK-EYED WILLIAM. Characters by N. Seymour and Dan Bryant.

AMERICAN THEATRE.
Broadway, between Howard and Grand sts.
THIS EVENING, Dec. 23, commencing at 7½ o'clock, OUT TO NURSE. Characters by the troupe. Ballet, songs, &c.

COOPER INSTITUTE.
Astor-place, between Third and Fourth avenues.
THIS EVENING, Dec. 23. SPIRITUALISM UNVEILED. EXPOSE BY MR. H. M. FAY.

STUDIO BUILDING,
No. 15 10th-st.
Exhibition of FRENCH, ENGLISH and FLEMISH PICTURES.

ARTISTS' FUND SOCIETY.
4th-av. and 22d-st.
THIS DAY AND EVENING—PAINTINGS AND STATUARY.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

GENERAL NEWS.

A leading feature in the celebration of the memorable 22d of December, at Boston, yesterday, was the formal reception, on the part of the State, of the battle-flags captured by the Massachusetts regiments during the war. There was an imposing military display, the marching column including 3,000 veteran officers and soldiers. Great enthusiasm was shown along the line of march, and the scene at the Capitol was brilliant and impressive. Major-Gen. COUCH, on behalf of the volunteers, presented the colors to the keeping of the Commonwealth, in a very appropriate address, to which Gov. ANDREW replied with much feeling and eloquence.

A bill is before the Legislature of Alabama to incorporate an "Emigration White Labor Agency," which shall have authority to appoint agents in all the States of the United States for the purpose of hiring white laborers for the planters of this State. It is meeting with opposition, but has passed the Senate. Mr. WILKINS, in opposing the bill, argues that the white laborers proposed to be introduced would be of poor character, and less valuable to the cotton planter than the labor of the freedmen, already at hand, who cannot and should not be driven out, being worth more as laborers than any set of men in any country.

It is reported, according to the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger*, that the Secretary of State has been notified by the Spanish Minister that one certainly, and possibly two privateers, are being fitted out at New-York to prey upon Spanish commerce under the Chilian flag. In thus calling the attention of our government to the matter, the Spanish Government expects its action to prevent the sailing of the vessel.

A dispatch from Lawrence, Kansas, says orders had been received at Fort Gibson for delegations of the Cherokee, Seminole and Creek Indians to repair to Washington to confer with the authorities upon the treaty business, unfinished at the recent grand council at Fort Smith. JOHN ROSS is said to be using great endeavors to effect his reinstatement as principal chief of the Cherokee nation, from which position he was deposed by the Fort Smith Commissioners.

On Monday last as the passenger train on the Hudson and Boston Railroad was crossing a high embankment, one mile east of Chatham Four Corners, the rear car became detached and was thrown down the declivity a distance of 35 feet. The baggage-master, EDWARD BLINN, was killed, and others seriously injured, among whom were Mr. FLINT, the conductor, and Mr. RUSSELL, the roadmaster.

Chaplain JOHN LAWRENCE has been appointed by Gen. FISK, of the Freedmen's Bureau at Nashville, to the duties of Judge-Advocate in cases of misdemeanor in which freedmen are implicated, and is instructed in his proceedings to be governed by the civil code of Tennessee, and the municipal ordinances, except so far as said code and ordinances make a distinction on account of color.

G. B. LAMAR, Sr., G. B. LAMAR, Jr., and Gen. H. W. MERCER, are all to be tried in Charleston, before a military commission convened expressly for their trial. Capt. WATROUS will act as Judge-Advocate. The trial of Gen. MERCER will commence on the 18th inst. He is charged with the murder of some Union soldiers, who had, as this specification reads, "been induced to enlist in the army of and had taken the oath of allegiance to the so-called Confederate States to avoid starvation, brutal treatment, and to offer a better means of escape, on the assurance that they should never be required to take up arms against Union soldiers, which assurance was violated on the first occasion."

Provisional Gov. PERRY, of South Carolina, recently received the following dispatch from President JOHNSON:

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.

I thank you for your dispatch. It is gratifying to know that the message was favorably received. In a few days you will receive full instructions as to being relieved as Provisional Governor. I hope that all will move off right, in a few days, with Congress.

ANDREW JOHNSON,
President of the United States.

Gen. LOGAN has positively declined the mission to Mexico, and has so notified the State Department. A Minister to the Republic of Mexico will be appointed immediately, and many prominent Western gentlemen are named in connection with the post, and among them Hon. LEWIS D. CAMPBELL, of Ohio.

A razeed list of Generals, it is stated, will shortly be published—the number on the roll at present being fully double what there is any need of. Gen. GRANT is as thorough in his ideas of retrenchment as the President, and the public are greatly his debtor therefor.

The French Minister on Thursday received official intelligence from President JUAREZ of the abandonment of Chihuahua by the French forces. Two millions of Mexican silver dollars, coined at El Paso, were deposited on Thursday in one of the banks in Washington, to the credit of the Mexican Republic.

The Western (Mass.) Railroad will commence building their second track from Springfield westward next week. It is to extend as far as Washington, Berkshire County, and when completed there will be a double track through from Boston to Albany.

The trouble between the Pacific and Central Railroad routes has been settled, and trains from Folsom to Lincoln, Cal., will soon be running. The laying of the track from Lincoln to Marysville, Cal., will be immediately resumed.

During the storm at Buffalo on Wednesday last several church spires were damaged, several roofs and chimneys were blown off, the barge *International* was driven from the dock and carried some distance down the river.

The President yesterday nominated to the Senate Hon. LEWIS D. CAMPBELL, of Ohio, to be Minister Extraordinary to the Republic of Mexico, in place of Gen. LOGAN, who has declined the appointment.

A telegraph dispatch from San Francisco states that the steamers *Montano* and *Lookout*, from Bath, Me., were daily expected at that port. They belong to the new line between California and Oregon.

The safe at the Sanitary Commission, at Philadelphia, was found robbed yesterday morning of $6,450 in United States bonds, the property of JOHN W. WILSON, chief clerk.

The Governor of Canada has declined to accept the resignation of Hon. GEORGE BROWN. The other members of the government have been summoned to Montreal to meet His Excellency.

The surveys for a railroad between Poughkeepsie and Copake, on the Hudson road, are complete, and the work will be commenced in the Spring.

By order of Gov. BROWNLOW a salute was fired in Nashville, Dec. 16, in honor of the great victory achieved there by Gen. THOMAS a year ago.

About nine inches of snow fell at Montreal on Thursday, and it was still snowing heavily.

A bill is before the Georgia Legislature to prevent the immigration of persons of African descent.

LOCAL NEWS.

The will of ABRAHAM WESTERVELT has, during the past week, been offered to the Surrogate of the City and County of New-York for probate. Deceased was worth about $10,000 at the time of his decease, a few months ago. His age was about 78 years. The contestants are two or three of his relatives, who claim that, at the time of the making of the will, in September, 1864, the testator was mentally incompetent to dispose of his property, owing to physical disabilities, and also on account of the influence which certain Spiritualists—so called—had been able to exercise over him during the last few months of his life. Considerable testimony on this point has already been adduced. The trial has not been concluded. For the proponent, WM. C. TRAPHAGEN; for the contestants, FRANCIS TILLOU.

The New-England Society of the City of New-York gave a superb dinner, last evening, at DELMONICO'S, the occasion being their sixtieth anniversary. In the absence of President EDWIN D. MORGAN, Vice-President CHOATE filled the chair with grace and ability. The Committee of Arrangements, headed by Col. FRANK E. HOWE, had made every preparation for a pleasant evening, and there was, therefore, neither hiatus in the "feast of reason and flow of soul," nor deficiency of oratory from our most distinguished citizens. Brief addresses were made by Senator LANE, of Indiana; Major-Gen. W. S. HANCOCK, Admiral D. H. FARRAGUT, Recorder JOHN T. HOFFMAN, Rev. Dr. BELLOWS, THEODORE TILTON, Rev. Dr. THOMPSON, Mr. ELIHOTT C. COWDIN and others.

A determined attempt at murder was made on Wednesday morning by a little colored errand boy, seven years old, named EDWARD BROWN, who tried to kill his late employer, Mr. W. W. BROOM, with a hatchet, while asleep. Mr. BROOM resides at No. 863 Broadway. It appears that the boy had been discharged for petty thefts and committed the act out of revenge. After making three attempts on three successive mornings, the boy gained access to Mr. BROOM'S sleeping-room and struck him in the left temple with a common hatchet, stealing at the same time a check for $100 and $35 in cash. On Thursday the police arrested the youthful offender, and yesterday he was committed for trial.

There not being a sufficient number of jurors present yesterday in the Court of General Sessions, no trials took place. The usual fine of $25 was imposed upon the absentees. A number of prisoners were arraigned and pleaded guilty, who, with others, having been previously convicted, were sentenced. Among the latter was JOHN WARD, found guilty of manslaughter in the first degree in having killed a policeman named WALKER, by shooting. He was sentenced by Recorder HOFFMAN to imprisonment in the State Prison for life.

The suit of the Union National Bank *vs.* MORRIS KETCHUM, SONS & Co., reported in the TIMES of Friday last, was concluded by Justice SUTHERLAND directing the jury to render a verdict of $256,223 47 for the plaintiffs. On motion of the plaintiffs' counsel, an extra allowance of $1,000 was granted by the court. Judgment is to be suspended, and the exceptions taken during the trial are to be heard in the first instance at the General Term. The questions of law involved are considered very important.

The General Term of the Supreme Court yesterday affirmed the judgment of the Court of General Sessions in the two cases of BERNARD FRIERY, convicted of the murder of HARRY LAZARUS, and FRANK FERRIS, found guilty in the same court of having murdered his wife by beating her on the head with an ax. Both cases will be taken to the Court of Appeals for final adjudication.

At the last meeting of the Kings County Board of Supervisors, a report was presented by the Committee on the New Court-house, from which it appears that the total cost of the structure and fixtures, including the land, was $551,758 28.

In the case of SCHEWERIN et al. *vs.* MCKEE, &c., on trial in the Superior Court, before Chief-Justice ROBERTSON, the jury yesterday rendered a verdict for the plaintiff of $1,543 35.

Gold was ⅛@⅜ cent. lower yesterday, closing 145¼ ₱ cent.; Bills on London were also lower, 109¾ @109¼ for standard Bankers; Money easy; Government Stocks in request; the Railway speculation left off rather firm, after another day of excitement in Erie Common Stock.

A fair business was reported in the leading kinds of produce and merchandise, yesterday, at irregular prices. The freight engagements were less extensive.

THE ARROW CASE.—Some three months ago the proprietors of the steamer *Arrow* were indicted by the Grand Jury of this county for manslaughter in the fourth degree. The finding was hailed with joy by the traveling community, and the hope gleamed for an instant that criminal recklessness of life was about to meet the punishment it merited. But the whole matter seems to have ended in smoke. The gentlemanly owners of the *Arrow* go about their business as if there was no such place as Sing Sing, or no law that could reach "gentlemanly proprietors," and we hear nothing about trying them. We want to see these parties tried, and if the test should demonstrate the inadequacy of the present law to punish such crimes, give the Legislature an opportunity to make it more stringent.

Congress and the Christmas Recess.

The hour of the adjournment of Congress for the holidays was fitly devoted in the House to a brief presentation of the grounds on which Mr. STEVENS' doctrine of State suicide may be combated. In other words, the Executive policy of reconstruction had a frank utterance and a fair hearing. And the members of both Houses will now return to their constituents with a tolerably clear appreciation of the temper in which the new Congress will approach the practical task of restoration when the work of the session commences in earnest.

It would have been unfortunate for members themselves, and equally so for the country at large, if they had returned to their homes carrying with them as the chief impressions of the bearing of opinion in the ruling majority of either House, the bitter and censorious utterances of Mr. SUMNER, or the more elaborate radical appeal of Mr. STEVENS. The deliverances of both may have been conceived in a spirit of unquestionable patriotism. But it would have been embarrassing to the great loyal majority at the North which has stood like a rock by the Union, and disheartening to the great multitude at the South who have set about the work of restoration in earnest, if the impression had been left to deepen during the recess, that the ruling party in Congress regarded the lately insurgent States as vanquished provinces. It would have been embarrassing to our people here as giving a semblance of truth to the daily repeated asseverations of the Opposition that the Union majority is at variance with the President on the most vital question of the hour. It would have been embarrassing still further, as tending to show that the conflict between the two sections of the country did *not* end with the war, but was to be prolonged indefinitely at whatever material cost, at whatever sacrifice of the national credit, and at whatever risk of inviting further external interference in the continental policy of America. All these were surely contingencies of an acceptance by the public of Mr. STEVENS' theories as the potential voice of the ruling majority in Congress.

The dispiriting effect at the South, especially in those States that have *literally* conformed to the President's terms and have received his practical approval in the recognition of their new Governors, can easily be imagined. Accepting in good faith all the conditions laid down in the Executive plan of reorganization, they would have felt, not without just cause, that their conventions and their State elections—if their condition at the present hour be that of subjugated provinces—were simply mockeries of Executive administration, designed to aggravate their humiliation and perpetuate their disabilities. To have it go out from Congress, without contradiction, that the party which elected and which has sustained the President had formally subscribed to the doctrine that the Southern States were "outside of the Union;" that they were "dead States;" that they had been for four years "a separate nation," and that they had "forfeited all their rights and terminated their State existence"—would have been to give the South the best excuse for having declared in favor of secession, and would have been to prove that their surrender to the national authority was a craven and cowardly act.

Happily, the feeble fallacies of the *subjugators* were met at once by the practical recognition of various Southern States in the proclamation announcing the ratification of the Constitutional Amendment, and by the withdrawal of various Provisional Governors in favor of the duly elected State Executives, as well as by the temper in which the House, on the eve of adjournment, listened to the counter argument. There is, we venture to think, no longer any uneasiness—at least, of a widespread character—that Congress will find any essential grounds of dissent from the cautious, tentative, liberal policy of restoration embraced in the President's plan. The same caution, combined with the same liberality, is expected at the hands of the Union majority. The *bona fides* in which applicants for seats in Congress have conformed to the requirements of the supreme law must be a matter of careful judicial scrutiny. And none will be more earnest in seeing that such scrutiny is thorough than those who think with the President that the lately insurgent States must be regarded as still within the Union, and could only have separated themselves from the Union after they had overthrown the Constitution of the United States. Many of those who differ, *toto cœlo*, from Mr. STEVENS on the radical question of the present political status of the South, will be found ready to coöperate with him on the great matter of securing from the restored States the fullest "*guarantees for their future loyalty to the Constitution and laws* of the Union," and for "protection to the helpless and friendless freedmen lately their slaves." This high conservative ground is that, we feel assured, on which the sterling Union men of all parties will yet meet, when both Houses set to work in earnest. And members will find themselves encouraged thereto by the sound, healthy, liberal spirit which the people are disposed to nurture. The adjournment takes place at a peculiarly fortunate time—looking to the position in which this vast problem of Restoration stands at this crisis. And there is the best reason to anticipate that the Representatives, after coming in contact with their constituents, will go back with renewed courage for their task, and with increased faith in the wisdom of the Executive policy.

THE HOLIDAY SEASON.—Broadway looks especially splendid at this holiday season and in this fine clear December weather. It seems in the afternoons as if the whole city were surging up and down its spacious sidewalks, or being wheeled along in omnibuses, carriages, and other vehicles. The display of holiday goods in the shop windows and at the counters we never remember to have seen equaled. Purchasers, too, are particularly profuse in their expenditures, and they generally assert that sellers are particularly high in their prices. To-day, we suppose, being the last secular day before Christmas, will be an especially busy and profitable day in the bazaars. Purchasers had better buy all they can afford, and dealers dispose of all they can.

Those who, remembering the sacred and beneficent associations of Christmas, are not altogether forgetful of the poor and needy, and are willing to signalize their faith by their works, will not pass any the less joyful a Christmas. It is trite, perhaps, to suggest the ton of coal, or the barrel of flour, or the article of warm clothing for those who are destitute; but the gifts themselves are none the less fresh, noble and acceptable. Let every reader of this prepare to do some such good deed on Monday next, and a hundred thousand people, not ordinarily merry, will thereby enjoy a Happy Christmas.

The Quartermaster-General's Report—The Grand Operations of a Year.

If there are any who from mental weakness or moral obliquity allow themselves to doubt the stability of our nation, the extent of its resources, or its ability to sustain the weight of a heavy debt, we commend to their notice the report recently issued, and which we shall print, of the Quartermaster-General of the army. It is a tonic calculated to relieve the worst case of nervous depression ever known, and Gen. MEIGS may be beneficially introduced to the most dyspeptic hypochondriac that ever lived. We will reproduce a few of the wonderful facts which he has laid before his fellow-citizens.

The Quartermaster of an army is an officer the importance of whose duties even military men cannot always appreciate. His conveyances by land and sea carry the soldier and all his appliances of war. The myriad horses and mules are of his providing; the tents, camp and garrison equipage, forage, lumber and materials for shelter are the result of his labors. Barracks, hospitals, ambulances, harness, clothing, are formed and supplied from his resources. He charters ships, makes roads and railroads, builds bridges and pontoons, and, in short, is the great artificer without whose aid an army must starve, and many a campaign become a blunder and a ruin.

The report commences with the great Western campaign of Sherman. Atlanta had become a point at which an army of 90,000 men was to be supplied, over a line of operations 300 miles in extent. We all know the natural obstacles of mountain, wood and flood which the advance to Atlanta had to surmount. The unspeakable difficulties of providing for the necessities of the troops we can but guess at. But the Quartermaster's Department rebuilt the railroads, rebuilt the bridges—one, the Etowah bridge, 625 feet long and 75 feet high, in six days; anther, the Chattahoochie bridge, 740 feet long and 90 feet high in 4½ days—and at no time during the march from Chattanooga was a train five days behind the pursuing troops. SHERMAN having accomplished his work, and Atlanta won, he moved toward the Atlantic coast, and cut loose from his base of supplies. Immediately the great stream of those supplies was turned to meet him on the Atlantic coast. In the dead of Winter a great fleet, laden with vast stores of all kinds, was assembled with the utmost celerity, and but a few days after the fall of Savannah, had removed incredible obstacles from the river of that name, and discharged its cargo upon the wharves of the city, returning North with great store of captured cotton. In succession the base of supplies was removed to Beaufort and Goldsboro', and, indeed, through all the movements subsequently, the welcome Quartermaster was always ready. Over 100,000 men to provide for, over 5,000 wagons to keep in repair, and over 65,000 animals to feed, were but a part of the duties of the department—duties never neglected, always well performed and up to time. And all this time, as all through the war, another great army was cared for day by day in Virginia. And, the war over, the department sees the boys safe home. War is like a great romance to those who do not see its terrors; the Quartermaster's report is equally dramatic in its illustrations of perseverance, bravery and skill.

We have not space for more than the merest outline of the total figures presented by this extraordinary report. During the year ending June, 1865, there were purchased or manufactured 3,463,858 trousers, 3,703,393 drawers, 722,264 coats and jackets, 698,187 tents, 2,372,258 blankets, 5,684,572 stockings, 2,617,560 pairs of boots and shoes, and perfect Alps of other articles. Only fancy, if you can, a pile of 16,330 drums! A vast quantity of this material has been sold, and much remains for use in case of need. The marine of the department was something gigantic—351 steamers, 111 tugs, 80 sailing vessels, 168 barges; or a total of 719 vessels of, together, 224,984 tons.

We set out with the design of giving an outline of Gen. MEIGS' report. We have only been able to give a few hints of its outline. The money portion of it is all that we can spare space for to-day. The balance brought forward from the previous year and sums received since foot up $459,630,905, and of this great sum $27,924,847 remains—which is a tolerably large business transaction, as our readers will allow. How that business was transacted, what business talents it developed, what industries it called forth, what mechanical genius it displayed, what a debt of gratitude it entailed upon the country, a perusal of the report itself can alone make known. We have read of the operations of other similar organizations in other wars, across the sea. But for the immensity of its resources, and the magnitude of its results, the Quartermaster's Department of the United States is approached even by none of any clime, nor, we believe, of any age.

ASSAULTS UPON GRANT.—There seems to be even more caution on the part of the malcontents in attacking Gen. GRANT. Some papers, however, are, in a weak way, finding fault with his report upon the condition of things in the South, as observed by him in his late tour as far as Augusta, Ga. They dispute the accuracy of both his observations and his deductions. There was nothing, however, very novel either in the one or the other. They coincided in every respect with views which we had previously had from all moderate and intelligent men at or from the South, who had written to us or with whom we had had personal intercourse. The Lieutenant-General had no end to subserve but truth—no "case" to represent other than the case as it is. Had he represented Southern affairs as dark and threatening he would, of course, have retained the larger army under his command, and would have had the greater power in his hands. But he is as magnanimous to the Southern people now as he was to the army of Gen. LEE upon its surrender. His desire is not only to have peace but the spirit of peace; not only Union but that which gives the Union its highest value. It is unsafe for the malcontents to contend against GRANT, either in peace or war. And we judge by the meanness of their assaults upon him that they are not entirely unaware of the fact.

Indian Affairs and the Secretary of the Interior.

We were glad to see the resolution, recently brought before the House by Mr. DOOLITTLE, rendering assistance to Indians in the United States Territory. In general, the relation of the Anglo-Saxon race with inferior races, all the world over, is a most unpleasant matter to contemplate. Whether it is with the Hindoos, or the Australians, or Jamaicans, or on this side with Californian Chinese, or negroes, or Indians, the uniform habit and tendency of this "imperial race" is to crush the weak.

Whatever Christianity has done in the world, it has but in the faintest degree modified the tyrannical and grasping spirit of our race toward all lower and weaker races. Our progress and the English progress is continually over the ruins of nations less skilled and with less of our pertinacious energy. The dealings of this nation toward the Indians form one of the most disgraceful chapters in modern history. We first drive them from their lands, and then suffer them to be poisoned with our diseases and debauched with our vices. They are steadily driven back to the region of the buffalo, and now even in the wild mountains bordering on that region, the miners are destroying the game and breaking up the solitude, on which their support as hunters depends. This result, of course, cannot be avoided, but what could be done, should be the preparation by education and the facilities of civilization of the friendly Indians for something better. It seems to be generally admitted that many of the "Indian Agents" who have hitherto been the carriers of civilization to them, have been the worst enemies these poor people ever had.

The Secretary of the Interior proposes in his recent message, "a civilization and educational fund" to be provided by Congress, and disbursed in coöperation with benevolent organizations of private individuals. He thinks that the churches of all denominations would then attempt to occupy this missionary field, and that the Indian tribes would thus be brought into contact with a class of men and women "conforming to a higher standard of morals than that recognized as obligatory by too many of the present employes of the government." He hopes that thus they would be gradually elevated, and led to adopt agricultural and pastural pursuits.

There are now three hundred and fifty thousand Indians within the jurisdiction of our government. It is satisfactory to know that the calamities which have recently been brought upon some of the tribes, are not directly our own fault. They broke their treaties, and taking advantage of our troubles, as well as instigated by rebel emissaries, attacked our peaceful settlements, perpetrating the most horrible barbarities, and entering on an unprovoked war. The result was, of course, disaster and ruin to themselves. Their country was laid waste, vast amounts of property were destroyed, and the inhabitants were reduced to a state of the utmost destitution, so that this Winter thousands will die of starvation, unless assisted by the government.

The political result of the war has been the abolition of slavery among the conquered Indians, the cession of some of their lands for Indians who had been on reservations elsewhere, and the establishment of civil government among them.

If no other argument were needed for civilizing instead of exterminating these wild tribes, it would be found in the immense expense of such a cruel proceeding. Each regiment sent against them costs the country $2,000,000 per annum, and the warfare might be waged with no apparent result for a generation; while the effect would be to break up or endanger all our chains of connection between the Atlantic and Pacific.

We are glad that the Secretary of the Interior has the independent judgment and the humanity to protest in advance against such cruelty, and to recommend that "stringent legislation be adopted for the punishment of violations of persons and property of numbers of Indian tribes who are at peace with the government."

Some such measure as the establishment of an "educational fund," to be disbursed in coöperation with private societies, will have to be adopted, if we would not have the Indians of the plains perish from starvation or become utter beasts of prey.

There is no doubt that our churches have been too much absorbed in the heathen of Asia and Africa, and have thought too little of the heathen whom the conquering Anglo-Saxon race were trampling under foot.

It ought to be a matter of the most absolute duty for our humane and religious community to raise up and civilize the Indians. It is a matter of national honor that these wild owners of the soil, ruined by our success, should receive exact justice in the desolate regions yet abandoned to them.

Direct Southern Trade with Europe.

The steamship commerce between New-Orleans and Liverpool direct, is quite large, and is enlarging. In the latest New-Orleans papers at hand, we find two lines advertised. One of these lines owns two steamers, and the other line has nine iron screw steamships, averaging nearly two thousand tons burden. The latter line has a vessel sailing from Liverpool every alternate Tuesday, and from New-Orleans every alternate Saturday. The ownership of the line, like that of the chief lines running between this city and European ports, is in foreign hands. Large quantities of cotton are being carried by these screw steamers.

American capitalists, shipbuilders, shipowners and commercial people, seem to be fixed in their opinion that it will not pay to have steamships and lines of our own to carry on our own commerce with Europe. English and French capitalists, however, *know* how immensely profitable are investments in this way. Both of them are competing for the control of the Southern carrying trade, as they already possess that with the North. After they get the whole of it, with both sections in their control, then we shall have something to boast of.

OUR INTERNAL REVENUES.—No little astonishment is expressed at the continued magnitude of the receipts of the Internal Revenue Bureau. Not the least amazed individuals are the officers of the bureau and the Secretary of the Treasury himself. The experiences are so far beyond the previous estimates, and the steadiness is so different from the anticipated variations, that the whole can only be accounted for by the great maxim that we are a wonderful people.

The excellent working of the system will, we trust, make Congress careful of tinkering at it. It is a matter of course that it should be found fault with, and the numerous interests should consider themselves more or less injured by it. Any system of taxation would be found fault with in the same way. But taking the whole community and the general interests, it certainly does not bear hard upon them; and its hardest bearings are assuredly not upon the poor. Seeing that the results to the public revenue are so favorable, it would, therefore, be as well to have as few alterations in the law as possible.

THE SPEAKERSHIP OF THE ASSEMBLY.—Hon. DE WITT C. LITTLEJOHN, as will be seen, declines allowing the use of his name as a candidate for Speaker.

Mr. LITTLEJOHN has presided for five or six years over the deliberations of the Assembly, and always with such ability, dignity and impartiality as to secure its confidence and regard. It was natural, therefore, that he should have again been thought of for Speaker. But having enjoyed the honor for several years, he very handsomely leaves the field to others, several members being spoken of for the chair. Though, as we are happy to know, the Assembly contains several members of distinguished ability, it will be fortunate if one as eminently fit as Mr. LITTLEJOHN shall be chosen.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Saturday, Oct. 22.

THE MEXICAN MISSION.

Gen. LOGAN has declined the mission to Mexico and LEWIS D. CAMPBELL has been nominated to the Senate in his place. Mr. CAMPBELL is a staunch supporter of President JOHNSON'S policy, and differs in this respect from a large portion of the Ohio delegation.

MINISTER TO FRANCE.

Hon. JOHN BIGELOW, who was appointed *ad interim* Minister to France, has been nominated by the President for confirmation.

MINISTER TO JAPAN.

It is stated that Gen. VAN VALKENBURG, of New-York, has been appointed Minister to Japan.

SOUTHERN MEMBERS GOING HOME.

JACOB BARKER, member of Congress elect from Louisiana, left several days ago for home. Others from the South are following his example, and will not return until Congress has acted on the questions pending regarding the political status of the States lately in rebellion.

THE FREEDMEN'S BUREAU.

In the recent report of Lieut.-Gen. GRANT to the President, giving his views of the feelings of the Southern people, he spoke of the Freedmen's Bureau as an absolute necessity until civil law is established and enforced, securing to the freedmen their rights and full protection, and said in this conversation "at present, however, it is independent of the military establishment of the country, and seems to be operated by the different agents of the bureau according to their individual notions." Gen. HOWARD, Commissioner of Freedmen's Affairs, in view of this remark of Gen. GRANT, to-day issued an order calling attention of the Assistant Commissioners to that report, and saying, "the most thorough inspection will at once be made, and the evils complained of be corrected. No order from the War Department makes the bureau independent of the military establishment, and any agent or officer who pretends to act contrary to such instructions will be forthwith removed or reported to the Department Commander for trial by court-martial. In all matters of a military character they are under the direction of the Department Commander, in the same manner as an officer of engineers building a fort in the same department, who reports directly to the Chief-Engineer. Every Assistant Commissioner will constantly seek coöperation with the Department Commander, and must keep him furnished with all information in his possession. His formal approval must be secured, when possible, to all orders and circulars issued by the Assistant Commissioners."

EQUALIZING BOUNTIES.

The bills before Congress to equalize bounties to soldiers and sailors, as they are styled, are simply for the purpose of paying bounties to such soldiers and sailors who enlisted in the early part of the war without them. The project will meet with earnest opposition, on the ground of expense, for it will take at least seventy-five million dollars to pay them. Many Congressmen will favor the issue of land warrants rather than burdening the treasury with so great a debt.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

The receipts for internal revenue to-day amount to one million two hundred and ninety-nine thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine dollars and sixty-two cents. The total receipts from the 1st of July last up to this evening are one hundred and seventy millions of dollars. The sum will be increased to one hundred and seventy-five millions of dollars by the 1st of January, making, at this rate, a grand total of three hundred and seventy-five millions of dollars per annum.

INTEREST MONEY ON HAND.

The interest on the public debt, payable in gold on the 1st of January next, is now in possession of the government, and will be payable on Tuesday next, the 26th inst., the Secretary of the Treasury having determined to anticipate the payment one week. The amount is between thirteen and fourteen millions of dollars.

INCREASE OF EXPENSES.

A number of experienced propositions are coming from the Committee on Appropriations. Our pension list is to be doubled also.

DISABLED SOLDIERS.

An order will be issued by Gen. GRANT in a day or two directing that disabled soldiers, capable of doing duty as watchmen of public buildings and other like services, shall have preference in such employment over able-bodied men in the army. The object of this order is to prevent the discharge and mustering out of disabled soldiers as far as may be, by making room for them in positions where they can perform service as well as able-bodied men.

HEAVY ROBBERY.

A Paymaster of the United States Army went into a bank in this city to-day with $15,000, which he laid on the counter and turned about for the purpose of writing a check. His clerk entered at the time and likewise placed on the counter a package of $10,000, and then engaged in conversation with a friend. While the Paymaster and his clerk were thus engaged some party in the crowd stole the $15,000 package, with which he made his escape unnoticed.

PERSONAL.

Mr. A. P. LANTS, late Military Agent for the State of Indiana, who was removed by Gov. MORTON, has been appointed to a position in the House of Representatives.

THE TEST OATH.

In the United States Supreme Court to-day, pending the case *ex parte* A. H. GARLAND, of ARKANSAS, asking to be allowed to practice as a counselor, Hon. REVERDY JOHNSON delivered an argument against the constitutionality of the Congressional test oath. There being no antecedent government to our own, it is necessary to look into the constitution itself to see what powers were originally conferred upon Congress. These being stated, Congress is authorized to pass all necessary and proper laws to carry them into effect. These powers are to be so construed as to effect the object they are designed to accomplish. It is the duty of the court to ascertain what this is, and then determine whether the legislation will defeat or secure the end. A restriction to the class of powers is that Congress shall pass no ex post facto law or bill of attainder. The meaning of this is well understood to be that any law which makes an act a crime which was not a crime when the act was committed. But the law of 186 does punish in point of fact, because it precludes the petitioner from the exercise of a lawful occupation, and strikes at a profession in which his hopes at ambition and support of himself and family are involved. The punishment is severe, cruel and unexampled. It subjects him to all the obligations of the constitution, while it takes from him all its advantages. The original act of 1862 was not made applicable to attorneys in the courts of the United States. Three years were suffered to elapse, when some one in Congress, who may have been peculiarly sensitive, and who saw danger in every man who had taken part in the rebellion, introduced a bill applying the provisions of the law to practicing attorneys. The bill was submitted to the Judiciary Committee of the Senate, and by a unanimous vote was rejected. It afterward, however, received the sanction of the

Miss Lucille Western will Appear As Miami,
The Wild Huntress of the Mississippi;
in Buckstone's Delightful Drama, Entitled
Green Bushes;
or Ireland and America 100 Years Ago;
at
Niblo's Garden,
Christmas Night and During Next Week.

It Works to Perfection.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething, is perfectly harmless. It produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It corrects wind colic, regulates the bowels, gives rest to the mother, and health to the child. Offices, No. 48 Dey-st., New-York, and No. 205 High Holborn, London, England.

Sore Throat, Cough, Cold and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, result in serious pulmonary affections, oftentimes incurable. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES reach directly the seat of the disease, and give almost instant relief. They have been thoroughly tested, and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine.

Saratoga Springs.

EMPIRE WATER.
CONGRESS WATER.
COLUMBIAN WATER.
Sold by all Druggists, Hotel and Wine Merchants.
Sold at wholesale only by
HOTCHKISS SONS,
Nos. 92 Beekman and 98 Cedar-st., New-York City.

Bradbury's Pianos "the Best."—Pronounced "the Best" by the most renowned artists. "Superior in tone, touch, power, Durability and elegance of finish." Warerooms Nos. 427 and 429 Broome-st., corner of Crosby. Call or send for circular. WM. B. BRADBURY.

A Most Valuable Gift by Mail.

Two three-cent stamps is the postage on a box of DURNO'S CATARRH SNUFF, to your friend in California or any part of the United States.
Sold by all druggists at 25 cents per box.

Fresh from Fairyland.—Have you seen the beautiful holiday styles in which PHALON'S NIGHT BLOOMING CEREUS has been put up for Christmas and New Year's presents? Never has taste enshrined any toilet article in such exquisite externals.

One trial will satisfy the most doubtful of the real merit of DALLEY'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR, especially for piles, burns, rheumatism and all skin diseases. Can be bought of all druggists.

Great Grapes.

A bunch of about 80 fine grapes placed upon a saucer, each grape filled with fine French extract, can be picked from the bunch, the extract poured upon the handkerchief, and then replaced the same as before. Wholesale and retail, only by
J. C. RUSHTON, Chemist and Druggist,
Broadway, corner 25th-st.

Beautiful and Rare Toilet Indispensables FOR CHRISTMAS AND NEW-YEAR PRESENTS.—Purchasers are requested to examine our rare and choice assortment of Toilet Sets, Jewel Cases, Parian Busts, Colognes and Cologne Bottles, Sachel Powders, &c., &c. All being selected with special regard to the tastes of the elite.
CASWELL, MACK & CO.,
Under Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer is the best article known to preserve the hair.
It will positively restore gray hair to its original color. It keeps the hair from falling out. It is the best dressing in the world, making lifeless, stiff, brashy hair healthy, soft and glossy. Price $1. For sale by all druggists.

A Valuable Present—Semmons'
BRAZILIAN PEBBLE SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES.
BRILLIANT AND POWERFUL OPERA GLASSES.
SEMMONS, No. 669½ Broadway, under Lafarge House.

A Household Necessity Exists for the Use of DURNO'S CATARRH SNUFF,
Which, in the first stages of a cold, acts like magic.

To the Ladies.

In our notice of Messrs. IRA PEREGO & SON'S establishment, yesterday, we omitted to state that their specialty for the Holidays is an ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF SCARFS, GLOVES and NECK-TIES, which cannot be excelled as presents for gentlemen. Stores, No. 197 Broadway and No. 85 Nassau-st.

Curtains
AND CURTAIN MATERIALS OF ALL KINDS.
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS.
At KELTY'S, No. 359 Broadway.

Holiday Stock.

All the Fancy Furs at Common Sense Prices at GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.

The best in the world, the only reliable and perfect dye known. Instantaneous and harmless. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. Sold by all druggists and perfumers. Factory No. 81 Barclay-st.

Gifts for the Holidays.
WATCHES, WATCHES.
The undersigned are offering their large stock of American and Swiss Watches, at retail, during the Holidays only, AT WHOLESALE PRICES.
QUINCHE & KRUGLER, No. 8 John-st., up stairs.

Holiday Presents.

ELEGANT AND USEFUL GIFTS.—Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, SLIPPERS, SLIPPERS, SLIPPERS, &c., for ladies, gents, youth, misses and children, at BROOKS' Shoe Emporium, No. 375 Broadway. E. A. BROOKS, Agent.

Great Excitement.

Go and see the elegant assortment of Holiday Gifts at Brooks' shoe-store. Toilet slippers in every variety as well as all sorts of boots, shoes, gaiters, &c. Slippers for ladies, gents and children at No. 375 Broadway.
E. A. BROOKS, Agent.

Hull's Demulcent Soap.

For chapped or tender hands and nursery, use J. C. HULL'S soap, No. 52 Park-row, N. Y. Sold everywhere.

Superb Holiday Gifts.

THE CELEBRATED CRAIG MICROSCOPE, magnifying about 10,000 times, an endless source of amusement and instruction, is mailed, prepaid, for $2 50, or with six beautiful mounting objects for $3 25; with 24 objects, $5 50, by HENRY CRAIG, No. 120 Centre-st., New-York. Also sold by FOWLER & WELLS, 389 Broadway.

Holiday Gifts.
LORIN BROOKS & SONS,
No. 434 Broadway, corner of Howard-st.
Embroidered Slippers.
Patent Leather Boots, $12 and $15.
Calf Boots, $12.
Calf Double-soled Boots, $12 and $15.

Window Shades, all Styles,
GILT, WHITE AND COLORED HOLLAND.
FOR ALL PLACES.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY, Manufacturers,
No. 359 Broadway.

To Present-Makers.

The most carefully selected assortment of elegant furs in the city, and at rates far below the "sensation prices" of the day, at GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway.

Holiday Hats.
IN VARIETY OF STYLE AND TEXTURE,
JUST ISSUED BY
BURKE, No. 499 Broadway,
Adjoining Lord & Taylor's, and No. 154 Fulton-st.

A Card.

BOY'S CLOTHING enough to supply the whole city to sell very cheap. I. V. BROKAW, No. 62 Lafayette-pl. and No. 34 4th-av., opposite Cooper Institute.

Ivory and Pearl Gilt Letter and Plain Sleeve Buttons, Jewelry, Combs, Belt Buckles, Tooth Brushes, &c., &c., latest French styles. Finest assortment in this city, wholesale and retail.
WM. M. WELLING, No. 571 Broadway, (up stairs,) Opposite Metropolitan Hotel.

The Burglar His Own Informer.—The opening of each window and door telegraphs to your room and never fails. Applied invisibly and without damage. E. HOLMES, No. 198 Broadway.

Dr. Sherwood, No. 545 Broadway, has inguinal and umbilical trusses which can be worn in bed or out without pain; also supporters, suspensory bandages and shoulder braces of the best quality.

Second-Hand Safes in large numbers, of our own and others' make, taken in exchange for our new patent ALUM and DRY PLASTER SAFES. For sale low. MARVIN & CO., 265 B'dway, and 271 Chestnut-st., Phila.

The Florence Sewing Machine, with reversible feed and uniform tension, making four different stitches. NO. 505 BROADWAY.

Everdell's Card Depot, 302 Broadway.—Elegant visiting cards and fine French and English note-paper for the holidays. Also, elegant monograms.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines for family use, No. 495 Broadway.

Improved Lock-Stitch Machines for Tailors and Manufacturers. GROVER & BAKER SEWING-MACHINE COMPANY, No. 495 Broadway.

A Silent Sewing Machine—Making the celebrated "Willcox & Gibbs Stitch"—strong, elastic and durable. WILLCOX & GIBBS, No. 508 Broadway.

Sewing Machines for Sale and to Rent.
V. W. WICKES, No. 498 Broadway.

The Universal Clothes Wringer, with cogs. The best in use. R. C. BROWNING, 347 Broadway.

Howe Sewing Machine Company.—ELIAS HOWE, Jr., President, 629 Broadway. Agents wanted.

Brown's
VERMIFUGE COMFITS,
OR, WORM LOZENGES.

Much sickness undoubtedly with children and adults, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms. The "VERMIFUGE COMFITS," although effectual in destroying worms, can do no possible injury to the most delicate child. This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be safe and sure in eradicating worms, so hurtful to children.

Children having worms require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes prolonged sickness.

Symptoms of worms in children are often overlooked. Worms in the stomach and bowels cause irritation, which can be removed only by the use of a sure remedy. The combination of ingredients used in making BROWN'S "VERMIFUGE COMFITS," is such as to give the best possible effect with safety.

Sold by Druggists, Chemists and dealers in Medicines, at Twenty-five Cents a Box.

Colgate's Honey Soap.

This celebrated **Toilet Soap,** in such universal demand, is made from the **choicest materials,** is **mild and emollient** in its nature, **fragrantly scented,** and extremely beneficial in its action upon the skin. For sale by all druggists and fancy-goods dealers.

Holiday Presents.—BALL, BLACK & CO., Nos. 565 and 567 Broadway, are now receiving a very choice collection of watches, clocks, jewelry, bronzes, paintings, fancy goods, &c., suitable for presents, purchased in England, France and Germany, by Mr. Ball, during the past three months, expressly for this Holiday season. Those wishing to purchase, either for presents or to furnish their residences, will find the largest stock and most extensive variety ever exhibited in this country.

The Last Days of Ex-President MARTIN VAN BUREN were made comfortable by the use of JONAS WHITCOMB'S ASTHMA REMEDY. Letters in our possession from his physician and from Mr. Van Buren himself, express much gratification with the result of its use.

Extract from the "Life of Washington Irving," by his nephew, Pierre M. Irving, vol. IV. page 272:

"The doctor prescribed, as an experiment—what had been suggested by Dr. O. W. Holmes on his late visit—'Jonas Whitcomb's Remedy for Asthma,' a teaspoonful in a wineglass of water, to be taken every four hours. A good night was the result."

In no case of purely asthmatic character has it failed to give prompt relief, and in many cases a permanent cure has been effected. No danger need be apprehended from its use. An infant may take it with perfect safety. (See circular.)
JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., Boston, Sole proprietors.
For sale by all druggists.

Marshall's Uterine Catholicon.

Infallible in all cases of female weakness, whatever the symptoms may be. Price $1 50 per bottle.
LOOK FOR THE SEAL OF THE GRAEFENBERG COMPANY. Sold at No. 139 William-st., (near Fulton,) and by dealers everywhere.

Pianos for the Holidays.
CALENBERG & VAUPEL'S NEW IMPROVED PIANOFORTES.
Warerooms, No. 101 Bleecker-st., second block west of Broadway.

Lace Curtains.
NOTTINGHAM, SWISS TAMBOURED,
SWISS APPLICATION
NEW STYLES, JUST IMPORTED.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY, No. 359 Broadway.

Won't Use Any Other.

WEBSTER'S VEGETABLE HAIR INVIGORATOR is the greatest blessing to those whose hair has turned gray from any cause ever yet discovered.
DEMAS BARNES & CO., New-York, General Agents.

Dashing Young Men

Will find the new style of hat for the holidays at GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway. The most elegant fabric of the season.

Diseases and Abuses which prematurely prostrate the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

A Beautiful and Useful Holiday Gift.—A Grover & Baker Family Sewing Machine will lighten domestic labor, promote health and happiness, and be a source of perpetual pleasure and profit. Salesrooms No. 495 Broadway.

Trusses, Abdomen Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Silk Elastic Stockings, Knee Caps and Anklets, Crutches and Suspensory Bandages. A lady attendant. MARSH BROS., No. 542 Broadway.

New Things on Ice.

The Skating Cape, Skating Gloves and Fur Comforters At GENIN'S, No. 513 Broadway.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Trusses.—Dr. Langworthy's new Premium Truss—the only easy truss in use—cures more cases than all others. Supporters, Braces, Elastic Stockings, &c. HELMBOLD'S, No. 594 Broadway, New-York.

Bricks.—30,000 to 35,000 splendid bricks are made per day by the National Brick Machine. Satisfaction guaranteed. ABRAM REQUA, No. 130 Broadway.

Cards for New Year Calls, New Style.—Before purchasing call on A. DEMAREST, Engraver, No. 182 Broadway.

Holiday Presents of Affection and Charity.—Wheeler & Wilson's Lock Stitch Sewing-Machine and Button-hole Machine, No. 625 Broadway.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF GOODS FOR
HOLIDAY SALES.
DECORATED DINNER SETS.
DECORATED TEA AND TETE-A-TETE SETS.
BRONZE CLOCKS AND STATUARY.
PARIAN STATUARY.
MANTEL VASES AND SETS.
RICH CUT AND ENGRAVED GLASS.
FINE PLATED WARE, &c., &c.

Store open in the evenings during the month of December.

OVINGTON BROTHERS,
Fulton-st., near Clark-st.,
Brooklyn.

N. B.—Goods delivered in New-York.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.
MONUMENTS, GAMES, AND PUZZLES.

Four boxes, each complete in itself. "The most appropriate and beautiful of Holiday Presents for the young of both sexes, from three to sixteen years of age."—*New-York Evangelist.*

1.—PARLOR MONUMENTS. Five to the Presidents Washington and Lincoln. Price, $2.
2.—THE PALACE OF SANTA CLAUS and DOMINOS. 9 Games and 50 Puzzles. Price, $1 25.
3.—THE KINGS OF ENGLAND and the HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT. Price, $1.
4.—THE RABBIT IN THE GARDEN OF FLOWERS. For the little ones. Price, $1.
Sold by all booksellers and dealers in toys. On the receipt of $5, the 4 Boxes will be sent by express, free of charge, to any place east of the Mississippi, by
OAKLEY & MASON, Booksellers and Stationers,
No. 21 Murray-st., New-York.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED
Ten cases, per steamer *Lafayette,* containing
FINE BRONZE GROUPS AND STATUETTES,
AND
FRENCH MARBLE CLOCKS,
Making in all the finest and largest assortment of these goods in either city.
OVINGTON BROTHERS,
Fulton-st., near Clark, Brooklyn.
N. B.—Store open in the evenings during December.

RICH HOLIDAY GIFTS,
AT MILLER & CO.'S,
NO. 9 MAIDEN-LANE.

GOODYEAR'S I. R. G. M'F'G CO.,
No. 205 Broadway, near Fulton-st.,
offer for the holidays a fine assortment of
VULCANITE JEWELRY,
Bracelets, Brooches, Ear-rings, Sleeve-buttons, Chains Chatelaines, Charms, Pencils, etc. Also
INDIA RUBBER TOYS, BALLS AND FANCY ARTICLES
in endless variety, at wholesale and retail.

GLOVE-BOXES, CIGAR-CASES,
AT MILLER & CO.'S,
NO. 9 MAIDEN-LANE.

FINE TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
SILVER-PLATED GOODS,
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN SKATES,
BOYS' SLEIGHS, TOOL-CHESTS, &c.
W. H. SEYMOUR, & CO., No. 4 Chatham-square.

WORK-BOXES AND DRESSING-CASES,
AT MILLER & CO.'S,
NO. 9 MAIDEN-LANE.

ELEGANT FANS, ELEGANT FANS,
AT MILLER & CO.'S,
NO. 9 MAIDEN-LANE.

COLD-IN-E! COLD-IN-E!

For colds, coughs and influenza. This preparation is agreeable to the taste, and an effectual cure. RUSHTON'S family drug-store, 10 Astor House, cor. Barclay-st.

THE WONDERFUL CANTERING HORSES—Prices $12 to $25; every boy and girl wants one. Spring rocking-horses, chair-rockers, sleighs with seats and bodies, swings, strong wagons, pack horses, &c., for sale by the manufacturer, S. W. SMITH, No. 90 William-st., near Maiden-lane.

3,500 PAIRS GENTLEMEN'S HEAVY canton flannel drawers at $1 75, by SMITH & FOWLER, 3 Park-row, opposite Astor House; also at 379 Broadway. Cheapest men's furnishing stores in America.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

HARPER & BROTHERS, NEW-YORK,
PUBLISH THIS DAY:
DICKENS'
NEW
CHRISTMAS STORY
DR. MARIGOLD'S
PRESCRIPTIONS.
Price 15 cents.

From the London Review, Dec. 9.

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NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the American Coal Company of Allegany County, Md., for the election of a Board of Directors, to serve during the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at this office on TUESDAY, the 26th inst., at 12 o'clock M. The polls will be opened from 11 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M. The transfer book will be closed from the evening of the 16th inst. to the 30th of December. G. P. LLOYD, Vice-President.

OFFICE DOUGLASS MINING COMPANY OF MICHIGAN,
No. 22 WILLIAM-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN assessment of $1 per share has been levied upon the Capital Stock of the Douglass Mining Company, payable on Dec. 30, inst., at the office of the Company. All assessments not promptly paid will be charged interest at the rate of 7 per cent. per annum. No transfer of stock will be allowed after the above date, unless the assessment shall have been paid thereon. By order of the Board of Directors. J. EDWARDS, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE TRUSTEES OF CREDITORS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF THE OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD COMPANY, (EASTERN DISTRICT.)
NO. 68 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 15, 1865.

THE INTEREST DUE 1ST JANUARY, 1866, on the preferred certificates issued by this trust, will be paid on and after the 2d day of January, at this office, to those in whose name said certificates stand registered on the 23d inst.
The transfer books, both of common and preferred certificates, will be closed at 2 P. M. on the 23d inst., and opened Jan. 8, 1866, at 10 A. M.
ALLEN CAMPBELL, Chairman.

OFFICE OF CENTRAL PETROLEUM COMPANY,
NO. 8 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Dec. 21, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the CENTRAL PETROLEUM COMPANY, for the election of trustees, will be held at the office of the company, on TUESDAY, Jan. 2, 1866, at 12 o'clock M. (the first Monday in January, the regular day of meeting, being a holiday.)
Polls will be open from 12 to 1 o'clock.
Transfer books will be closed from Dec. 30 to Jan. 2, both days inclusive. AUSTIN STEVENS, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE TRUSTEES OF THE FIRST Mortgage Bondholders of the Vermont Valley Railroad Company will pay the coupons of April 1, 1860, on and after the 2d day of January, at the office of the same at the office of the Treasurer, in Bellows Falls, Vt. For the convenience of bondholders in New-York and Boston, coupons will be paid for the space of one month, viz., from the 2d day of January to the 2d day of February, at the National Park Bank, in the City of New-York, and thereafter will only be paid at the office of the Treasurer, in Bellows Falls, Vt. Dated, Dec. 18, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, NO. 61 WALL-ST., COR. WILLIAM,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 14, 1865.

THE BOOKS OF THIS COMPANY WILL close on the last day of the year, preparatory to its annual statement. Persons holding policies on risks which shall have terminated during the year, prior to 1st January next, are requested to furnish an account of the premiums thereon, and a statement of all claims for return of premiums, to prevent discrepancies in the accounts. A. H. FRANCIS, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE METROPOLITAN GAS-LIGHT COMPANY,
CORNER BROADWAY AND 42D-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this company, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the company, on MONDAY, Jan. 8, 1866. Polls open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M. The transfer book will be closed from Dec. 23 to Jan. 9, both days inclusive. WM. G. HART, Secretary.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, Nos. 37 AND 39 PINE-ST.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

THE REGULAR MEETING of the shareholders of this bank for the election of nine Directors and three Inspectors of Election, to serve for one year, will be held at their banking-house, as above, on TUESDAY, the second day of January, 1866, at 12 o'clock noon, and closing at 3 o'clock P. M. of that day. H. SEAMAN, Cashier.
NEW-YORK, 8th December, 1865.

THE NATION AL MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of this bank for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking-house No. 38 Wall-st., in this city, on MONDAY, the 8th day of January next, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock P. M. CHANDLER, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE PACIFIC MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
TRINITY BUILDING, NO. 111 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

THE BOOKS OF THIS COMPANY WILL close on the 31st inst., preparatory to its annual statement. Persons holding policies on risks which shall have terminated during the year are requested to furnish an account of the premiums thereon, and a statement of all claims for return of premium, to prevent discrepancies in the accounts. THOMAS HALE, Secretary.

CITY OF PORTSMOUTH BONDS.—THE undersigned, in behalf of the City of Portsmouth, State of Ohio, would call the holders of the bonds of said city, falling due Jan. 1, 1866, at the Life Insurance and Trust Company, to meet him at the Astor House, Dec. 28 and 27, 1865, to pay the interest and part of the principal then due upon which he proposes them for an extension of the balance due on said bonds.
GEO. JOHNSON.
ASTOR HOUSE, NEW-YORK CITY, Dec 20, 1865.

THE CHATHAM NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this association will be held at the banking-room, on TUESDAY, the 9th day of January next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M. GEO. HABGOOD, Cashier.
O. H. SCHREINER, Cashier.

METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK,
NO. 108 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 15, 1865.

ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR Directors of the Metropolitan National Bank will be held on TUESDAY, 9th January proximo.
The poll will open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M.
GEORGE I. SENEY, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL CITIZENS' BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Bank will be held at the Banking-room, on TUESDAY, the 9th day of January next. Polls open from 12 to 1 o'clock, P. M.
W. H. OAKLEY, Cashier.

AN ELECTION FOR SEVEN TRUSTEES for the PHELPS AND GILLMORE GOLD MINING COMPANY will be held at their office, Nos. 20 and 22 Nassau-st., New-York, on TUESDAY, Jan. 10, 1866, at 12 o'clock noon. The transfer books will be closed from the 8th to the 15th of January.
W. H. STURDEVANT, Acting Secretary.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK, No. 240 BROADWAY,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 8, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking-house on the second TUESDAY in January next, (9th proximo,) between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

LOST—A CERTIFICATE FOR 100 SHARES of QUICKSILVER MINING COMPANY, No. 4,154, in the name of Isaac H. Reed. Notice is hereby given that cause must be shown why a new certificate should not be issued therefor.
GEO. W. EVERSON, Attorney Court

FINANCIAL.

H. J. MESSENGER,
BANKER,
NO. 139 BROADWAY,
All denominations of 7 3-10 notes on hand for immediate delivery.
Gold, Government Securities, Stocks and Bonds bought and sold on commission.

7 3-10 CURRENCY COUPONS,
DUE DEC. 15.
1881 GOLD COUPONS,
DUE JAN. 1, 1866,
cashed by
MANN & BRUNDAGE,
No. 36 Pine-st.

THE
GREAT WESTERN
MARINE
INSURANCE COMPANY.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....$5,000,000
CASH PAID IN AND SURPLUS.....3,175,000
ASSETS.....3,677,000
HOME OFFICE,
No. 32 William-st., New-York.
BRANCH OFFICE,
Leadenhall-st., London.
BRANCH OFFICE,
Tower Chambers, Liverpool.

FREIGHTS and CARGOES are insured at these offices, to and from any part of the world, at the current premiums, and according to the usages in the respective localities, made payable at either city, in GOLD, STERLING or CURRENCY, as may be desired.
The Company returns 75 per cent. of the profits in scrip to policy-holders, (amounting last year to 40 per cent.), which is redeemable TWENTY PER CENT. IN CASH IN ADVANCE, or ONE HUNDRED PER CENT. IN SCRIP to those wishing to commute for the same in lower net premiums.
For the accommodation of shippers, certificates are issued, loses payable at the Company's bankers in London, on shipments of specie, merchandise or produce, which are available with bankers as collateral security.
WM. M. LOCKWOOD, Secretary

UNITED SATTES TREASURY.
INTEREST DEAPRTMENT.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

Parties holding thirty (30) or more Coupons of the several United States Government Loans, upon which the interest is due and payable Jan. 1, proximo, are requested to hand them in to this office, with schedule, at any time previous to the 29th inst.
Holders complying with the above request will have their coupons examined and checks given for them on the 30th instant, after 3 o'clock P. M. Blank schedules will be furnished upon application at the Coupon Interest Department. H. H. VAN DYCK,
Assistant Treasurer United States.

DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES.
THIRD NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1865.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank, for the election of directors, will be held at their banking-house on the second TUESDAY in January next. By order of the board.
J. C. MARSELLUS, Assistant Cashier.

NOTICE.
The holders of the Railroad Bonds of Scioto County and State of Ohio are hereby notified that an authorized agent will attend in the City of New-York, on the 1st day of January ensuing, at the banking-house of WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., for the purpose of paying the January interest on said bonds, and to make other arrangements in regard to their liquidation.
By order of the Board of Commissioners, Scioto County, State of Ohio.
PORTSMOUTH, Dec. 11, 1865.

COAL LANDS TO LEASE.
The NORTH CARBONDALE COAL COMPANY, owners of 1,200 acres of land located near Carbondale, Penn., and entirely free from debt, are desirous of making leases of the same to parties willing to make the improvements required, and connected with the Delaware and Hudson Railroad. The company have nearly $100,000 cash on hand, and are prepared to advance this sum, properly secured, toward opening their lands and marketing the products. Applications may be addressed to C. M. SCHOTT, Secretary, 319 Walnut-st., Philadelphia.

THE CENTRAL NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
The stockholders of this bank are hereby notified that the annual election for the choice of a Board of Directors will be held at the banking-house No. 236 Broadway, on TUESDAY, Jan. 9, 1866. The polls will be open from 12 to 1 o'clock P. M.
HENRY A. SMYTHE, President.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 9, 1865.

MICHIGAN STATE BONDS.
WAR BOUNTY LOAN 7s.
Payable at the pleasure of the State after 25 YEARS.
Principal and interest payable in New-York.
For sale at 92 per cent.
DAVAN WILKINS,
Stock Broker, Detroit, Mich.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK.
No. 240 Broadway.
DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE GOVERNMENT.
Bankers and dealers accounts solicited.
D. L. ROSS, President.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
AMERICAN BANKERS,
No. 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris,
AND
No. 8 Wall-st., New-York,
issue circular letters of credit for travelers in all parts of Europe, &c., &c. Also, commercial credits.

FOR SALE.
Dry-Dock, East Broadway and 34th-st Railroad; do. 42d-st.; do. 7th-av. and Broadway; do. Fulton Ferry and Bleecker-st. Railroad Stocks and Bonds at a liberal discount. Apply to S. R. JACOBS, No. 1 New-st.

LA CROSS AND MILWAUKEE RAILroad Company's FIRST MORTGAGE EARNING DIVISION BONDS.—The railroad and premises mortgaged to secure the payment of said bonds are advertised to be sold January 4, 1866. The undersigned have been appointed committees to purchase said premises for the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company. They have received for this purpose over $800,000 of the $1,000,000 of said Second Mortgage Bonds.
Bondholders who deposit their bonds with them on or before Dec. 25, will participate in the advantages of the purchase at similar rates to those who do not, will only be entitled to a dividend from the purchase money. They will receive said bonds at the office of the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company, No. 26 William-st., Room No. 9.
RUSSELL SAGE,
ALEX. MITCHELL,
WASHINGTON HUNT.

HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILroad COMPANY.—Agreeably to the provisions contained in the charter of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad Company, dated April 1, 1863, sealed proposals (indorsed proposals for Bonds) addressed to Wm. H. Swift, at Wall-st., Campbell & Co.'s, No. 52 Wall-st., New-York, or to R. S. Watson, Treasurer, Boston, will be received until noon of TUESDAY, Jan. 2, 1866, to the undersigned, for the sale of $44,000 of the Land Bonds of said company.
The bids will be opened at the office of the company, in Boston, on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 3, at 12 o'clock noon, and the accepted bids reported to the
SIDNEY BARTLETT,
NATHANIEL THAYER,
WILLIAM H. SWIFT. } Trustees.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 22, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE BOND VEIN COAL COMPANY,
NO. 166 WEST-ST., NEW-YORK CITY, Dec. 21, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of this company for the election of trustees for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before them, will be held at the company's office in this city on TUESDAY, Jan. 9, 1866, at 12 M.
A. MC. F. DAVIS, Secretary.

NATIONAL BROADWAY BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 20, 1865.

ELECTION.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION for directors of this bank, and for inspectors of the next ensuing election, will be held at the banking-house on TUESDAY, the 9th day of January proximo, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 o'clock P. M.
J. L. EVERITT, Cashier.

THE BANK OF NEW-YORK,
NATIONAL BANKING ASSOCIATION,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this bank will be held at the banking room on TUESDAY, the 9th of January next, from 12 M. until 1 o'clock and closing at 2 o'clock P. M.
JAMES D. EMERICK, Cashier.

MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY COMPANY'S OFFICE, No. 26 William-st.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 18, 1865.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THE MILwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company will be closed on December 26, 1865, preparatory to a dividend. They will be reopened Jan. 10, 1866. By order of the Directors.
CHARLES P. GILPIN, Transfer Agent.

TARR FARM PETROLEUM COMPANY.
OFFICE NO. 10 PINE-ST.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Tarr Farm Petroleum Company held Dec. 19, 1865, the capital stock of the company was reduced to one million of dollars, to be reissued in one hundred thousand shares of $10 each.
MILES WADSWORTH, President.
J. P. HOGARTH, Secretary.

OFFICE HAMILTON FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 11 WALL-ST.,
ORGANIZED 1859.

NOTICE.—AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this company will be held at the office on TUESDAY, Jan. 2, 1866. Polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M. By order of the board.
JAMES GILMORE, Secretary.

OCEAN NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this bank will be held at the banking-house on TUESDAY, the 16th of January next, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock.
J. S. HARTSHORNE, Assistant Cashier.

EIGHTH NATIONAL BANK, NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this bank will be held at the banking-house, No. 650 Broadway, on TUESDAY, Jan. 9, 1866, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
CHARLES HUDSON, Cashier.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Southwestern Iron Company will be held at the office of Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co., No. 56 Wall-st., on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 27, at 2 o'clock P. M.
JAMES H. FULLMAN, Secretary.

THE CROTON NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, 17 WALL-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 9, 1865.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking rooms on Tuesday, January 9, 1866, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
R. M. HEDDEN, Cashier.

GROCER'S NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 11, 1865.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS OF this Bank, will be held at the Banking-House, on TUESDAY, 9th day of January, 1866, from 12 to 1 o'clock.
SAMUEL B. WHITE, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE MARIETTA AND CINCINNATI R. R. CO.,
CHILLICOTHE, Ohio, Dec. 19, 1865.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THIS Company will close on the 31st inst., and reopen on the 16th day of January next.
W. E. WATSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF MONTAUK S. M. Co., Nov. 27, 1865.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THIS COMpany will be held at the office, No. 171 Broadway, on the 27th day of December next.
CHARLES W. COPELAND, President.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 6, 1865.

MR. C. S. JOSLYN WITHDRAWS FROM our firm from this date. The business will be continued under the same firm name, by N. W. RIKER & CO.
RIKER & CO.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW-YORK—DIVIDEND.—A semi-annual Dividend of five per cent., free from government tax, has been declared on the capital stock of this bank, payable on and after Jan. 8. H. F. VAIL, Cashier.

FINANCIAL.

H. CLEWS. GEO. H. BEND.
WM. B. BEND. THEO. S. FOWLER.
HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
(Successors to Livermore, Clews & Co.,)
BANKERS,
No. 32 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.
UNITED STATES SECURITIES
PURCHASED AND FOR SALE.
All kinds on hand, ready for instant delivery, at the lowest market price.
DEPOSITS IN CURRENCY AND GOLD RECEIVED.
Accounts of banks, bankers and individuals solicited.
FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON ALL DAILY BALANCES
which may be checked for without notice.
Collections made promptly on all points.
Orders for stocks, bonds and gold executed on commission.
Gold for payment of duties for sale in sums to suit.

MINING PROPERTIES EXAMINED
by Prof. HITCHCOCK, late of Amherst,
No. 57 Park-row, New-York.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 4, first floor over Park Bank.

SAVINGS BANKS.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
Chatham-square, opposite Mott-st., New-York.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED,
Free of Government Tax.
Deposits made on or before Jan. 2, *will receive interest as from Jan. 1.*

CITIZENS SAVINGS' BANK,
NO. 58 BOWERY, CORNER CANAL-ST.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, free from Government Tax, paid on deposits made on or before Jan. 2.
Open every day for the reception of deposits and payments of money, from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and also on Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoons, from 5 to 7 o'clock. Bank books in German, French and English.
GEORGE FOLSOM, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 263 Bowery.
Six per cent. interest allowed on sums of $1,000 and under. Five per cent. on larger sums.
Deposits made on or before Jan. 2 will draw interest from Jan. 1. Open daily from 10 to 4 P. M., and on Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 to 7 P. M.
OBIAS PECK, President.
HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

SIX PER CENT. PAID FREE FROM GOVERNMENT TAX.
METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK,
NO. 1 THIRD-AV.
Deposits made now draw interest from 1st January.
BANKING HOURS from 10 to 2 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from 5 to 7 o'clock.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST.
Interest allowed at the rate of 6 per cent. on all sums entitled thereto, free of Government tax. Open daily from 10 to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

MARKET SAVINGS BANK,
No. 82 Nassau-st., New-York.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED.
Deposits will commence to draw interest immediately on the first day of the month following date of the deposit.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID,
FREE from government tax.
THIRD-AV. SAVINGS BANK,
corner 26th-st. and 3d-avenue.
Money deposited now will draw interest from Jan. 1.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK,
8th-av. and 42d-st.
INTEREST 6 PER CENT., FREE OF TAX.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST, FREE OF Star, allowed by Union Dime Savings Bank, No. 4 29 Canal-st., corner of Varick. Money deposited now will draw interest from Jan. 1.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT young woman as cook and assist in the washing and ironing; good reference from her last place. Can be seen until engaged at No. 127 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th ave.

WANTED—BY A SUPERIOR COOK WITH EXcellent city reference, a situation as cook in all its branches, meats, poultry, baking, pastry, game and fancy dishes. Call at or address No. 102 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant woman a situation as chambermaid, and is willing to assist in washing; can come well recommended. Apply at No. 179 East 22d-st., Room No. 8.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN OF EXPERIence, who has taken one course of law lectures, opportunity in a first-class law office to remain studying, with salary sufficient to pay expenses. Address STUDENT, Post-office Box No. 1,707.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCHMAN, AGED 26, REcently arrived in the States, a situation as clerk in any class of business; has received a liberal education, and is willing to make himself generally useful. Address A. B., Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MIDDLEaged man who has had many years experience in a first-class stationery and blank book establishment; is competent to take entire charge of the business; has good reference given. Address E. C. W., Box 180 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG ENGLISHMAN, A situation as groom or coachman; good reference. Address J., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

TO DRY GOODS JOBBERS.—A SALESman of 12 years' experience with a cash and short time trade of $200,000, is desirous for an engagement in a house carrying a general stock; unexceptional references as to integrity and ability given. Address ULYSSES, Box No. 144 *Times* Office.

BOOK-KEEPER.—A CAPABLE MAN, WITH first-class references, wishes a good situation; commission house preferred. Address Box No. 75 New-York Post-office.

TO NEWSPAPER PROPRIETORS.—The undersigned wants a position on a daily or weekly paper as sub-editor or reporter, a short distance from the city. Address D. R. LEE, Box No. 116 *Times* Office, New-York.

HELP WANTED.

BOUNTIES TO DISCHARGED SOLDIERS.

Discharged soldiers who enlisted previous to July, 1863, are requested to call at my office and sign a petition to Congress, asking for the passage of a law granting them bounties, &c., equal to those who enlisted subsequently. Those who have been wounded, or who have been discharged for sickness, wounds, promotion, or expiration of term of service. H. J. RAMSDELL & CO.,
No. 40 Park-row, Times Building, New-York.

$1,500 PER YEAR.—WE WANT AGENTS everywhere to sell our improved $20 sewing-machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The only machine sold in United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder.* All other cheap machines are *infringements.* Circulars *free.* Address or call upon SLAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine, or at No. 323 Broadway, New-York; No. 236 Carter-st., Philadelphia, Penn.; No. 14 Lombard's Block, Chicago, Ill.; No. 170 West 4th-st., Cincinnati, Ohio, or No. 8 Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

AGENTS WANTED.—I WANT 500 ENERgetic agents for JUNIUS HENRI BROWNE'S WAR ADVENTURES. Nothing can excel this work in interest of subject matter, beautiful typographic style in which the author delineates his experience. It furnishes a greater variety of incident, and gives a better "inside view" of the adventures and vicissitudes of war than any other work.
C. H. GILDERSLEEVE, No. 1, Spruce-st., Tribune Buildings, New-York.

FLOUR SALESMAN WANTED—ONE WHO is acquainted with the wholesale flour trade in this city and elsewhere, and can furnish satisfactory address, with references, Box 4,637 New-York Post-office.

ENTRY CLERK WANTED—IN A WHOLEsale dry goods store. Address Box No. 751 Post-office.

WANTED—A HARDWARE CLERK, ONE WHO has a good knowledge of his business, to go to a near by Southern city. Address H., Box No. 2,347 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A SINGLE MAN AS COACHMAN and gardener; one who understands care of horses. Apply, with references, Saturday, between 10 and 12 o'clock, to Room No. 18, Trinity Building, 111 Broadway.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS LAW COPYIST: a steady man can have steady employment. Address, in handwriting of applicant, Box No. 1,620 New-York Post-office. References required.

WANTED—A NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS, ONE fully competent, careful and trustworthy, who can come well recommended, may address THOMPSON, Box No. 130 *Times* Office.

WANTED—IN A MERCANTILE OFFICE, AN office boy; one living with his parents preferred. Address Box No. 3,420 Post-office, N. Y.

WANTED—A BOY IN A BROKER'S OFFICE. Address INSURANCE, Box 3,442 Post-office, N. Y.

SOUTHERN ADVERTISEM'TS

SOUTHERN AND WESTERN LAND
COLLECTION AND COMMISSION AGENCY
are in constant receipt of choice tracts of land throughout the South and Southwest; also, valuable mining properties,
MAKE COLLECTIONS on all parts of the country.
Pay especial attention to the sale and disposal of Southern products, and make advances on direct consignments.
MATTHEW H. BRIDGE, Manager,
No. 9 Broad-st., NEW-YORK CITY
REFERENCES BY PERMISSION;
Hon. BENJAMIN FITZPATRICK, Ex-Gov. of Alabama.
Hon. A. W. RANDALL, First Assistant Postmaster-General, Washington.
P. HARMONY'S NEPHEWS & CO., Bankers, No. 8 Broadway.
Messrs. H. B. CLAFLIN & CO., Importers, New-York.
A. W. GREENLEAF, Esq., Banker, New-York.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

CARRIAGES FOR SALE.—THE IMMENSE stock now in the three large warerooms, entrance No. 450 Broadway and No. 16 Crosby-st., will be sold at greatly reduced prices; 300 set to harness, several second-hand carriages. C. WITTY, No. 450 Broadway.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A HORSE, BUGGY AND HARNESS.—The horse is a free, stylish driver and a splendid saddle animal. Can be seen at Ryerson & Brown's Livery Stable, corner of 13th-st. and University-place.

SLEIGH BELLS, SLEIGHS AND CARRIAGES FOR SALE.—2,000 straps, all styles; fancy sleigh bells, 150 sleighs, 300 carriages; largest assortment ever offe ed in New-York. C. WITTY, No. 450 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A LIGHT SHIFTING-TOP WAGON, one express wagon. Also, three sets harness and one black mare. For particulars, apply to WM. A. READ, butter-stand, Nos. 51 and 55 Centre Market, New-York.

DIVIDENDS.

BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 297 BROADWAY, ENTRANCE ON PARK-PLACE.
DIVIDEND.—The trustees of this institution have directed that the usual dividend on deposits entitled thereto, for the six months ending Dec. 31, at the rate of six per cent. per annum on sums not exceeding $500, and five per cent. over $500 (free from Government tax), will be paid on and after Monday, January 15, 1866.
FRANCIS P. SCHOALS, President.
WADE B. WORRALL, Sec'y. PETER CUMMING, Acc't.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 96 Warren-st.
DIVIDEND.—The Trustees of this institution have directed that the usual interest on deposits for the six months ending Dec. 31, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum on sums entitled thereto, (free of government tax,) will be paid on and after MONDAY, Jan. 15, 1866.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.
A Dividend of Five per Cent., free of tax, will be paid on and after the 2d of January next.
By order of the Board.
J. C. MARSELLUS, Assistant Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 20, 1865.

DIVIDEND NO. 8.—THE BOARD OF DIRECtors of this company have declared the regular dividend of Two and One-half (2½) per cent. on the capital stock, for the quarter ending Dec. 31 inst., payable, free of government tax, on and after Jan. 16 prox.
The semi-annual dividend of Three and One-half (3½) per cent., on April 1, 1866, on the third mortgage bonds, has also been ordered paid in anticipation, less government tax, on and after Jan. 16 prox.
Shareholders and bondholders registered at New-York will receive their dividends at the banking-house of Messrs. Winslow, Lanier & Co., and those registered at Pittsburgh of the Treasurer, in that city.
The transfer books will be closed Dec. 30 inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M., and will reopen Jan. 17 prox.
By order of the board,
JAS. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE MORRIS CANAL AND BANKING CO.,
JERSEY CITY, Dec. 15, 1865.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE FEBRUARY DIVIDEND OF 1866 TO BE PAID IN ADVANCE.—The Board of Directors have this day declared, from the earnings of the canal, a semi-annual Dividend of Five per Cent. upon the amount of the Preferred Stock, and a Dividend of Six per Cent. upon the amount of the Consolidated Stock—free of government tax—payable on the 10th day of January next, at the office of the Company in Jersey City, or to Stockholders resident in and near Philadelphia, at the Banking House of E. W. Clark & Co., in that city.
This Dividend is in anticipation, and in lieu of that which would otherwise be paid in February, 1866.
The transfer books will be closed from the 24th inst. until the 10th of January, inclusive.
JOHN RODGERS, Secretary.

THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY.—TREASURER'S OFFICE, No. 34 CITY EXCHANGE.—At a meeting of the Directors of the Michigan Central Railroad Company, held at Boston this 14th day of December, 1865, it was
Voted, That a dividend of $5 per share, free of government tax, be and the same is hereby declared payable on the 1st day of January next to holders of stock at the close of business on the 20th inst. Payment to be made to stockholders residing in Michigan, and registered at Boston, at the office of the General Receiver, in Detroit; to holders of stock registered in the City of New-York, at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, in said city; to all others, at the office of the Treasury, in the City of Boston.
Voted, That the transfer books of the company be closed from the 20th inst. until the 1st of January next.
ISAAC LIVERMORE, Treasurer.

THE INSTITUTION FOR THE SAVINGS OF MERCHANTS' CLERKS AND OTHERS".—No. 519 Broadway, has, by its Trustees, declared a dividend, free from Government tax, on deposits entitled thereto, for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1865, on sums of $5 and not exceeding $500, at the rate of SIX PER CENT. per annum, and on larger sums at the rate of five per cent. per annum, payable or credited on and after Monday, January 15, 1866, and if not drawn is entitled to interest from 1st of January, the same as principal.
MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.
ANDREW WARNER, Cashier.

EAST RIVER SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
No. 3 CHAMBERS-ST.
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—ON AND AFTER MONDAY, THE 15th day of January, 1866, there will be paid all sums entitled thereto, on the usual semi-annual dividend, at the rate of 5 and 6 per cent. per annum, and the government tax.
Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; and on Thursdays from 5 to 7 o'clock.
WM. H. SLOCUM, President.
CHAS. A. WHITNEY, Secretary.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 22, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—ON AND AFTER THE 2D DAY of January, a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT., free from government tax, will be paid the stockholders of this bank. The transfer books will be closed to that day inclusive.
By order. DANL. V. H. BERTHOLF, Cashier.

IMPORTERS' AND TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 19, 1865.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) PER CENT. out of the earnings of the past six months, free from government tax, will be paid to the Stockholders of this Bank on and after the 2d day of January next. The transfer books will be closed from the 26th inst. to the 2d proximo. By order of the Board.
C. A. SMITH, Cashier.

METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK,
NO. 108 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Dec. 16, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS OF THE METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Six (6) per Cent., free of government tax, payable after the first Monday of January next. The transfer books will remain closed until Jan. 8, 1866.
G. I. SENEY, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
NEW-YORK, Dec. 12, 1865.

DIVIDEND.—THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of five (5) per cent., free from government tax, out of

SHIPPING.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS MAIL STEAMSHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The first splendid vessels on this favorite route for the winter are the following:

WASHINGTON.....3,204 tons.....900-horse power
LAFAYETTE.....3,204 tons.....900-horse power
EUROPE.....3,204 tons.....900-horse power
NAPOLEON III.....Building.....1,100-horse power
ST. LAURENT.....(Building).....Great power.
FERREIRE.....(Building).....Great power.
VILLE DE PARIS.....(Building).....Great power.

DEPARTURES FROM NEW-YORK.

Pier No. 50 North River.

EUROPE.....A. DUCHESNE.....FRIDAY.....Jan. 5
WASHINGTON...M. SURMONT.....FRIDAY.....Feb. 2

Carrying only cabin passengers.

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine for either class.

Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $3 for second class.

Medical attendance free of charge.

For further information apply to

GEO. MAURENZIUS, Agent,
Removed from No. 7 to 56 Broadway.

At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

AND

BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.

JAVA leaves New-York Wednesday, Dec. 27.
EUROPA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 3.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 10.
CANADA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 17.
SCOTIA leaves New-York Wednesday, Jan. 24.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, Jan. 31.

FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$132 50
Second Cabin Passage.....80 00

FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.

Chief Cabin Passage.....$112 50
Second Cabin Passage.....65 00

Payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.

An experienced surgeon on board.

Shipments of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply to

E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

CONSIGNEES OF GOODS PER "BRITISH QUEEN," landed damaged at Liverpool, are informed that they will arrive here per "Australasian," unless detained by the shippers.

E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-Green.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

(Limited.)

NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,

Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ships.	Tons.	Commanders.
QUEEN	3,412	Grogan.
ENGLAND—building	3,650	
SCOTLAND	3,065	Hall.
ERIN	3,310	Grace.
HELVETIA	3,315	Prowse.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,979	Nevin.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Cutting.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:

QUEEN.....SATURDAY, Dec. 16
HELVETIA.....SATURDAY, Dec. 23
VIRGINIA.....SATURDAY, Dec. 30
SCOTLAND.....SATURDAY, Jan. 6

AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The size of these steamships admits of very spacious state-rooms, all opening directly into the saloon; the accommodations and fare are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.

An experienced Surgeon on each ship free of charge.

Cabin passage, $90; Steerage, $30—payable in currency.

The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.

For freight or passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 87 Broadway.

C. H. EDWARDS, Manager.

For steerage passage at THOMPSON'S Passage Office, No. 275 Pearl-st., and at the Company's Office, No. 57 Broadway.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.

The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Falmouth, as follows:

ARAGO.....HENRY A. GASDEN.....Nov. 25, 1865.
FULTON.....JAMES A. WOTTON.....Dec. 23, 1865.
ARAGO.....HENRY A. GASDEN.....Jan. 27, 1866.
FULTON.....JAMES A. WOTTON.....Feb. 17, 1866.
ARAGO.....HENRY A. GASDEN.....March 17, 1866.
FULTON.....JAMES A. WOTTON.....April 14, 1866.

PRICES OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.

First cabin.....$132 50 | Second cabin.....$80 00

Through tickets to London, $5 extra.

An experienced surgeon on board.

The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.

For further information, apply to

ISAAC BELL, President,
No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT Queenstown. The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carries the United States Mails.

CITY OF CORK.....WEDNESDAY.....Dec. 20
CITY OF BOSTON.....SATURDAY.....Dec. 23
CITY OF LIMERICK.....WEDNESDAY.....Dec. 27
ETNA.....SATURDAY.....Dec. 30
and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

First Cabin.....$80 | Steerage.....$30
First Cabin to London.....95 | Steerage to London.....35
First Cabin to Paris.....105 | Steerage to Paris.....40

PAYABLE IN GOLD.

Passage by the Wednesday steamers: First Cabin, $90; Steerage, $30. Payable in currency.

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $30 gold, or the equivalent. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices, 29 John-st.

JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY LINE OF BRITISH STEAMERS carrying passengers direct to Great Britain.

ANCHOR LINE.

Steam to Liverpool, Glasgow and the Irish ports.

BRITANNIA.....SATURDAY, Dec. 30.
CALEDONIA.....SATURDAY, Jan. 13.

Cabins, $80, $80, $70. Steerage, $30, in currency.

FRANCIS MACKIE AIDA & CO.,
No. 8 Bowling-green.

Passengers will please come direct to the office, as this company do not employ runners.

PASSAGE TO AND FROM GREAT BRITAIN and IRELAND by

TAPSCOTT'S

favorite lines of LONDON and LIVERPOOL PACKETS, sailing every week. Parties wishing to send for their friends at or remain longer in the Old Country can do so on the most favorable terms by applying to

TAPSCOTT, BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 86 South-st.

STEAM TO LONDON.—THE SPLENDID BRITISH iron screw steamships BELONA, 2,200 tons, Capt. DIXON, will sail as above, from Pier No. 3 North River, on THURSDAY, Dec. 28. For passage at the lowest rates, apply to CHAS. A. WHITNEY, No. 26 Broadway. For freight apply at No. 44 South-st.

HOWLAND & ASPINWALL, Agents.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.

The United States mail side-wheel steamship MORRO CASTLE,
R. ADAMS, Commander,
will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 27, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, for Havana direct.

For freight or passage apply to

SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

P. S.—The favorite steamship EAGLE will succeed the MORRO CASTLE, and leave on Jan. 3.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE FOR RIO DE JANEIRO, calling at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, and Bahia (entry up).

THE UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY

will dispatch regularly on the 20th of each month, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 43 North River, one of their new first-class steamships,

THE HAVANA.

M. R. GREENE, Commander,

will leave

ON FRIDAY, THE 29TH DECEMBER.

An experienced Surgeon is attached to each steamship. All letters must pass through the Post-office.

Large lots of heavy freight, at low rates.

For freight or passage apply to

THOMAS ASENCIO & CO.,
No. 17 Broadway.

SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.

FROM PIER NO. 2, NORTH RIVER.

EMPIRE SIDE-WHEEL LINE.

The splendid sidewheel steamship SAN JACINTO, WINSLOW LOVELAND, Commander, of the Atlantic Mail Steamship Company's Line, will sail for Savannah, direct, from Pier No. 2, North River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 23, at 3 o'clock precisely.

Freights to all parts of Georgia, Florida and Northern Alabama, forwarded by our agent at Savannah, free of commission.

Rates furnished by the undersigned.

The steamer SAN SALVADOR follows Dec. 30.

The passenger accommodations on these steamers are unsurpassed. Apply to

GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents,
Agent at Savannah, No. 2 Bowling-green.
B. H. HARDEE.

FOR SAVANNAH DIRECT.

STAR LINE.

Connecting with railroad throughout Georgia and Florida.

The first-class United States mail steamships
CONSTITUTION.....GREENMAN, Commander,
AMERICA.....LINDT, Commander,
NEVADA.....CARPENTER, Commander,
WEYBOSSET.....PARISH, Commander.

THE CONSTITUTION

will sail from Pier No. 13 North River, foot of Cedar-st., on SATURDAY, Dec. 30, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to

WAKEMAN, GOOKIN & DICKINSON,
No. 17 Broadway.

Agent in Savannah, BRIGHAM, BALDWIN & CO.

Freights received on our covered Pier No. 13 North River, at all times during the day.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

MURRAY'S WEEKLY LINE.

Connecting with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.

The first-class steamships
VIRGO, BULKLEY, Commander.
LEO, MERRILL, Commander.
ZODIAC, DEARBORN, Commander.

The elegant new screw steamship VIRGO, will sail from Pier No. 16 East River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 23, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply to

MURRAY & NEPHEW, No. 62 South-st.

OCTAVIUS COHEN, Agent in Savannah.

FOR SAVANNAH.

PIONEER LINE.

Cabin Passage.....$25 | Deck Passage.....$10

The new and first-class steamship HUNTER, Capt. M. L. BOOKER, will leave Pier No. 4, North River, on THURSDAY, Dec. 28, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or first-class passage, apply to

LEWIS L. JONES, No. 17 Broadway.

For deck passage apply on board.

Agents in Savannah, HUNTER & GAMMELL.

COMMERCIAL LINE OF U. S. M. STEAMSHIPS FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

FAIRBANKS, Capt. WM. POWELL.
WM. P. CLYDE, Capt. JAS. S. ROBBINS.
WASHINGTON, Capt. O. CHICHESTER.

The A 1 steamship WM. P. CLYDE is now receiving freight, and will sail on WEDNESDAY, Dec. 27, at 4 P. M. superior accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage apply to CHAS. H. PIERSON, No. 77 South-st., or JAMES HAND, No. 117 Wall-st.

FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

The first class and reliable steamship
COMMANDER, TERRY, Master,
is now receiving cargo and will be dispatched on SATURDAY, 23d Dec., at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 14, E. R. Freight or passage apply to

ARTHUR LEARY,
No. 73 William-st.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE

TO CALIFORNIA,

AND CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL, leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th and 21st of every month, (except when these dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday,) for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railway, with one of the company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.

DECEMBER.

30th, HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with SACRAMENTO.

JANUARY.

11th, ATLANTIC, connecting with GOLDEN AGE.
24th, NEW-YORK, connecting with CONSTITUTION.

Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS; 1st and 11th for CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. These of 1st touch at MANZANILLO.

THROUGH PASSAGE RATES, IN CURRENCY.

	First Cabin.	Second Cabin.	Steerage.
Via Panama	$300	$260	$100

A discount of ONE-QUARTER from steamers' rates will be allowed to second cabin and steerage passengers accompanied by their families.

Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.

An experienced surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.

For passage tickets or further information apply at the company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.
F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

REDUCTION IN FREIGHT TO CALIFORNIA.

The PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S steamer HENRY CHAUNCEY will sail from Pier No. 42 North River on SATURDAY, Dec. 30, at 12 o'clock noon.

Freight received as usual.

Commencing with this steamer, we shall CLASSIFY FREIGHT, and have so REDUCED RATES that shippers will be enabled to forward a large proportion of goods VIA THE ISTHMUS that have heretofore sought other modes of transportation.

Tables of classification, rates, &c., furnished at our freight offices.

SHIPPERS MUST BE PARTICULAR TO SEND WITH EACH CARTLOAD A MEMORANDUM OF CONTENTS AND WEIGHT OF EACH CASE.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., No. 84 Broadway,
Sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. CO.

OPPOSITION LINE TO CALIFORNIA.

EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.

First Class. | Second Class. | Third Class.
$223. | $125. | $50.

The Central American Transit Company will sell passage tickets at above rates.

THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO,

sailing from New-York on the splendid steamer

SANTIAGO DE CUBA,

JERRY W. SMITH, Esq., Commander,

from Pier No. 48 North River, at NOON on Jan. 20.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Apply early for your tickets by a remittance by mail, or at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st. D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

OFFICE OF WELLS, FARGO & CO., NEW-YORK AND CALIFORNIA EXPRESS AND EXCHANGE COMPANY, NO. 84 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.—SHIPPERS OF FREIGHT TO THE PACIFIC COAST will please take notice that having been appointed Freight Agents Pacific Mail Steamship Company, we are now prepared to receive freights for California, Oregon, Nevada, Washington Territory, Sandwich Islands, Central America and west coast of South America.

For rates apply at our office, No. 84 Broadway, or freight office on dock foot of Canal-st.

Steamers will sail 1st, 11th, and 21st of each month; those dates falling on Sunday, on preceding Saturday.

No steerage passengers will be taken. Freight MUST BE DELIVERED ON DOCK FOOT OF CANAL-ST. Bills of lading will be issued at No. 84 Broadway. Specie and steerage express will be sent by each steamer, and will close at 10 A. M. on sailing day. Our letter bags will close at 11½ A. M. For convenience of our up-town customers, letter bags will be kept at the Metropolitan Express Office on the dock, foot of Canal-st.

Our FRANKED ENVELOPES will be on sale at the office of the hotel, and at our office, No. 84 Broadway, and Canal-st. dock.

All letters sent through us must be in Government envelopes.

Sight Exchange on San Francisco for sale.

Telegraphic transfers of money made to all points reached by the wires on West Coast.

California coupons bought at best rates.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Consignees of freight per Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamers will receive orders for delivery at the office of Wells, Fargo & Co., No. 84 Broadway, upon surrender of the bills of lading.

Goods remaining on the wharf twenty-four hours after discharge will be stored at expense and risk of consignees.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Sole Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

THE COASTWISE COMPANY will dispatch on SATURDAY, Dec. 23, at noon, a first-class side-wheel steamer, at

$40 FOR FIRST CABIN PASSAGE,
$20 FOR SECOND CABIN PASSAGE,

with accommodations of a superior kind.

For passage only, apply at No. 177 West-st., corner Warren-st. D. N. CARRINGTON.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS, DIRECT.

The steamship STAR OF THE UNION, Capt. A. BLANCHARD, will leave Pier No. 9, N. R., SATURDAY, Dec. 23, at 3 P. M.

Passage, with unsurpassed accommodations, $60.

For freight or passage apply to

H. B. CROMWELL & Co.,
No. 86 West-st.

NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.—The New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamship CHAMPION will leave Pier No. 43 NORTH RIVER, foot of Barclay-st., at 3 P. M., from the Company's Pier, No. 46 North River.

For freight or passage apply to

JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 19 Barclay-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS, VIA HAVANA.

The elegant steamship

CREOLE,

N. ANDERSON, Commander,

will sail from Pier No. 21 North River, foot of Fulton-st., for the above ports, on THURSDAY, Dec. 28, at 3 o'clock P. M.

All bills of lading signed at the wharf.

For freight or passage, with superior accommodations, apply to G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
No. 115 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS—DIRECT.

The first-class fast sailing steamship R. R. CUYLER, Capt. S. H. DOLLARD, will sail from Pier No. 13, North River, on SATURDAY, Dec. 23, at 3 P. M. This fine new propeller will receive freight at all times during business hours, upon the pier No. 13 North river.

For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to R. LOWDEN,
No. 54 Wall-st.

GEO. A. FOSDICK, Agent at New-Orleans.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.

PEOPLE'S MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

EMILY B. SOUDER.....Capt. H. LOCKWOOD
MONARCH.....Capt. WM. MARSHMAN

The fine splendid steamships will leave every THURSDAY, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 36 North River, invariably landing cargo at Charleston on Monday morning.

The new and elegant sidewheel steamship
HERMAN LIVINGSTON,
sails on THURSDAY, Dec. 28, at 3 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage, with unsurpassed accommodation,

Apply to

LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.

Consignees at Charleston, ARCHIBALD, GETTY & CO. All bills of lading signed on board the ship.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.,

REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL LINE OF FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIPS.

GRANADA, ALHAMBRA, ANDALUSIA, SARAGOSSA,

and the QUAKER CITY,

WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS,

will be dispatched promptly at 3 o'clock, from Pier No. 11 East River. Bills of lading signed on board.

For freight or passage apply to

ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

The elegant, new and very fast steamship
ANDALUSIA, BUSKLEY, Master,
is now receiving cargo, and will be dispatched on SATURDAY, 23d December.

NEW-YORK AND VIRGINIA STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

THE OLD LINE.

From Pier No. 21, North River, foot of Fulton-st., for Norfolk, City Point and Richmond.

STEAMERS GO TO THE WHARF AT RICHMOND.

The new and elegant sidewheel steamships
NIAGARA,
GEORGE W. COUCH, Commander,
Leaves New-York every SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
SARATOGA,
ADOLPH L. KING, Commander,
Leaves New-York every WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.

Bills of lading signed at the wharf.

Passenger accommodations unsurpassed.

C. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
No. 115 Broadway.

Goods to and from all parts of Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, &c., forwarded by the company's agents free of commission.

FOR RICHMOND, CITY POINT AND NORFOLK.

GOES TO THE WHARF AT RICHMOND.

The new and elegant SIDE-WHEEL steamship
HATTERAS, Capt. LEWIS PARRISH, every SATURDAY at 12 M.
ALBEMARLE, Capt. H. A. BOURKE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M.

FROM PIER NO. 36 NORTH RIVER.

Freight for Newbern, N. C., and all points on Roanoke River, as far as Halifax, forwarded by our agent at Norfolk, free of charge.

For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations. Apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO.,
No. 141 Broadway.

Freight received on our covered pier, No. 36 North River, at all times during business hours.

Goods consigned to our address promptly forwarded.

All bills of lading signed on board the ship.

FOR MOBILE.

The New-York and Mobile Steamship Company's new and elegant steamship

IDAHO,
Capt. BUNKER,

will receive freight on Monday next, at Pier No. 4, East River, and sail for Mobile on SATURDAY, Dec. 23.

For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to

STARBUCK & WHEELER, Agents,
No. 13 Broadway.

The IDAHO goes direct to the city, and insures at the lowest rates. STARBUCK & WHEELER.

FOR MOBILE DIRECT.

REGULAR LINE.

The first-class steamships
GULF CITY, Capt. JAMES STEWART.
GULF STREAM, Capt. ROBERT MOUNT.
VICKSBURGH, Capt. WILLIAM F. MCCREERY.
MERCEDITA, Capts. E. C. WILLIAMS.

For freight or passage, with superior accommodations, apply to SMITH & DUNNING,
No. 45 South-st.

Extra freight will be charged on all goods for which bills of lading are not taken out before the steamer sails

FOR MOBILE—MERCHANTS' LINE

Goes to the wharf with all her cargo. To sail on SATURDAY, 30th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M.

The fine A 1 fast-sailing side-wheel steamship DACOTAH, 1,400 tons, Master, now loading at Pier No. 6 East River, will sail as above.

For freight or passage apply to

MURRAY & NEPHEW, No. 62 South-st.,
or, JAMES W. ELWELL & CO., No. 51 South-st.
A. J. INGERSOLL & CO., Agents, Mobile.

PORTLAND STEAMSHIPS—CHANGE OF PIER.—The business of the New-England Steamship Company's Portland line of steamers will be removed on Jan. 1, 1866, from Pier No. 9, North River, to Pier No. 38, East River, foot of Market-st. This new wharf is covered with a substantial water-proof building containing no thoroughfare to inward and outward cargoes. H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT OFFICE, 146 NASSAU-ST.—Passports from the Department of State, indispensable to travelers, issued by A. C. WILLMARTH, Room No. 23.

SHIPPING.

FOR GALVESTON, TEXAS.

The new, elegant, very fast and A 1 steamship
SARACOSSA,
J. C. BAILEY, Master,

is now receiving cargo at Pier No. 41 North River, and will be dispatched positively THIS DAY, at 4 P. M. Freight received up till 3 P. M., at which time passengers are requested to be on board.

This vessel has superior accommodations for passengers, and goods by her can be insured at lowest rates.

For freight, at lowest rates, or passage apply to

ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.

MR. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.

Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS are sole agents for the celebrated Alexandre Organs for the United States.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE

is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this city and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after a trial in their rooms with the first manufacturers of this country, eminently the *best piano in America*, and used by the Conservatory of Music and other high music schools, altogether because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

THE MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.—FIFTY-TWO GOLD or SILVER MEDALS or OTHER HIGHEST PREMIUMS have been awarded M. & H. within a few years, and SEVENTEEN within the last four weeks, for THE BEST INSTRUMENTS OF THIS GENERAL CLASS.

Printed testimony is presented in their circulars from more than two hundred and fifty of the most eminent organists and musicians in the country that HE MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS ARE UNEQUALED. Prices, $110 to $600. Warerooms No. 596 Broadway, New-York.

STEINWAY & SONS'

GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

are now acknowledged the best instruments in America as well as in Europe, having taken thirty-two First Premiums, Gold and Silver Medals, at the principal fairs held in this country within the last ten years, and in addition thereto they were awarded a First Prize Medal at the Great International Exhibition in London, 1862, in competition with two hundred and sixty-nine pianos, from all parts of the world.

Among the many and most valuable improvements introduced by Messrs. STEINWAY & SONS in their Pianos, is the

PATENT AGRAFFE ARRANGEMENT.

The value and importance of this invention having been granted as a certain cure for sticking fingers and highest-price square Piano-fortes, and admitted to be the greatest improvement of modern times, they now announce that they have secured the same for their Patent Agraffe Arrangement in every Piano-forte manufactured by them, without increase of cost to the purchaser, in order that all their patrons may reap the full advantage of this great improvement.

Extract from the testimonial of the most distinguished Artists of STEINWAY & SONS':

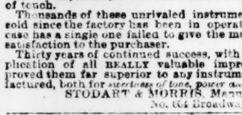
Among the excellencies of the uniform excellence of the STEINWAY Pianos are:

Greatest possible depth, richness and volume of tone, combined with a rare brilliancy, clearness, and perfect evenness throughout the entire scale, and, above all, a surprising duration of sound, the pure and sympathetic quality of which never changes under the most delicate or powerful touch.

We therefore consider the STEINWAY Pianos in all respects the best instruments made in this country or in Europe, use them solely and exclusively ourselves in public or private, and recommend them invariably to our friends and the public.

S. B. MILLS, WM. MASON, A. H. PEASE,
THEODORE EISFELDBECK, DAVID HELLER, F. L. RITTER,
HENRY C. TIMM, WM. BERGE, THEO. EISFELD,
GAO. W. MORGAN, E. SILVIO, C. FRIEDMANN,
THEO. THOMAS, CARL SCHUTZ, MAXMARETZEK,
And many others.

STEINWAY & SONS'
WAREROOMS, Nos. 71 and 73 EAST FOURTEENTH-ST., between Union-square and Irving-place, New-York.



"A WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICIENT."

THE STODART PIANO-FORTE

Recommends itself to those desirous of purchasing an instrument of unequaled durability of wear, strength of mechanism, beauty of tone and finish and exquisiteness of touch.

Thousands of these unrivaled instruments have been sold since the factory has been in operation, and in no case has a single one failed to give the most unqualified satisfaction to the purchaser.

The great success, the success, with the proper application of all REALLY valuable improvements, has proved them far superior to any instrument now manufactured, both for *durability and power*.

STODART & MORRIS, Manufacturers,
No. 664 Broadway, New-York.

THE NEW GOLD MEDAL PIANO.
LINDEMAN & SONS'
CELEBRATED AND UNEQUALED
PATENT CYCLOID PIANO-FORTES

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Similar testimonials were awarded these Unequaled Instruments at the State Fairs of Virginia, Indiana, Kentucky, and wherever they have been Exhibited in competition during 1865. The Cycloid Piano has a quantity of ocaval melodious power, and a purity and velocity of tone a perfection of touch, and mechanical construction as yet unattained in other pianos. Warerooms, 2 Le Roy-place, Bleecker-st., one block west of Broadway.

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BARGAIN.—ROSEWOOD PIANO-FORTE, 7 octaves, full iron frame, overstrung scale, Boston maker, $195; magnificent piano-forte, in splendid rosewood case, with carved legs, just finished with all the latest improvements, $225. MACDONALD & CO., No. 29 Canal-st.

I CANNOT THINK OF GOD. Beautiful melody by Charlotte Cushman; the sentiments of the words Brinley Richards; price 30c.; postage 3c. Sold by all music dealers. Within my Heart. FREDERICK BLUME, No. 208 Bowery.

HAVE YOU SEEN HER LATELY?—A most amusing song, 35c.; for violin, 15c. "Jersey Lovers," comic, 25c.; for violin, 15c. "Soldier's Happy Return March and Quick Step," for violin, 15c. Mailed post-paid. FREDERICK BLUME, No. 208 Bowery.

A CHANCE LEFT.—5TH-ST., CORNER 3D-AV.—Elegant upright "Bordoni" Pianos in fine rosewood cases at moderate prices. Also a variety of superbly finished square pianos at lower prices than anywhere else. Call and be convinced.

T. H. CHAMBERS, Bible House, New-York.

UNITED PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTORY,
No. 84 Walker-st., New-York.

Our company being composed entirely of superior workmen, we are enabled to produce a more perfect Piano-forte than any other house.

Every instrument guaranteed for five years.

A SPLENDID NEW FOUR ROUND-cornered piano for sale at a sacrifice; carved legs and lyre; large mouldings; stool and cover. Must be sold, as the party leaves in a few days for the South. No. 13 Hester-st.

"SILVER TRUMPETS," GRAND MARCH, 35c.; Harmony in the Dome of St. Peter's, 35c.; "Silver Trumpets" complete, as played at Rome on Christmas Day, 50c.; mailed free.

FREDERICK BLUME, No. 208 Bowery.

I HAVE HEARD SWEET MUSIC STEALING—Beautiful new song and chorus, 30c.; Scottish Dream, serenade for piano, 35c.; for guitar, 25c. "It was my Mother's Voice," 35c.; for guitar, 25c.; violin, 15c. FREDERICK BLUME, No. 208 Bowery.

HOLIDAY GIFT PIANOS ELEGANTLY finished in superb rosewood cases, for sale at moderate prices, by

T. H. CHAMBERS, 5th-st.,
Corner of 4th-av., in the Bible House.

PIANO-FORTES FOR THE HOLIDAYS, in every style, at prices from $100 to $150 lower than any others in the city of equal quality. A second-hand upright Piano for sale low, with

CUMMINGS & JENNYS, No. 728 Broadway.

ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGANS, INdorsed by the very highest authority as superior in many respects to all others. Also, pianos and melodeons at lowprices. G. G. SAXE, No. 131 Grand-st.

HAINES BRO.'S PIANOS.—ACKNOWLEDGED to be the best in America; first premium awarded wherever exhibited; full satisfaction guaranteed. For sale, on reasonable terms, at the manufacturers', No. 360 2d-av., corner 21st-st.

PIANO FOR SALE.—A LADY GOING WEST will sell an elegantly-carved grand piano-forte, full and powerful tone, at a bargain; the piano is worth $1,000, and will be sold for $550. Call at 225 West 12th-st.

PIANOS TO LET.—J. M. PETTON, PIANOS, organs and melodeons. Sole depot of the celebrated Peloubet organs and melodeons, No. 811 Broadway, between 13th and 14th sts.

ALL PERSONS WISHING MUSICIANS for parties, &c., cheap, should apply to the Musical Agency, No. 813 Broadway, near 12th-st. A beautiful piano for sale.

A. H. GALE & CO.—PIANO-FORTES
Manufactory and Warerooms
No. 107 East 12th-st. New-York.

BOARDMAN & GRAY'S PIANO-FORTES. —A full assortment of these splendid instruments for sale at the depot, No. 748 Broadway.

LOST AND FOUND.

$100 REWARD.—LOST, ON DEC. 20, A POCKET-BOOK, containing a mortgage, several notes and a sum of money. If the finder will leave the pocket-book and contents at F. W. & A. MARSH & CO.'S, 133 West-st., they will receive the above reward.

LOST—ON FRIDAY, ABOUT NOON, IN 6TH-av., between 29th and 47th sts, a black GOAT-SKIN COLLAR. A reward of $5 will be given on its return to No. 50 West 47th-st.

LOST—IN A 5TH-AV. STAGE, ON THURSDAY afternoon, Dec. 21, a lady's portemonnaie. A liberal reward will be paid by returning it to the owner at No. 1 West 38th-st.

ARTIFICIAL EYES.

ARTIFICIAL EYES.—ARTIFICIAL HUMAN eyes made to order and inserted by Drs. F. BAUCH & P. GOUGELMANN, formerly employed by Rolfe-Boman, of Paris, No. 58 Broadway, New-York

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

GRAND CONCERT

ON

CHRISTMAS NIGHT,

DECEMBER 25, 1865,

by the following array of talent:

Mme. CLARA M. BRINKERHOFF, Soprano.

Mrs. J. H. BARCLAY, Contralto.

Mr. GEORGE SIMPSON, Tenore.

Signor FOSATI, Basso Cantante.

Mr. J. N. PATTISON, the celebrated Pianist.

Mr. G. W. COLBY, Accompanyist.

SEVENTH REGIMENT BAND

C. S. GRAFULLA.....Leader.

ADMISSION.

Parquet, Balcony and Dress.....75 cents.
Family Circle and Amphitheatre.....50 cents.

The box-office of the Academy will be open for the sale of tickets and Private Boxes on SATURDAY, 23d, and MONDAY, 25th, from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M., and on the evening of the Concert.

Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock.

OLYMPIC THEATRE,

Sole Lessee and Manageress.....Mrs. JOHN WOOD
Stage Manager.....J. H. SELWYN

This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.

TO-NIGHT AND EVERY NIGHT TILL FURTHER NOTICE,

The great Spectacular Romance, in five acts,

with the eminent and favorite artist,

MR. E. L. DAVENPORT,

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

"Thalia Matilda could not have treated the good boys and girls, of all ages, that go to her theatre better than by presenting them MONTE CHRISTO for a holiday gift."—*Sunday Times.*

"To see such scenes as Mr. Hayes has painted is to be charmed."—*Albion.*

"Produced in a style of magnificence surpassing any spectacular piece ever at this theatre, which is now famous for such productions. The piece will be repeated every evening, and will undoubtedly run through the holidays."—*Times.*

"Mrs. Wood has put the piece on the stage in unexceptionable style. The cast is a strong one, with Mr. E. L. Davenport in the title-role. We congratulate the fair manager in view of the decided hit she has made."—*Dispatch.*

"The scenery, for which the varied situations of the play afford ample opportunities of display, is of a beauty of design and elegance of execution rarely excelled even at the Olympic."—*World.*

"One of the most attractive pieces ever represented in New-York, Mrs. Wood has produced its dramatic version with such scenic appointments as are an entertainment in themselves and a credit to the taste and liberality of her management. Scenes soar aloft, or sink into unknown depths, or fade and seem to sink away, so that at certain moments the whole stage seems to be one vast dissolving view. Nor is there lack of excellence in the more important department of acting."—*Tribune.*

"As produced here at the Olympic stage, MONTE CHRISTO has become at once the most entertaining dramatic performance of the day. The elements of interest are so skillfully combined, the ballet are all here, and the scenes are never permitted to tire from too long lingering on any one."—*Express.*

Doors open at 7½; curtain rises precisely at 7¾. Seats secured three days in advance.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.

P. Juignet and C. Drivet.....Directors

TWO PERFORMANCES ONLY.

WED

CHRISTMAS.

Preparations for its Celebration in the Churches and Charitable Institutions.

This grand festival of the Christian Church will, this year, be celebrated with unusual solemnity, if we may judge from the preparations which have already been made. Our numerous charitable institutions have put forth their annual appeals for aid in giving to the poor under their care a Christmas festival, and it is pleasing to know that in most cases these appeals have been liberally responded to. The Episcopal Churches are making extensive preparations to solemnize the day, and in many of them the altars are beautifully decorated with evergreens and flowers. The interior of Trinity is almost hidden in verdure, relieved by the bright red berries of the holly. On the altar are four tablets bearing the words "To us a Son is given, Wonderful Counselor, Prince of Peace." The music selected for the day comprises some of the choicest pieces, together with the usual choral service.

In St. Paul's are somewhat similar decorations. WASHINGTON'S pew is handsomely wreathed with evergreens. Previous to the usual services, a chant will be performed by the children of the Sunday-school.

In St. Ann's Church for Deaf Mutes, in Eighteenth-street, evergreens and flowers are gathered in profusion. Above the altar is a "Star of Bethlehem," which will be illuminated on Christmas night.

At St. Alban's Chapel it is designed to revive an early practice of the Church by celebrating a midnight Eucharistic service. On Christmas Eve service will commence at 7½, and at midnight it will be continued. Dr. OUTTER will preside at the organ.

At the Chapel of the House of Mercy, Right Rev. Bishop POTTER will officiate.

Trinity Chapel is decorated with great taste. The display on the altar is of a very beautiful character, evergreens and flowers being mingled in almost bewildering profusion.

At the Church of the Holy Communion, of which Rev. Dr. MUHLENBERG is pastor, the services will commence at 5½ A. M. The Sunday-school children will sing several Christmas carols, and Dr. MUHLENBERG himself will officiate.

At St. Luke's, three new and beautiful paintings will grace the altar, representing the Nativity, the Agony of Christ in the Garden and the Saviour Blessing Little Children. On the east end of the edifice will appear the sentence: "The desire of all nations has come." Rev. Dr. TUTTLE will officiate.

The Church of the Holy Trinity, dedicated on Thursday last, is being decorated in a very artistic manner by the ladies of the congregation. Rev. S. H. TYNG, Jr., will officiate in the morning.

At Grace Church a son of Bishop POTTER is expected to preach. A new anthem is promised, and the services will be of an unusually impressive character.

A grand choral service will be given on Sunday—Christmas eve—at the Madison-avenue Baptist Church, corner Thirty-first-street, by the quartette of the church, comprising Mrs. COOPER, soprano; Mrs. BARCLAY, contralto; T. E. PERKINS, tenor, and GEO. C. DEVO, basso; Mr. C. A. MUNGER presiding at the organ. The quartette will be assisted by an efficient chorus from the Mercer-street Presbyterian Church choir and other talent, all under the direction of Mr. PERKINS. The solo and chorus, "O Thou that Tellest Good Tidings," from the "Messiah," "The Inflamatus" solo and chorus from "Stabat Mater," ROSSINI, and the "Hallelujah Chorus," HANDEL, with other selections, will be performed. Services commence at 7½ P. M.

THE ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCHES.

The solemn season of Advent has prevented the decoration of any of the Catholic Churches from being commenced. On Christmas morning, however, busy hands will be early at work and robes of green will soon cover the interiors, while the altars will be brilliant with flowers. In St. Patrick's Cathedral, Archbishop MCCLOSKEY will celebrate solemn Pontifical High Mass at 10:30 A. M.

In St. James' a new mass will be sung, together with some of the choicest selections of sacred music.

At the Cathedral in Brooklyn, two solemn high masses will be celebrated. Bishop LOUGHLIN will preach.

At some of the Jersey City churches, and at the German Church of St. Francis in this city, midnight masses will be performed on Sunday, thus ushering in Christmas morning.

THE CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

The inmates of the institutions under the charge of the Commissioners of Charities and Correction, will be supplied with an appetising and abundant dinner. The inmates of the Five Points House of Industry, Industrial Schools, News Boys' Lodging House, and the hundred other charitable institutions which this city numbers, have all been provided the means of making the day a pleasant and happy one.

Annual Dinner of the St. Nicholas Lodge.

The annual dinner of the St. Nicholas Lodge took place last evening at the Maison Dorée, and a very pleasant and *recherché* affair it was. About a hundred members and invited guests of the Lodge sat down to the elegant repast, which was prepared with all the skill and taste for which the Maison Dorée is celebrated. Dinner over, the first regular toast, "Grand Lodge, State of New-York," was responded to by Mr. R. W. MAITLAND, who briefly sketched the history of the Lodge and its varying fortunes from its foundation to the present time. The second toast, "Our Brethren throughout the United States," was responded to by Mr. W. W. DIFFEE. In response to the third toast, "Peace and Union—Liberty with Law," Judge DEAN made a very eloquent and forcible address. He referred to the circumstances under which they met. A year ago the whole country was distracted with civil war and internal discord. Now all is peace. Then eleven States were in armed rebellion against the authority of the Union; now, thanks to the wisdom and patriotism of President JOHNSON, the whole country is again united under one government. The Judge dwelt at some length on the kindly effects of freemasonry in softening the asperity of sectional feeling North and South, and closed with an eloquent allusion to the freedom of liberty with civil law throughout the length and breadth of this land. He was followed by Major BUSHWOOD, in reply to the Army and Navy. Mr. JEROME BUCK responded to "The Spirit of Freemasonry, the tie among men, the bond among States," in an address full of patriotic sentiment. The remaining toasts were as follow: "St. Nicholas—we have taken his name, may we emulate his virtues," responded to by Mr. J. E. GARVIN; "Absent Brethren," responded to by Mr. EICHHOLDT; "Woman," responded to by Capt. EHRANDT; and "Past Grand Masters," responded to by Mr. J. E. RAYNOR. The festivities were kept up to a late hour, and were enjoyed to the full by every gentleman present.

The Union General Committee.

At the last regular meeting of the Union General Committee, the following resolution offered by JOHN H. WHITE, Esq., was adopted with great enthusiasm and unanimity:

Resolved, That we cordially approve and heartily indorse the policy and principles set forth in the late message of President JOHNSON to the Congress of the United States, thereby recognizing a Government clear, concise and explicit in language and statement, broad in its nationality, liberal in its philanthropy, lofty in its patriotism, and boldly enunciating the true constitutional principles upon which our Republican Government is founded, and the only basis upon which this country can find enduring peace and prosperity; and we hereby pledge ourselves to maintain, protect and defend the great truths therein contained, and to support our Chief Magistrate in his noble and unselfish efforts to restore peace and good-will to our whole country, as well as his earnest desire to harmonize and blend together its diversified interests upon the broad platform of "equal and exact justice to all."

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

HALL THIEF.—On Thursday evening a colored man called at the residence of Mr. JAMES F. MORGAN, in Twenty-first-street, and having ascertained that Mr. MORGAN was not at home, produced a sealed letter which he said he wished handed to Mrs. MORGAN. The servant not wishing to leave the man at the door alone while she went up stairs to Mrs. MORGAN, asked Mr. MORGAN'S brother, who was in the extension-room, to see that he did not come in. When the girl returned from up stairs the man had disappeared together with Mr. MORGAN'S overcoat. It is supposed that he slipped in and took the coat when the girl turned her back and before young Mr. MORGAN began to watch him.

AMERICAN NUMISMATIC AND ARCHÆOLOGICAL SOCIETY.—At a meeting of this society, held on the 14th inst., the Committee on the Lincoln Memorial Medal reported the work to be progressing, and a fine impression of the same in tin was exhibited. Letters were read from the Peruvian Minister, donating a medal from Mr. CHAMPION, of the New-Haven Numismatic Society, and from Mr. WATSON, of the London Society of Antiquaries. After which a paper was read on "A List of the Catalogues of Coin Sales." Notice was given that a motion would be made at the next meeting to amend the constitution, and have the society meet hereafter once a month. After which the society adjourned until Jan. 11, 1866.

SHOPLIFTING.—SARAH BURGESS, aged 26, residing at No. 115 West Twenty-seventh-street, was arrested yesterday by Detectives FARLEY and BUNTACK, for stealing a quantity of linen from the store of Messrs. PATON & CO., No. 341 Broadway, valued at $58. The linen was secreted on her person, in the manner generally employed by shoplifters. On being arraigned before Justice LEDWITH, of the Jefferson Police Court, the prisoner was committed for examination.

FURS AND HATS.—We omitted, in our holiday notices, to recognize the large establishment of Mr. BURKE, No. 469 Broadway and No. 154 Fulton-street, dealer in furs, hats, &c., in great variety and of excellent quality. His place is well worth a visit from those in search of holiday presents.

THE FIFTH-AVENUE SKATING POND.—This afternoon and evening the amusements on this pond will be enlivened by the strains of a fine band of music. If the weather only remains favorable an agreeable time may be anticipated.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.—We call attention to the advertisement in another column of a file of newspapers for sale.

NEW-JERSEY.

INQUEST AND VERDICT OF CENSURE.—CORONER SYNDEN, of Jersey City, held an inquest at the Almshouse, on Thursday night, on the body of JOSEPH QUINN, of Stamford, Conn., whose death was caused in consequence of being run over by the New-Jersey cars at the Hudson-street crossing in Jersey City. It appears that the deceased was allowed to enter the gate leading into the lower end of the depot after the cars were in motion, against the rules of the company; that he rang along the platform and succeeded in getting on one of the cars, but fell or was thrown off as the car crossed the street, and was fatally injured by having both legs crushed under the wheels. The jury rendered a verdict that QUINN came to his death by being run over while in the act of getting on the train while in motion, and in their opinion the New-Jersey Railroad Company are, in a great measure, censurable for not having sufficient provisions for the prevention of accidents and the preservation of life.

DISCHARGED ON A WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS.—On the 19th inst., a young man giving the name of JOHN CURRAN, was arrested at the Jersey City ferry-house by Detective E. L. MCWILLIAMS, on a charge of being a suspicious character. On the following day the prisoner was taken before Recorder MARTINDALE, and upon the officer making an affidavit that CURRAN was a well-known pickpocket, he was committed to the County Jail for thirty days. On Thursday evening the prisoner was taken before Judge BEDLE, and after an examination was discharged, the Judge deciding that, under the circumstances, the arrest having been made on the public highway, and there being no positive proof against him, he could not be held.

THROWING RUBBISH IN THE STREETS.—Five persons were taken before Recorder MARTINDALE, of Jersey City, yesterday, and fined $5 each for violating a city ordinance, by throwing ashes and garbage in the streets. The authorities are determined to enforce this ordinance in every instance that comes to their knowledge.

Internal Revenue Decisions.

NEW-YORK, Saturday, Dec. 16, 1865.

Hon. E. A. Rollins, Commissioner Internal Revenue, Washington:

SIR: We respectfully submit the following:

We are in receipt of a Final Notice from the Collector of the Thirty-second District, calling for the sum of $4,016 20, for license as wholesale dealer for the year May, 1865-66. The firm of RIDER & CLARK ceased to exist on the 1st October, and each partner has conducted business and taken out individual licenses from that date.

The Collector will make no abatement from the above amount for the unfinished portion (seven months) of the year, reporting no law governing this case, and that any reduction from the original license must be by your decision.

What we desire is permission to make up the license to 1st October, on actual amount of business to that date, considering that it would be injustice to compel us to pay more than the precise amount, the late firm having no existence, so far as receiving any concessions thereby on the next year's license.

We are, dear Sir, very truly yours,
RIDER & CLARK, in liquidation.
Per JNO. A. SHARP.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, Dec. 19, 1865.

GENTLEMEN: Your letter of the 16th inst., claiming the remission of a part of your license for the year ending May 1, 1866, as wholesale dealer, the same amounting to $4,016 20, on the ground that the firm ceased to exist on the 1st October last, has been received. In reply I have to say that as the law, as amended by the Act of March 3, 1865, requires that "any wholesale dealer license shall not be for a less amount than his sales for the previous year," and as the statute makes no provision for release from any portion of such assesement, this office is not authorized in this or any similar instance to entertain favorably a claim for relief.

It will be necessary, therefore, for you to pay the entire amount of the license in question to the Collector. Very respectfully,

D. C. WHITMAN, Deputy Commissioner.

Messrs. RIDER & CLARK, No. 51 Broad-street, New-York City.

LAW REPORTS.

The Wife Murderer Ferris—A New Trial Denied by the Supreme Court.

GENERAL TERM—SUPREME COURT—DEC. 22.

Present Presiding Justice Ingraham, Leonard and Barnard J. J.

The People of the State of New-York Respondents vs. *Frank Ferris, Appellant.*—At the opening of the Court the Presiding Justice announced among a number of other decisions, one in the case of Frank Ferris. The Presiding Justice said the court had given this case much consideration. After having listened attentively to the arguments of the learned counsel on either side, the court had come to the conclusion that the judgment of the court below must be affirmed, and a new trial was therefore denied.

Our readers may recollect that Ferris was found guilty of the willful murder of his wife, Mary Ferris, by splitting open her head on the 1st day of last February. He was soon after indicted and tried by the Court of General Sessions, Recorder Hoffman presiding. The jury found him guilty of murder, and the Recorder sentenced him to be hanged. The counsel of Ferris obtained a stay of proceedings, and the case was taken to the General Term on a writ of error. The exceptions taken on the trial were argued at the September General Term of this Court. We are informed that the case will now be taken to the Court of Appeals. For the prisoner, Messrs. Anthon & Kintzing. For the People, A. O. Hall.

The Friery-Lazarus Homicide—Judgment Affirmed.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—DEC. 22.

Present, Presiding Justice Ingraham, and Leonard and Barnard Justices.

The People of the State of New-York, Respondents, vs. *Bernard Friery, Appellant.*—In the above entitled action, the General Term yesterday rendered its decision, affirming the judgment of the court below. Friery was convicted in the Court of General Sessions of having been guilty of the murder of Harry Lazarus, and for this he was duly sentenced to be hanged. A stay of proceedings was obtained, and on a writ of error, the case was taken to the General Term where it was very ably argued, both for the people and the prisoner, at the last September term.

Counsel for the prisoner have given notice of their intention to take the case to the Court of Appeals, and for this purpose they have applied for a stay of execution.

For the People A. O. Hall; for the prisoner S. H. Stuart, Esq.

Counterfeit Money Case.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—EASTERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Benedict.

Maria Willigar, who was indicted some months since for passing a counterfeit $5 bill, was put on trial for the offence. It was proved that she passed the bill and had passed it before, but had taken it back when she was told it was bad. The defence was not able to explain how she got the bill and the jury convicted her, but with a reccommendation to the mercy of the court.

The Murder of Policeman Walker.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Recorder Hoffman and Judge Russel.

John Wood, who was found guilty of manslaughter in the first degree in having caused the death of Policeman Walker by shooting, was brought up for sentence.

The prisoner's counsel, Mr. Spencer, asked that the sentence might be deferred as he had just received information from Daniel Crelley, who was in the shop at the time, showing that one Riley was among the number, but escaped and had not been seen. This information would be reduced to the form of an affidavit in the course of the day.

Recorder HOFFMAN said he would dispose of the case as if the affidavit were made. The statement which the counsel had made was entirely at variance with the testimony, and the information had been withheld until it was of no use. If the man (Crelley) were entitled to any credit at any time he had forfeited his right to be believed by withholding the statement so long; but if there was any truth in his words it could be presented to the Governor. In passing the sentence, His Honor remarked that the prisoner had been indicted for the murder of Walker, a policeman who was universally respected by all who knew him. The members of the police were exposed to all sorts of dangers, and frequently we heard of their being killed while in the discharge of their duty. They were entitled to all the protection which the law allowed, and men who injured them might expect to receive the full punishment provided for such offences. It had been his uniform practice, as, he believed, it had that of his associate, to punish any man with great severity who made an assault upon an officer of the law. The jury, in finding a verdict of manslaughter in the first degree, had taken into consideration the fact that the prisoner was engaged in the perpetration of a crime not amounting to a felony, and while so engaged fired the shot which caused the death of the deceased. For the sake of the memory of the murdered man—for the sake of punishing the prisoner—for the sake of teaching a lesson to thousands in New-York who, like him, walk the streets at night, violating the law and doing mischief—the highest punishment would be imposed. The sentence of the court was that the prisoner be imprisoned in the State Prison for the remainder of his life.

PLEADED GUILTY.

Harry Otis, of an attempt at grand larceny, committed the 21st of November, in stealing $120 worth of clothes belonging to David B. Babcock; sent to the State Prison for two years. Eusebius Kammeyer, of an at attempt at grand larceny, committed the 7th of November, in stealing a horse, harness, and a coat, amounting in value to $160, the property of Theodore Ertz; penitentiary one year. John Burns, of an attempt at grand larceny, committed the 20th of December, in stealing certain articles of the value of $155, belonging to Robert Baxter; sent to the State Prison two years. Louis Drehr, of grand larceny, committed the 6th of December, in stealing $119 worth of goods from the store of John Hines; sent to the State Prison five years. James Riley, of an attempt at grand larceny, committed the 9th of December, in stealing $40 worth of cloth belonging to Herman Schulting; sent to the State Prison two years and six months. Thomas Johnson, of petit larceny from the person, committed the 6th of December, in stealing trinkets amounting to $1 from Lloyd Davis; Penitentiary one year.

SENTENCED.

The following persons, having been previously convicted or pleaded guilty, were sentenced: Henry Hamilton, attempt to rob James Monroe, State Prison five years; William Amos, assault, using William Rupp with a dangerous weapon, City Prison, sixty days; John Farris, attempt at grand larceny, City Prison, one month; James Riley, petit larceny from the person, penitentiary, four months; Adolph Jetter, assault and battery, fined $20.

Wills Admitted.

SURROGATE'S COURT—DEC. 22.

Before Surrogate Tucker.

The following wills have just been admitted. None of them contain bequests of public interest:

Mary Kennedy, Isabella Meinx, Freelove Kipp, Matilda Nelson and Frederick Zwick.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION

have been granted as follows:

Thos. Brown, E. McHenry, T. Dittman, Caroline M. Kernan, Chas O'Hara, Thomas Grangeway, James H. Heustis, Patrick Cornington, Sarah Mayer, Phebe F. Lawson, W. Struckenreith, Maria M. Millikin, Joseph Davies, Sebastian Shofer, Henrich Helt, Robt. Diddell, John Cunningham, Jas. McIntyre, Ann Cowery, John McGinty, John Anderson, E. Secor, Henry Beverly, Sebastian Noser, Catharine Healy, Garat Constantine, Christopher Maugel, Wm. White, Samuel Isham, Ann Lynan, Jane Blue, George Eckweiller, Malachi Hogan, Mary Sexton, Patrick McNally, Robert Timstoll, Burnett C. Crossett, Amelia M. Goodeyg, John Michael, John Feeney, Patrick Curran, Ann Griffith, Lawrence McKay, James Dixon, Philip Murtha, Ann R. Stoker, Mary Mathas, Wm. Pike, Thos. Welsh, Albert Heckberger, Daniel Houlihan, Thomas Haiskins, John F. Daukmeyer.

Decisions.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM—DEC. 22.

Before Presiding Justice Ingraham, and Leonard and Barnard J. J.

David L. Gardner *vs.* Julia G. Tyler et al.; appeal from order changing Receiver. Dismissed with $10 costs. Order directing payment of moneys to Mrs. Tyler modified by reducing the amount to be paid from one-third to one-quarter of the net income in each case. Opinion by Ingraham, P. J. Bank of the State of Georgia *vs.* Robert Lewin; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Ingraham, P. J. The People *vs.* Bernard Friery; judgment affirmed. Opinion by Sutherland, J. The People *vs.* Frank Ferris; judgment affirmed. Opinion by Ingraham, P. J., and Leonard J. Allen S. Campbell *vs.* Samuel P. Cowdrey, Executor, &c.; decree of the Surrogate modified by allowing interest on the legacy after one year from the death of testator. Opinion by Ingraham, P. J., Barnard, J., dissenting. The People on the relation of Geery *vs.* Brennan; order reversed with $10 costs. Opinion by Ingraham. P. J. Allen M. Sherman *vs.* J. Brooks Postley; motion denied without costs. Opinion by all the Justices, Barnard, J., dissenting. Edward M. Brown *vs.* The Kings County Fire Insurance Company; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Barnard, J. Abraham L. Ackerman *vs.* Hamilton H. Salmon et al.; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Leonard, J. Jason Crene et al., *vs.* David McDonald; judgment reversed, and new trial ordered at the Circuit. Costs to abide the event. Opinion by Barnard, J. Petition of Margaret R. Bull for sale, &c.; order affirmed with costs. Opinion by Ingraham, P. J., and Barnard, J. Matter of assessment of Eightieth-street; order affirmed with costs. Opinion by Barnard, J. Petition of James W. Beckman to vacate assessment; order affirmed with costs. Opinion by Leonard, J. Petition of Cortlandt Palmer to vacate assessment; order affirmed with costs. Opinion by Ingraham, P. J. Application of B. M. Stillwell for Receiver, &c; order reversed with costs. Opinion by Barnard, J. Moses Taylor *vs.* H. D. Beckman; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinions by Barnard and Leonard, J. J., Ingraham, P. J., dissenting. James Meyer, Jr., *vs.* Jacob Goedel; judgment affirmed with costs. Opinion by Ingraham, P. J.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.—DEC. 22.

By Justice Leonard.

The People *vs.* Moses Edelstein; motion denied. Grocers' National Bank *vs.* Geo. A. Clerk; motion denied with $10 costs. Freeman P. Woodbury *vs.* The Great Western Railway Company; motion granted on filing defendant's stipulation; costs $10, to abide the event. Joanna Louisa Raymond *vs.* John Raymond; report confirmed and judgment of divorce granted.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—DEC. 22.

By Justice Barbour.

Margaretta Glatz *vs.* George Gans et al.; motion granted and cause referred to a referee to hear, &c. James Hazlett, &c., *vs.* James Gill; motion granted, with $10 costs to the plaintiff.

By Justice Moserlet.

Chas. Aug. Tussler *vs.* Francis Ebelatt; case settled; papers in clerk's office.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—DEC. 22.

By Daly—First Judge.

Bach *vs.* Haber et al.; motion granted, with $10 costs. B. O'Connor appointed referee. Order to be settled on two days' notice.

By Judge Brady.

Moneuse *vs.* Moneuse. See opinion on file in clerk's office.

Obituary.

Died, in San Francisco, on the 16th inst., MATTHEW HALL MCALLISTER, the first United States Circuit Judge ever appointed for California. Few men have possessed such varied talents as Mr. MCALLISTER; fewer still have combined so much that was delightful in private life with so many of the qualities that insure success in a public career. A native of the State of Georgia, Mr. MCALLISTER finished his preparatory studies at Princeton College, New-Jersey, and became a student of law under the direction of Hon. Jos. R. INGERSOLL, of Philadelphia. In 1822 he established himself in his native city (Savannah) in the practice of law. Who that knew him at this period of his life will ever forget the witty companion, the warm-hearted, genial friend, the eloquent advocate? A very few years sufficed to give him a place second to none at the bar of his native State. In 1827, while still a very young and untried man, he received the appointment of United States District Attorney for the State of Georgia. Complimentary as this would have been under any circumstances, it was peculiarly so during the administration of Mr. ADAMS, when the claims of Georgia to the immediate possession of the Indian lands within her borders threatened to bring her into conflict with the General Government. Mr. ADAMS, foreseeing that the District-Attorney at such a time would need to be a man of incorruptible integrity and firm purpose, requested Judge JOHNSON, of the Supreme Court, a South Carolinian, to name one fitted for this difficult position. Judge JOHNSON at once named Mr. MCALLISTER, whose prudent yet fearless course, true at once to the interests of his native State and of the government he served, gave him no reason to regret his choice. Absorbed in the interests of his professional career, Mr. MCALLISTER had resisted all inducements presented to lure him into political life, but the strong attachment he entertained for the Union made him one of the most devoted leaders of the party engaged in its defence, when nullification threatened its safety. The great ability he then showed in the support of the principles he had adopted, and the power with which he moved the minds of men, inspired the wish to see him occupy a place in the Senate of the United States; but highly as he would have valued such a position, he declined it from considerations of duty to his family. Mr. MCALLISTER continued a consistent and unwavering Democrat from his first vote, cast in 1833 for Gen. JACKSON, to the day of his death. In 1855, he was appointed United States Circuit Judge for California. Carrying there the energy and perseverance which had always marked his career, he spurned himself on to Herculean efforts, even when failing strength warned him to forbear. His court was scarcely closed for a single day in the year, and his opinions were prepared and written out with such care that they have been published by one of his sons without his revision, forming a most desirable volume for the use of his successors. The sequal is the oft repeated tale of the frail body sinking beneath the tasks undertaken by the heroic soul. The kind, warm heart has ceased to beat; the wit whose bright genial flashes will long be remembered is darkened forever; the most faithful to duty, private and public, has passed away, leaving a name tenderly cherished by his friends and honored by all. He married in early life Miss CUTLER, sister of Dr. CUTLER of the Episcopal Church. She survives with five sons and one daughter to mourn their irreparable loss.

[Advertisement.]

A NEW VOLUME.—THE ILLUSTRATED PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL commences its 43d vol. with the present January Number, which contains Rufus Choate, John Marshall, Sir Mathew Hale, John Bright, Flat-headed Indians, etc., with Portraits. The Two Paths—Sportraits; Character in Shaking Hands, illustrated; Influence of Mind on Body, Love and Lovers, Fore-seeing and Fore-knowing, Ghosts and Prophets, Heads and Hats, Dress and Disease, Engineering as a pursuit, New-York City, with engraved view; Advice to a Student, The Wolf and the Lamb, The Lion and the Mouse, The Ass and his Driver, The Dog and the Manger, etc., with upwards of 30 illustrations. A Pictorial double Number, 20 cents, or a year for $2. A capital New-Year's present. Address Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, N. Y.

[Advertisement.]

BURGLARS ABOUT.—Last night, midnight, the Alarm Telegraph in the residence of P. T. BARNUM, Esq., noisily announced that burglars were about. They had awakened the Bell Watchman, and everybody was soon afoot. Examination showed, by tracks in the soft ground, that three men had a fancy to ransack the premises. A sash on the south side of the house had been carelessly left unfastened. Driving it a few inches HOLMES' Alarm Telegraph clamorously gave notice, and the attempt at burglary was defeated. A second attempt may result in a smell of powder.—*Evening Standard, Dec. 14, Bridgeport, Conn.*

E. HOLMES, office No. 198 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

HOLIDAY GIFTS.—A superb assortment of embroidered toilet slippers, beds for ladies and gentlemen, as well as the usual attractive stock of articles of feet covering of all kinds, can be found at OANTRELL'S, at No. 343 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

HERRING'S Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and HERRING'S new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with HERRING & FLOYD'S Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]

We have received from Mr. JOHN H. TINGLEY, No. 152½ Fulton-street, New-York, a little box of "THE PROTEAN CARDS," with which upward of twenty most entertaining games can be played—some of which, we are confidently assured by private letter, are "games as are games." Wishing to form our own judgment, we have gone deep down into the mysteries of some of the games, and have already become an expert player of several of them. The cards are *not* regular playing cards, such as are used in Whist, Euchre, Old Sledge, Vingt-un and Poker; but they are moral cards—harmless cards—innocent cards—cards that may be played with propriety by church-members—cards that you can play with a party of ladies—cards that your children can take a hand at—and, withal, just as interesting to play with as the simonpure, and more suitable for a large party of ladies and gentlemen, assembled together of a Winter's evening.

There are games of every description that can be played with the PROTEAN CARDS; some that require the players to have their wits about them—some that require no wits at all. If, at an evening party, you are called upon to entertain a set of ladies and gentlemen who *have* wits, you have simply to select your game accordingly; while, if the case is *vice versa*, the easier games must be chosen. There is one thing that there is no mistake about: a box of the PROTEAN CARDS is a very handy thing to have about the house, especially after tea in the long, cold Winter nights, when some friends drop in to sit an hour or two, eat nuts, drink egg-nogg, playing meanwhile some amusing little game. We indorse everything favorable that has been said about the PROTEAN CARDS, and we are so proud of our expertness in playing some of the games, that we are ready to take a hand even against Mr. JOHN H. TINGLEY himself.

[Advertisement.]

A Remarkable combination of qualities is to be found in the new style of Hat for the season, introduced by the famous KNOX, of No. 212 Broadway, under the Prescott House, and No. 191 Fulton-st., second door from Broadway. It is a remarkable specimen of Hat architecture, the quality of the material is very superior, and the article itself is neat, elegant and very becoming. All gentlemen of taste will undoubtedly patronize KNOX'S new style.

[Advertisement.]

HOLIDAYS.—Number your residences. Glass letters and numbers, richly gilded; stylish, durable and economical. Door and number plates, frames, gilding, &c. No. 107 Fulton-st.

MARRIED.

ILSLEY—ROSE.—In Madison, N. J., on Thursday, Dec. 21, by Rev. A. Mandell, Mr. FRANCIS L. ILSLEY, of Newark, N. J., and Miss HARRIET N., daughter of the late Charles Rose, of the former place.

MAUGER—REECE.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, Dec. 21, by Rev. Robert Lowry, EDWARD G. MAUGER and Mrs. ELLEN REECE, both of that city.

WELLINGTON—BLANCHARD.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Dec. 20, by Rev. Henry Blanchard, Mr. LUTHER B. WELLINGTON and Miss SUSIE K. BLANCHARD, both of Brooklyn.

DIED.

BURROWS.—On Thursday night, Dec. 21, at the residence of her son-in-law, W. Parr, Williamsburgh, ELIZABETH BURROWS, aged 78 years.

The funeral will take place from Christ Church, Bedford-av., at 2 P. M. this day, (Saturday.)

CAMPBELL.—On Thursday evening, Dec. 21, after a brief illness, LAWRENCE, youngest son of the late John Campbell, of this city.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the Church of the Incarnation, corner of 35th-st. and Madison-av., on Sunday, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., without further invitation.

CLAFLIN.—Of consumption, OSMOND H. CLAFLIN, aged 21 years and 9 days.

Remains taken to Connecticut for interment.

COMBE.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Dec. 21, SARAH M., the beloved wife of Samuel H. Combe, in the 54th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 166½ Essex-st., on Sunday afternoon, Dec. 24, at 2 o'clock.

EASTMAN.—On Thursday, Dec. 21, ELLA P., daughter of T. C. and Lucy P. Eastman, aged 17 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are particularly invited to attend the funeral, at the Church of the Messiah, Madison-av. and 28th-st., on Saturday, the 23d inst., at 1 P. M.

HANNA.—On Thursday, Dec. 21, of measles, MARY LEONORA, daughter of John and Anna Hanna, aged 2 years, 4 months and 7 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her parents, No. 336 Sackett-st., Brooklyn, on Sunday, the 24th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

MCLEAN.—Suddenly, in Brooklyn, on Thursday morning, Dec. 21, THOMAS M. MCLEAN, in the 67th year of his age.

The friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 271 Union-st., on Sunday next, at 2 o'clock P. M., without further notice.

PARSONS.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, Dec. 22, MEHITABLE, relict of Frederick Turner Parsons, in the 62d year of her age.

Funeral services will be held at Grace Church, Brooklyn Heights, on Sunday, at 2½ o'clock. Remains will be taken to Goshen, N. Y., for interment.

PERRY.—At Dover Plains, N. Y., on Thursday morning, Dec. 21, GEORGE M. PERRY.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at Dover Plains, on Sunday, the 24th inst. Cars leave Harlem Railroad depot, corner of 4th-av. and 26th-st., on Saturday at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.

REQUA.—At Peekskill, on Saturday, Nov. 25, CHARLES M. REQUA, in the 42d year of his age.

RULL.—On Friday, Dec. 22, Hon. ARCHIBALD RULL, formerly of Troy, N. Y., aged 71 years.

Funeral this day at 3 P. M. from No. 28 University-place, northwest corner.

RUSHMORE.—On Thursday evening, Dec. 21, ELLA FLORENCE, only daughter of Charles and Ella E. Rushmore, aged 1 year and 7 months.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, on Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 151 Fort Greene-place, Brooklyn.

SAWYER.—On Monday morning, Dec. 18, Hr. RUSSAWYER, aged 64 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Sunday, at 2 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, No. 88 Willoughby-st., Brooklyn.

SEAFER.—At Hoboken, N. J., on Wednesday, Dec. 20, IDA T., wife of Mr. John J. Staffer, aged 26 years.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend her funeral, on Sunday, the 24th inst., at 12 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 318 Bloomfield-st., Hoboken, N. J.

TRAPPALL.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Dec. 20, JAMES D., son of John and Leah Trappall, in the 22d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also those of his brother-in-law, Isaac Carbert, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, on Sunday afternoon, at 1½ o'clock, from Carbert's, M. E. Church, near Myrtle.

WEEKS.—In Brooklyn, on Friday evening, Dec. 22, V. D. W. WEEKS, in the 46th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

Passengers Arrived.

In steamship Corsica, from Nassau and Havana—Edward Verdon, Robert E. Hutchinson, Robert A. Boyd, J. S. Hamlin, Capt. Shas. Turner, Capt. Geo. Bush, Rev. J. Davey, M. F. Turley, and 3 deck passengers.

DEC. 22—*In steamship Peruvian, from Liverpool*—Mr. and Mrs. Lemseni, Eloise Lemseni, Mr. O'Connor, Mr. Douglass.

MINIATURE ALMANAC THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 7 21 | Sun sets..... 4 37 | Moon sets....10 38

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 11 11 | Gov. Island.12 00 | Hell Gate..... 1 22

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK.....FRIDAY, Dec. 22.

Cleared.

Steamships Montezuma, (Br.,) Hamshaw, Kingston, Jam., Howland & Aspinwall; City of Boston, (Br.,) Kennedy, Liverpool, J. G. Dale; Teutonia, (Hamb.,) Haack, Hamburg, Kunhardt & Co.; Fulton, Wotton, Havre, Wm. Bell.

Ships Resolute, Harris, Liverpool, Williams & Guion; St. Andrew, (Br.,) Rosmeyer, Cork, via Philadelphia; Ontario, Hosmer, Liverpool, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.; Lady Bowen, (Br.,) Livingston, Sydney, N. S. W., R. W. Cameron.

Barks Carlton, Trecartin, Mobile, Brett, Son & Co.; Montezuma, Hammond, Barbados, T. T. Dwight; Jos. Enoas, Grosenich, Demerara, Jos. Enoas.

Brigs Cyclone, (Br.,) McDonald, Vera Cruz, F. Alexandre & Son; Albatross, (Br.,) Burchard, St. John, N. B., Newman & Peters; Belle, (Br.,) Orange, St. John, N. B., D. R. De Wolf & Co.; Sarah Peters, Lord, Trinidad, Cuba, C. & E. J. Peters.

Schooners R. M. Clark, Clark, New-Haven, M. Briggs & Co.; Malabar, Welch, Norwich, Bentley, Smith & Co.; Isaac Baker, Fervier, Wilmington, N. C., Crowell & Paine; Amanda Gurion, Wolfe, Galveston, Penix Bros.; Pointer, —, Providence, G. N. Stranahan; John Linthal, Martin, Newbern, Bentley, Smith & Co.; Siak, Ingalls, Charleston, Brown & Vanderbilt; Charmer, Borgfeldt, Galveston, Murray & Nephew; Carrie, Davis, Cienfuegos.

Arrived.

Steamship Corsica, (Br.,) Le Messurier, Havana Dec. 15, via Nassau 18th, with mdse. and passengers to E. Cunard. Dec. 22, at 9:45 A. M., 10 miles S. of Barnegat, passed within 2 miles of a schooner, with loss of bowsprit, bound N., but without any signal flying; at 10:30 A. M., she being about 5 miles on port quarter, showed ensign, union down; bore up and put back to her, when she proved to be the J. D. Cranmer, of New-York, loaded with fire-wood, and on being hailed, stated he wished to be towed, but as she had a fair wind, carrying all sail, and not in distress, declined doing so, and proceeded on voyage.

Steamship Peruvian, (Br.,) Ballantine, Liverpool Dec. 7, via Londonderry 8th, and Portland 20th, with mdse. and 313 passengers to Cunard & Guion, &c. Dec.